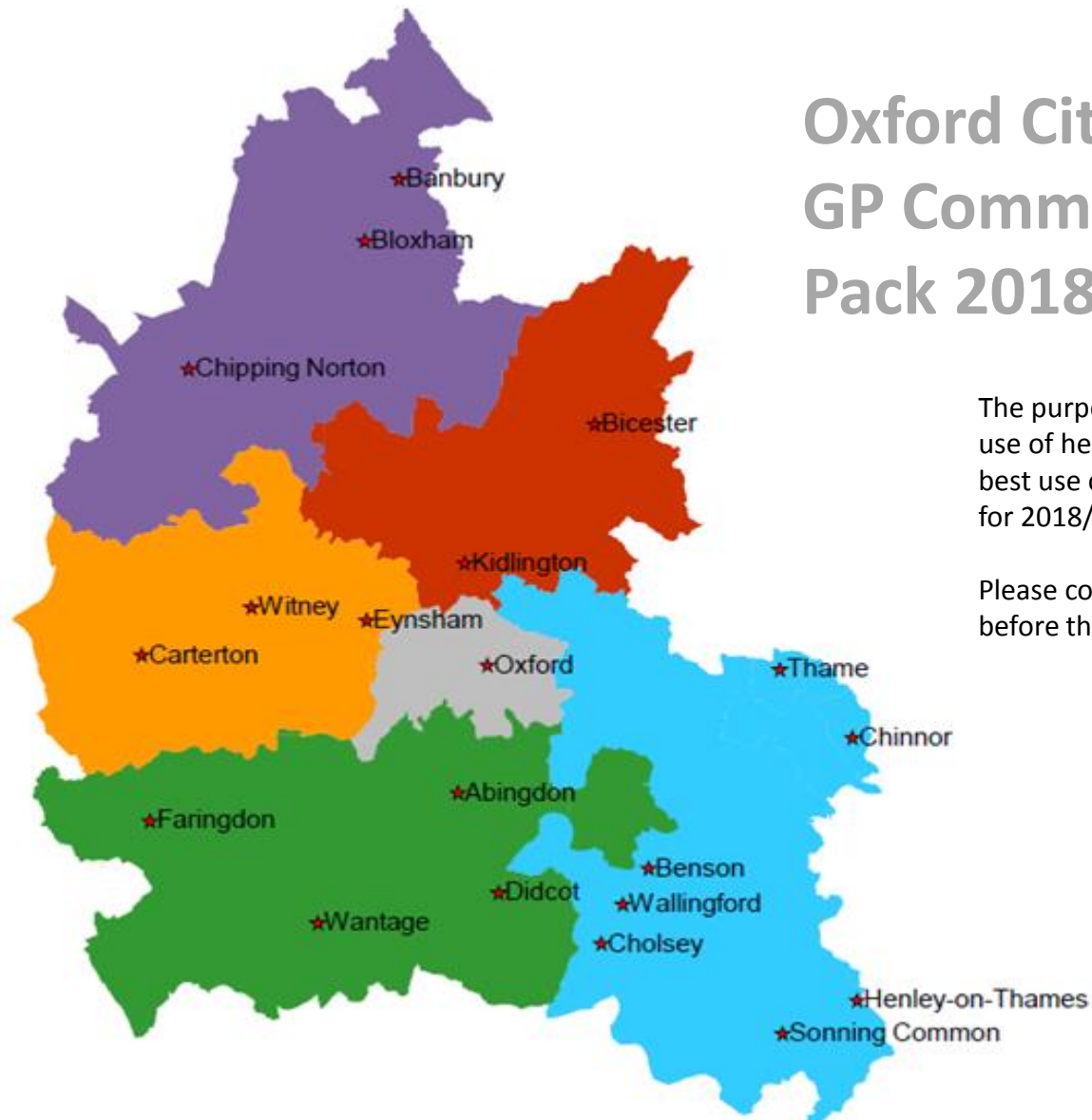


# Oxford City Locality Group GP Commissioning Support Pack 2018-19



The purpose of this pack is to aid discussion around the use of healthcare services in order to help practices make best use of local resources and identify practice priorities for 2018/19.

Please complete the separate commissioning checklist before the Practice Commissioning Pack (PCP) meeting.

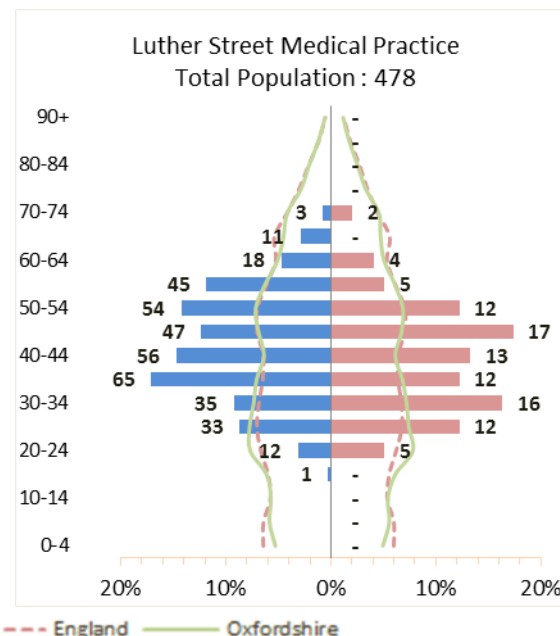
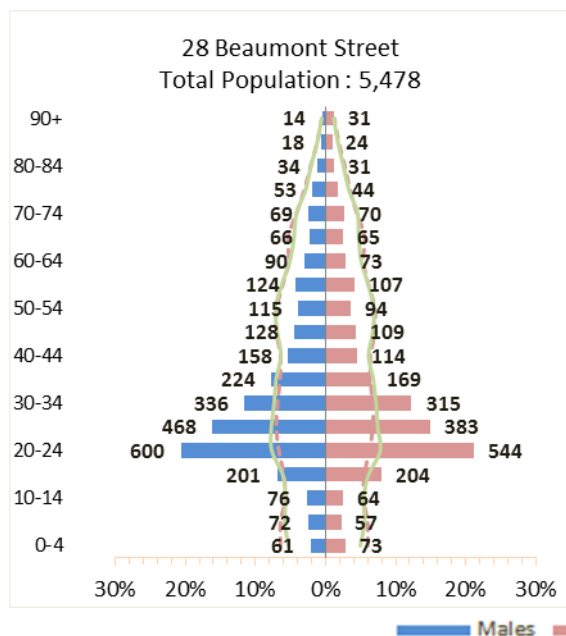
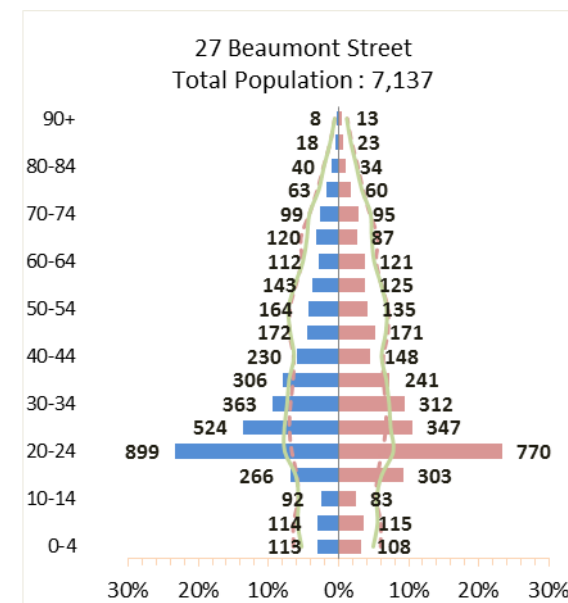
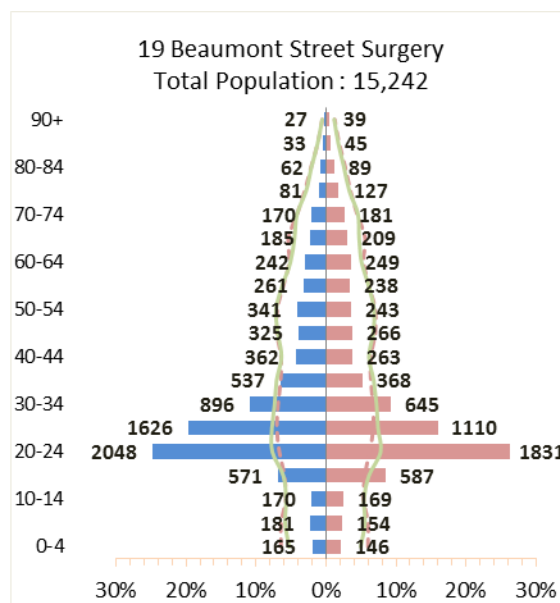
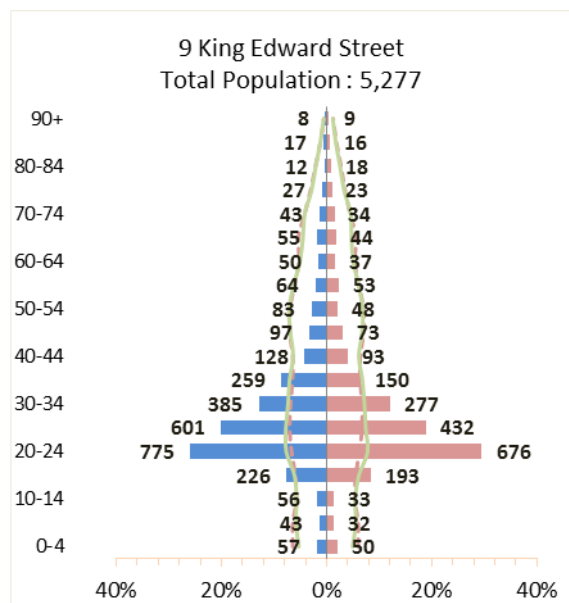


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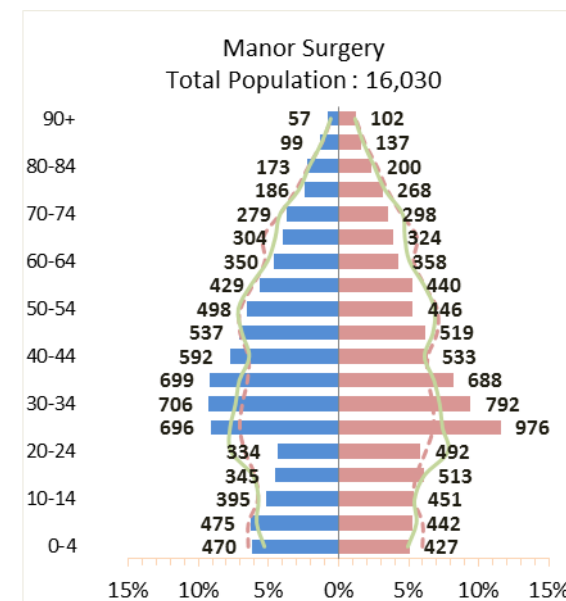
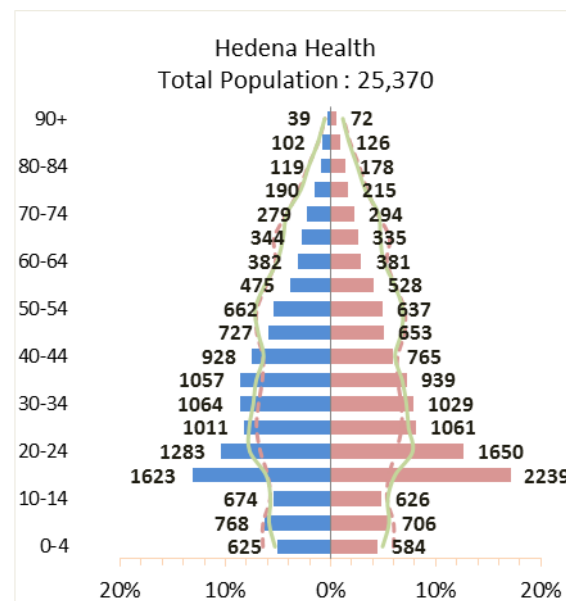
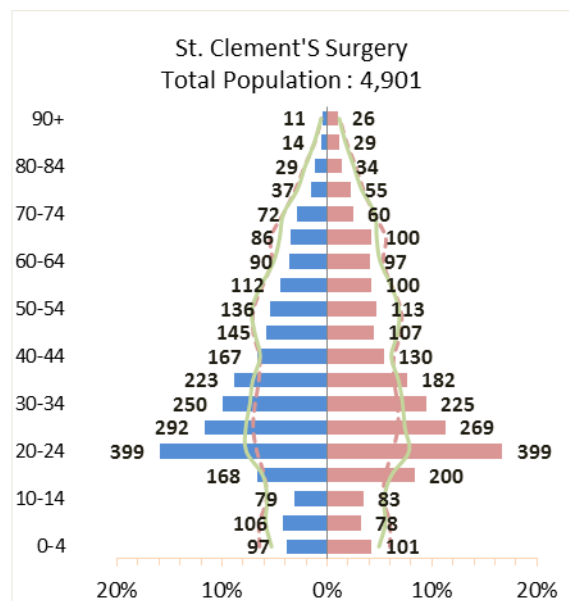
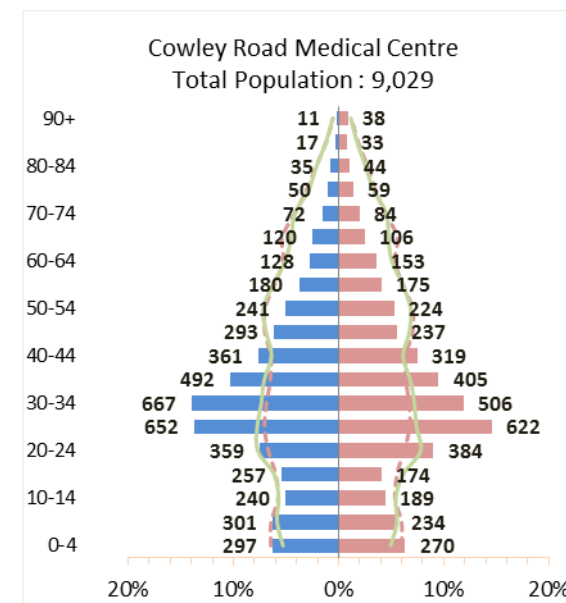
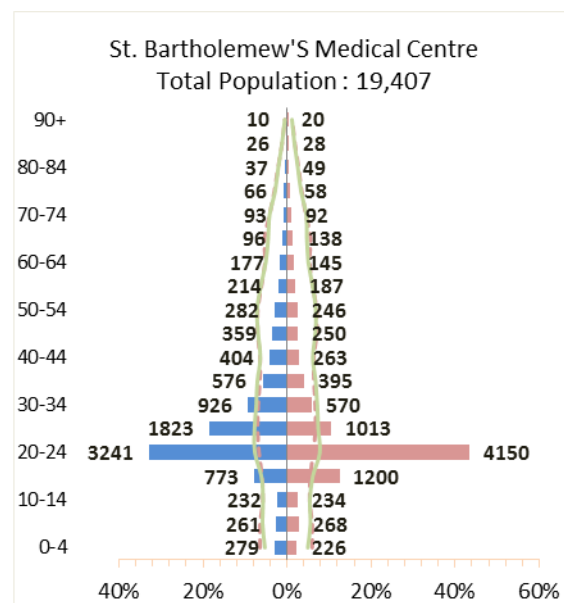
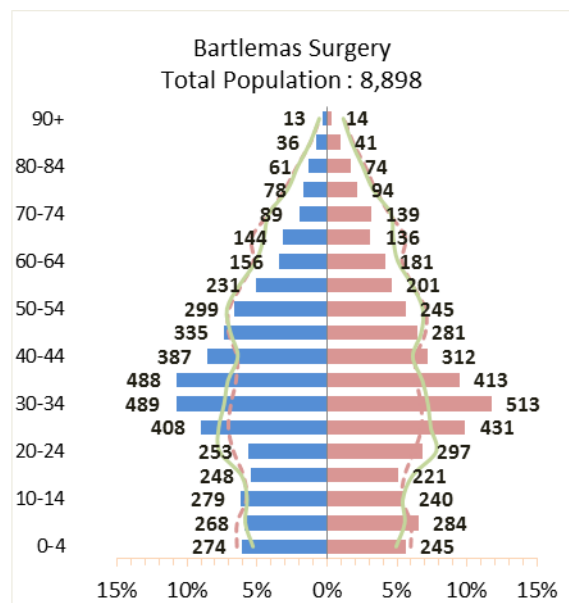
# Oxford City Locality Practice Population Profiles at April 2018

The charts below show age and gender distribution by percentage and actual numbers per practice



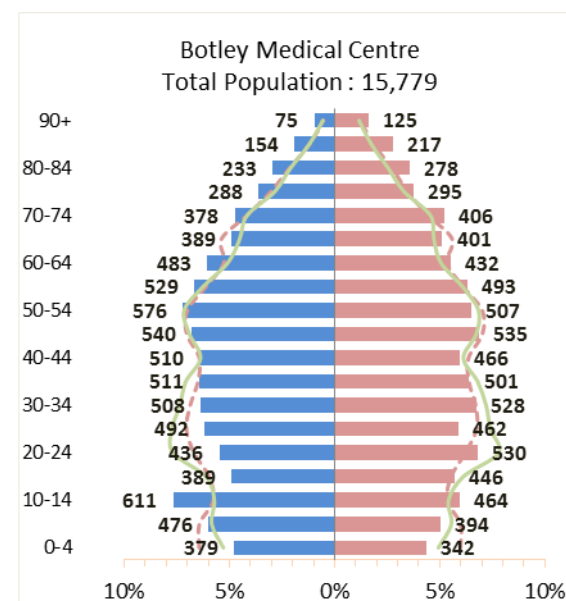
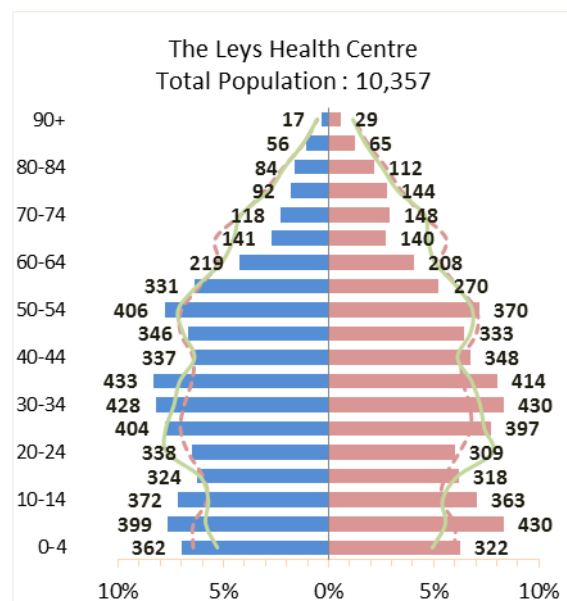
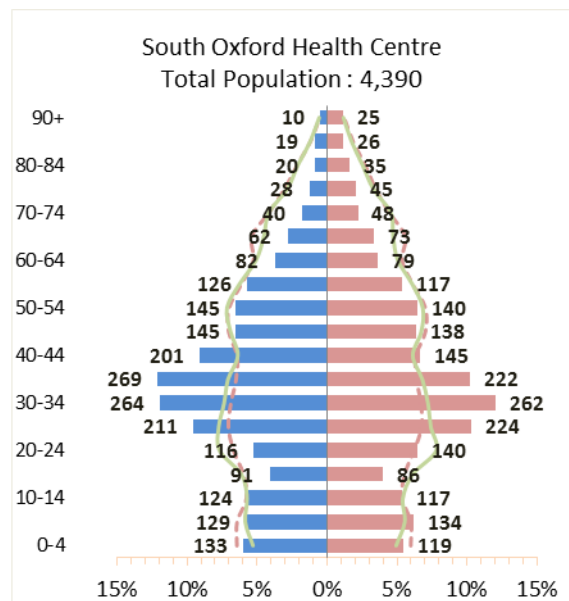
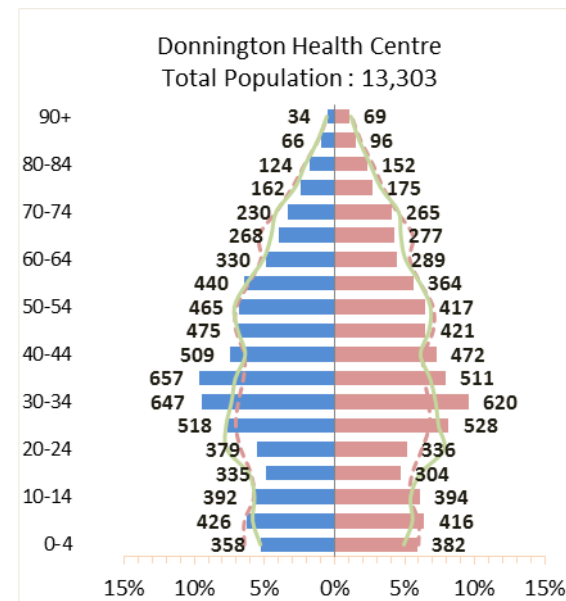
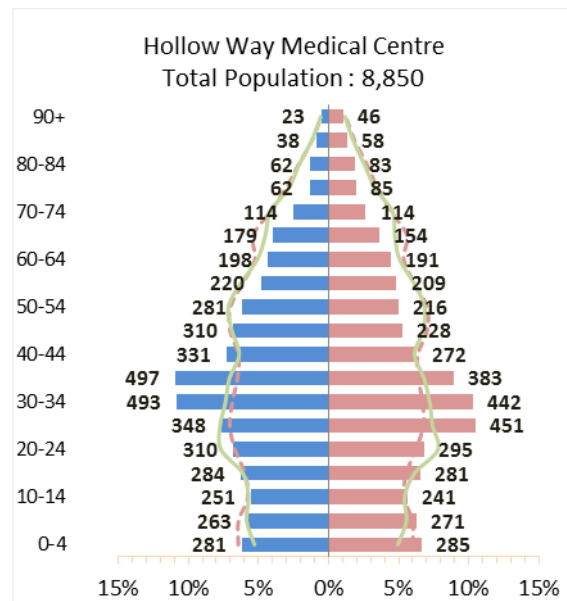
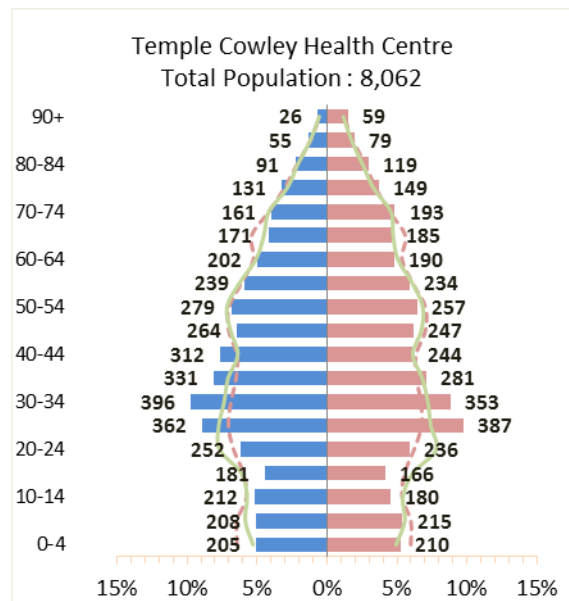
# Oxford City Locality Practice Population Profiles at April 2018

The charts below show age and gender distribution by percentage and actual numbers per practice



# Oxford City Locality Practice Population Profiles at April 2018

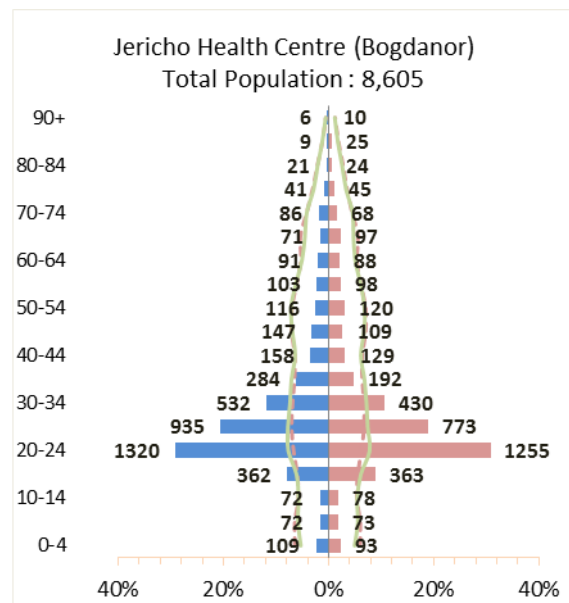
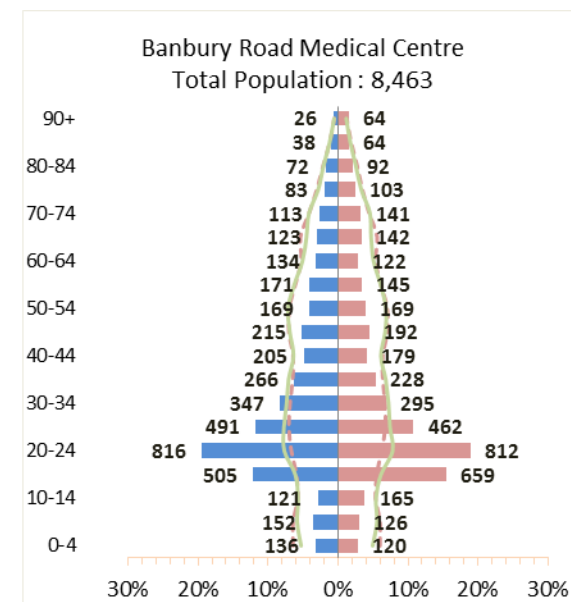
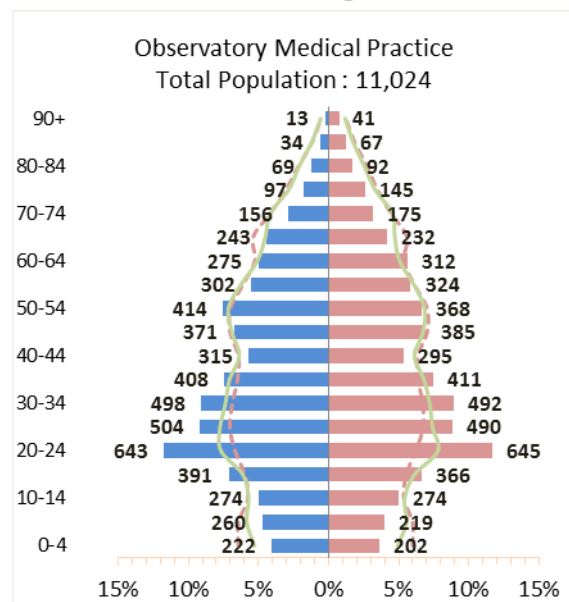
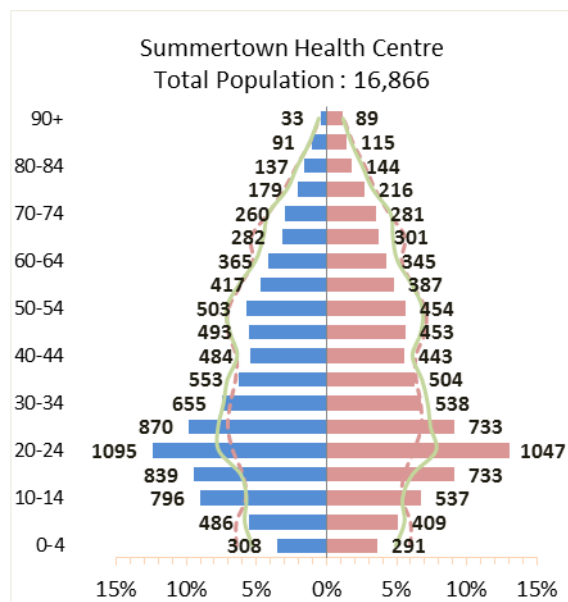
The charts below show age and gender distribution by percentage and actual numbers per practice



# Oxford City Locality Practice Population Profiles at April 2018

The charts below show age and gender distribution by percentage and actual numbers per practice

— Males — Female - - - - England — Oxfordshire



# Housing and Population growth estimates –next 5-10yrs

Forecast number of homes to be built in this area in the next 10 years , plus their estimated occupancy

Cluster	2018/19 Housing Growth	2019/20 Housing Growth	2020/21 Housing Growth	2021/22 Housing Growth	2022/23 Housing Growth	5 year Housing Growth Total	*5 yr Population growth Total	2023/24 Housing Growth	2024/25 Housing Growth	2025/26 Housing Growth	2026/27 Housing Growth	2027/28 Housing Growth	10 year Housing Growth Total	*10 yr Population growth Total
Central	82	105	156	109	60	512	1,229	76	60	60	60	64	832	1,997
East Oxford	46	25	10	10	45	136	326	45	52	40	55	10	338	811
Headington	189	138	110	205	185	827	1,985	221	120	147	10	111	1,436	3,446
North Oxford	50	167	160	150	178	705	1,692	178	145	90	60	60	1,238	2,971
South & West	134	335	274	255	227	1,224	2,938	148	107	107	107	107	1,800	4,320
South East	214	369	241	294	247	1,365	3,276	165	125	173	60	10	1,898	4,555
Total	715	1,139	951	1,023	942	4,769	11,446	833	609	617	352	362	7,542	18,101

\*Assumes average of 2.4 people per dwelling

Data sourced from Oxis Oxfordshire County Council January 2018

# Estimated IMD Scores for GP Practices based on where registered patients live

MOST  
DEPRIVED

E  
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A  
T  
E  
D  
  
I  
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D  
  
S  
C  
O  
R  
E

LEAST  
DEPRIVED

■ North
 ■ North East
 ■ Oxford City
 ■ South East
 ■ South West
 ■ West
 — CCG Average

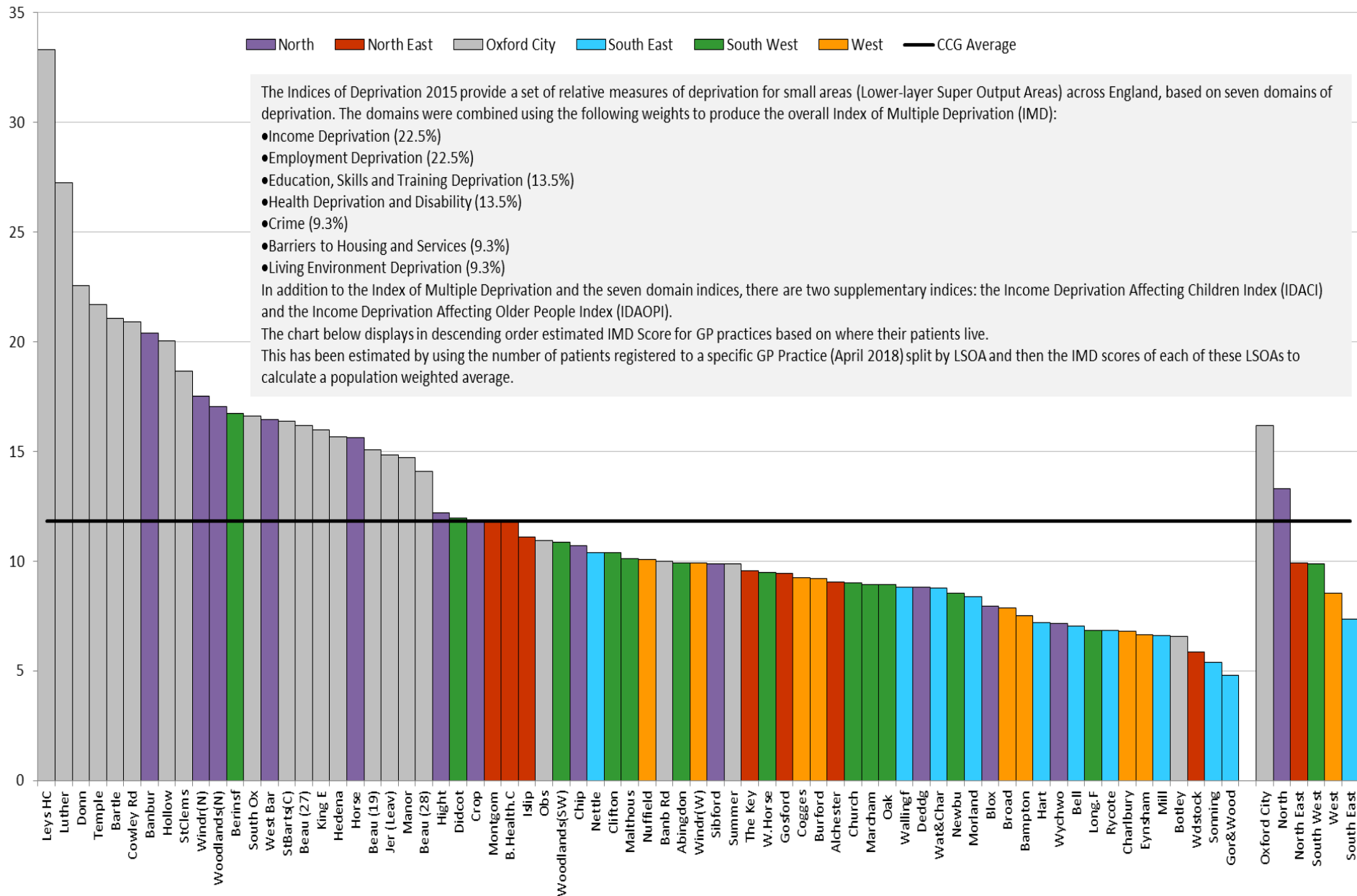
The Indices of Deprivation 2015 provide a set of relative measures of deprivation for small areas (Lower-layer Super Output Areas) across England, based on seven domains of deprivation. The domains were combined using the following weights to produce the overall Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD):

- Income Deprivation (22.5%)
- Employment Deprivation (22.5%)
- Education, Skills and Training Deprivation (13.5%)
- Health Deprivation and Disability (13.5%)
- Crime (9.3%)
- Barriers to Housing and Services (9.3%)
- Living Environment Deprivation (9.3%)

In addition to the Index of Multiple Deprivation and the seven domain indices, there are two supplementary indices: the Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) and the Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI).

The chart below displays in descending order estimated IMD Score for GP practices based on where their patients live.

This has been estimated by using the number of patients registered to a specific GP Practice (April 2018) split by LSOA and then the IMD scores of each of these LSOAs to calculate a population weighted average.



# JSNA Locality Area Summary 2018

## Area Summary

According to ONS 2016 mid-year estimates, there were 181,260 people in the City locality. Of these, 3,596 (2.0%) were aged 85+ and 10,138 (5.6%) were aged 0-4 years.

Approximately 11% of households in this locality are estimated to be in fuel poverty. The highest proportions of fuel poverty are in St. Mary's, St. Clement's and Iffley Fields. Lowest proportions are in Yarnton, Gosford & Water Eaton, Cumnor, and Northfield Brook.

There are 28 care homes with 997 care home beds in the Oxford City Locality. Cumnor has the highest provision with 205 beds across 5 care homes. Ten wards have no care home beds.



## GP Practices in Oxford City locality

K Code	Practice Name	Registered patients
K84004	Donnington Medical Partnership	13,606
K84007	Temple Cowley Health Centre	7,959
K84009	Hedena Health	23,114
K84011	Summertown Medical Group	16,273
K84013	St Bartholomew's Medical Centre	19,211
K84016	19 Beaumont Street Surgery	14,575
K84021	Banbury Road Medical Centre	8,018
K84025	Botley Medical Centre	9,628
K84026	Observatory Medical Practice	11,012
K84031	The Leys Health Centre	10,744
K84032	Bartlemas Surgery	9,034
K84044	Manor Surgery	15,660
K84048	Hollow Way Medical Centre	8,627
K84049	27 Beaumont Street Surgery	6,910
K84060	St Clements Surgery	4,742
K84063	Cowley Road Medical Practice	8,465
K84066	Luther Street Medical Centre	458
K84078	Jericho Health Centre	7,694
K84080	28 Beaumont Street Surgery	5,113
K84605	King Edward Street Surgery	4,897
K84617	South Oxford Health Centre	4,172

There are 209,912 registered patients at GP practices within Oxford City locality. Of this patient population, 1.6% (3,319 patients)\* are aged 85 and over, compared to 2.3% in OCCG overall. Practices with the highest proportion of patients aged 85 and over are Botley Medical Centre (2.9%) and Temple Cowley Health Centre (2.7%).

The proportion of registered patient population aged 0-4 years in Oxford City locality is 4.6% (9,715 patients)\*, compared to 5.3% in OCCG overall. Practices with the highest proportion of patients aged 0-4 are The Leys Health Centre (7.33%), Cowley Road Medical Centre (6.5%) and Hollow Way Medical Centre (6.44%).

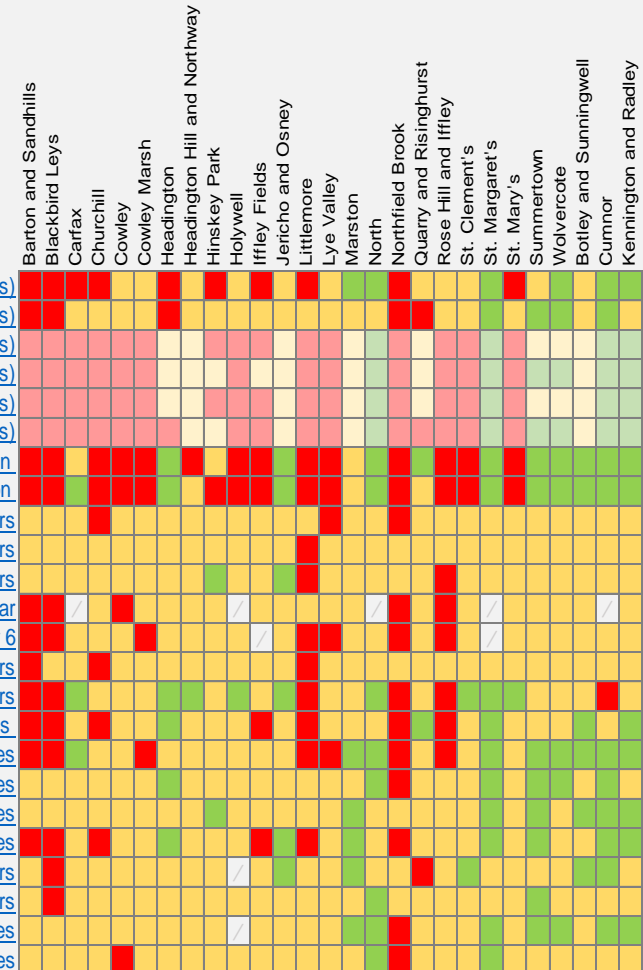
\* Calculated excluding Luther Street Medical Centre

## Tartan Rug

Data are shown at ward level for ward boundaries in place in 2016.

Health state life expectancy indicators use ward boundaries in place prior to 2016 which may be different from current boundaries and cause discrepancies in the tartan rug. These indicators are shown in a paler colour scheme.

[Life expectancy at birth \(Males\)](#)  
[Life expectancy at birth \(Females\)](#)  
[Healthy life expectancy at birth \(Males\)](#)  
[Healthy life expectancy at birth \(Females\)](#)  
[Disability-free life expectancy at birth \(Males\)](#)  
[Disability-free life expectancy at birth \(Females\)](#)  
[Income deprivation affecting children](#)  
[Income deprivation](#)  
[Good level of development at 5 years](#)  
[Hospital admissions for injury, ages 0-4 years](#)  
[Emergency hospital admissions, ages 0-4 years](#)  
[Obesity: Reception year](#)  
[Obesity: Year 6](#)  
[Hospital admissions for injury, ages 0-14 years](#)  
[Hospital admissions for injury, ages 15-24 years](#)  
[Hospital admissions for self-harm, all ages](#)  
[Emergency hospital admissions for COPD, all ages](#)  
[Emergency hospital admissions for CHD, all ages](#)  
[Emergency hospital admissions for Stroke, all ages](#)  
[Hospital admissions for alcohol-related harm, all ages](#)  
[Deaths from all cancers, age under 75 years](#)  
[Deaths from CHD, age under 75 years](#)  
[Deaths from respiratory diseases, all ages](#)  
[Deaths from stroke, all ages](#)



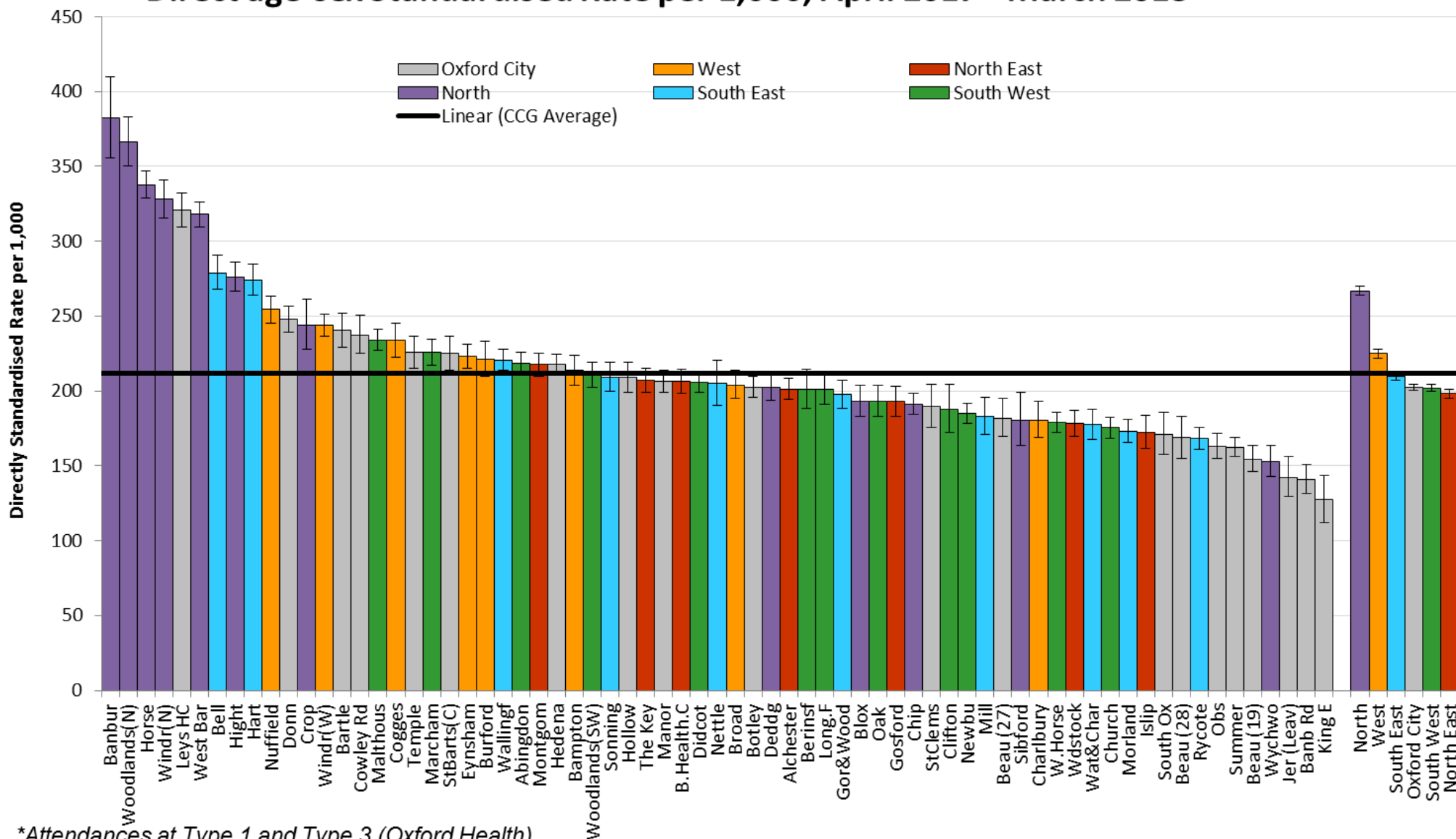
In the City locality, wards with the most indicators worse than Oxfordshire or England are Northfield Brook, Blackbird Leys, Barton and Sandhills, and Littlemore. These wards have no indicators significantly better than average.

Eight out of twenty-seven wards have no indicators worse than average: Jericho and Osney; Marston; North; St. Margaret's; Summertown; Wolvercote; Botley and Sunningwell; and Kennington and Radley.

The indicators with the most wards worse than average are health state life expectancies and deprivation indicators.

# Urgent Care - A&E and MIU Attendances

## Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018

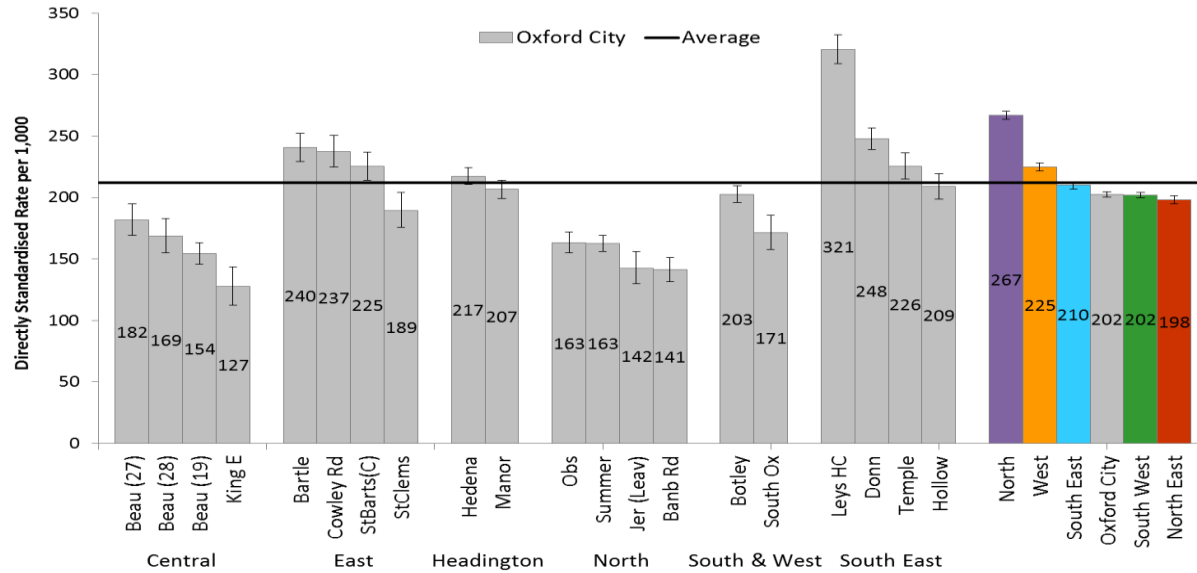


\*Attendances at Type 1 and Type 3 (Oxford Health)  
A&E Depts only  
Luther Street excluded due to low population

Source: SUS Data as at March 2018  
Population Data: April 2018

## Urgent Care - A&E and MIU Attendances

### Directly age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018

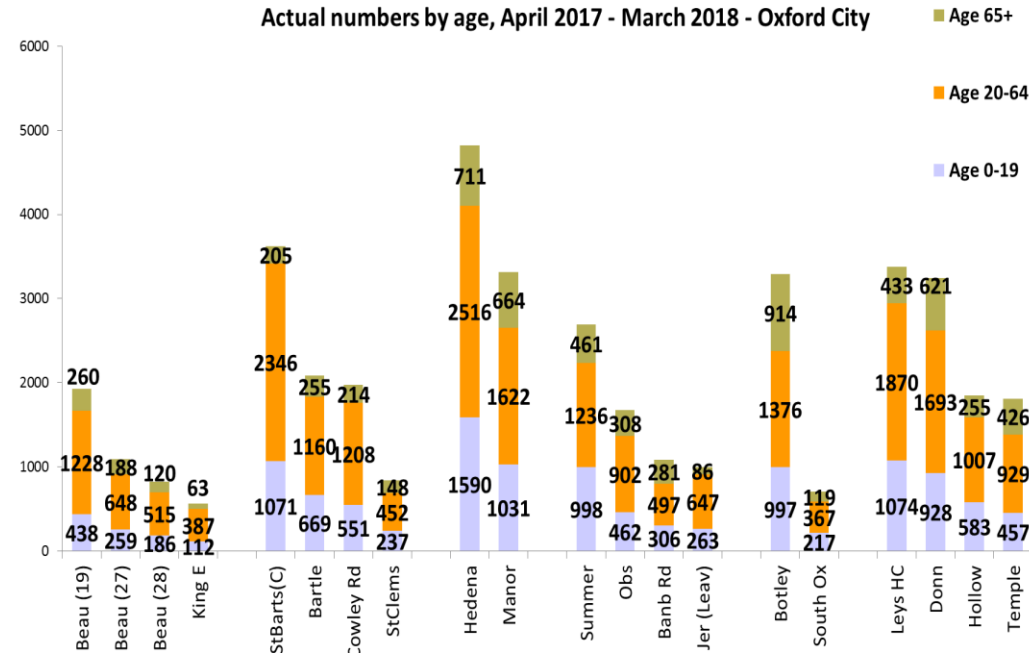


### Notes about the data

- The comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate per 1,000 of Types 1 & 3 **A&E & MIU Attendances** across the county for the period between April 2017 and March 2018. The chart demonstrates each individual practice rate as well as each locality rate and the CCG average.
- The chart to the left is the age-sex standardised Locality specific version.
- The two charts at the bottom of the page from left to right demonstrate actual numbers and rate per 1,000 population of Types 1 & 3 A&E attendances for each individual practice, split by age group.
- The final chart shows the percentage split of these attendances between types 1 & 3 at each practice and locality.

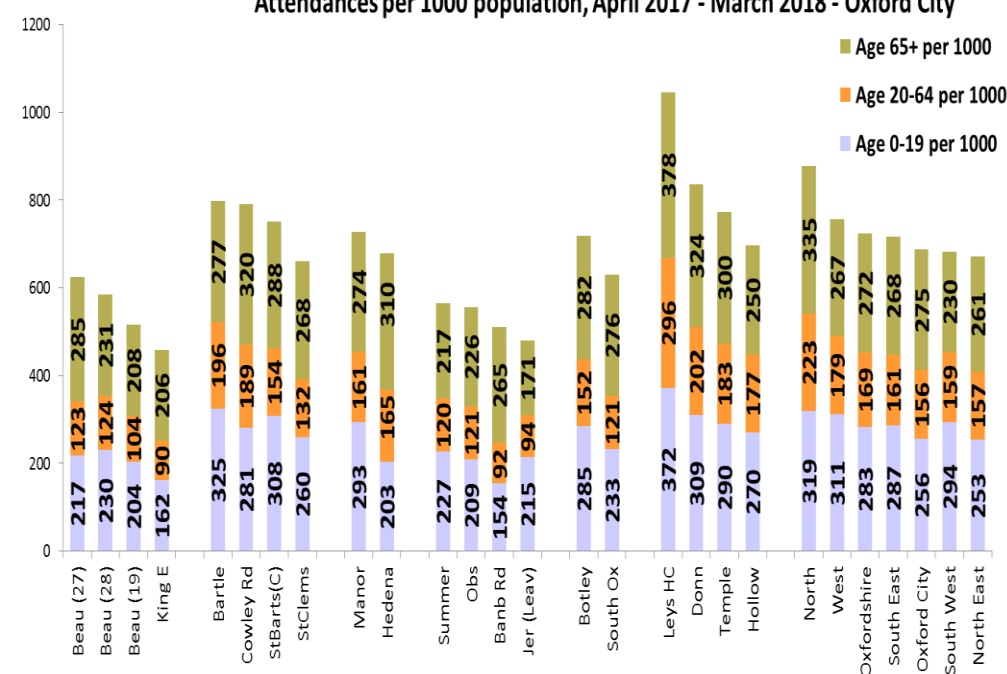
### Urgent Care - A&E and MIU Attendances

#### Actual numbers by age, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



### Urgent Care - A&E and MIU Attendances

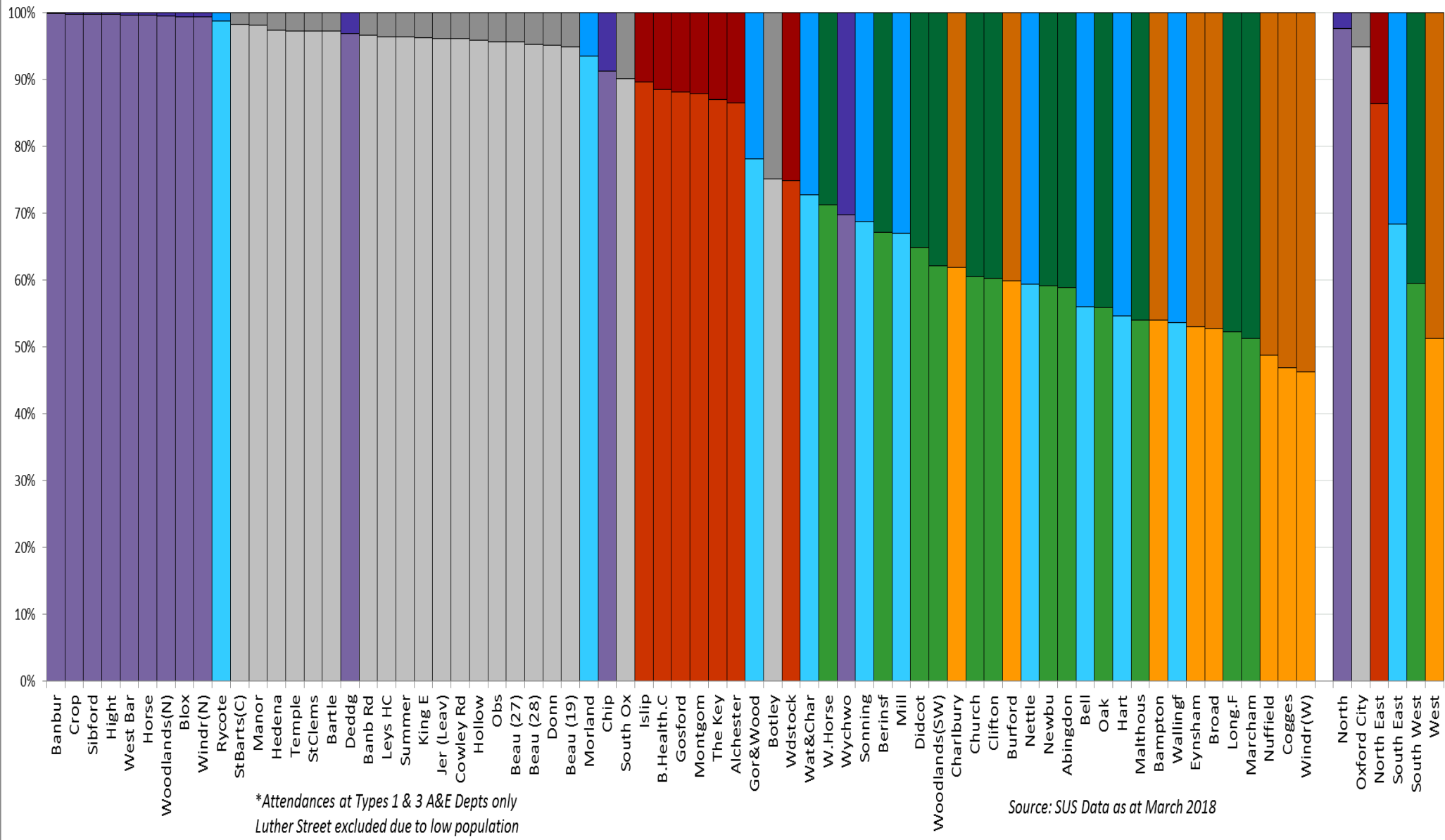
#### Attendances per 1000 population, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



# Urgent Care - A&E (Light) and MIU (Dark) Attendances\*

## Percentage of A&E attendances, April 2017 - March 2018

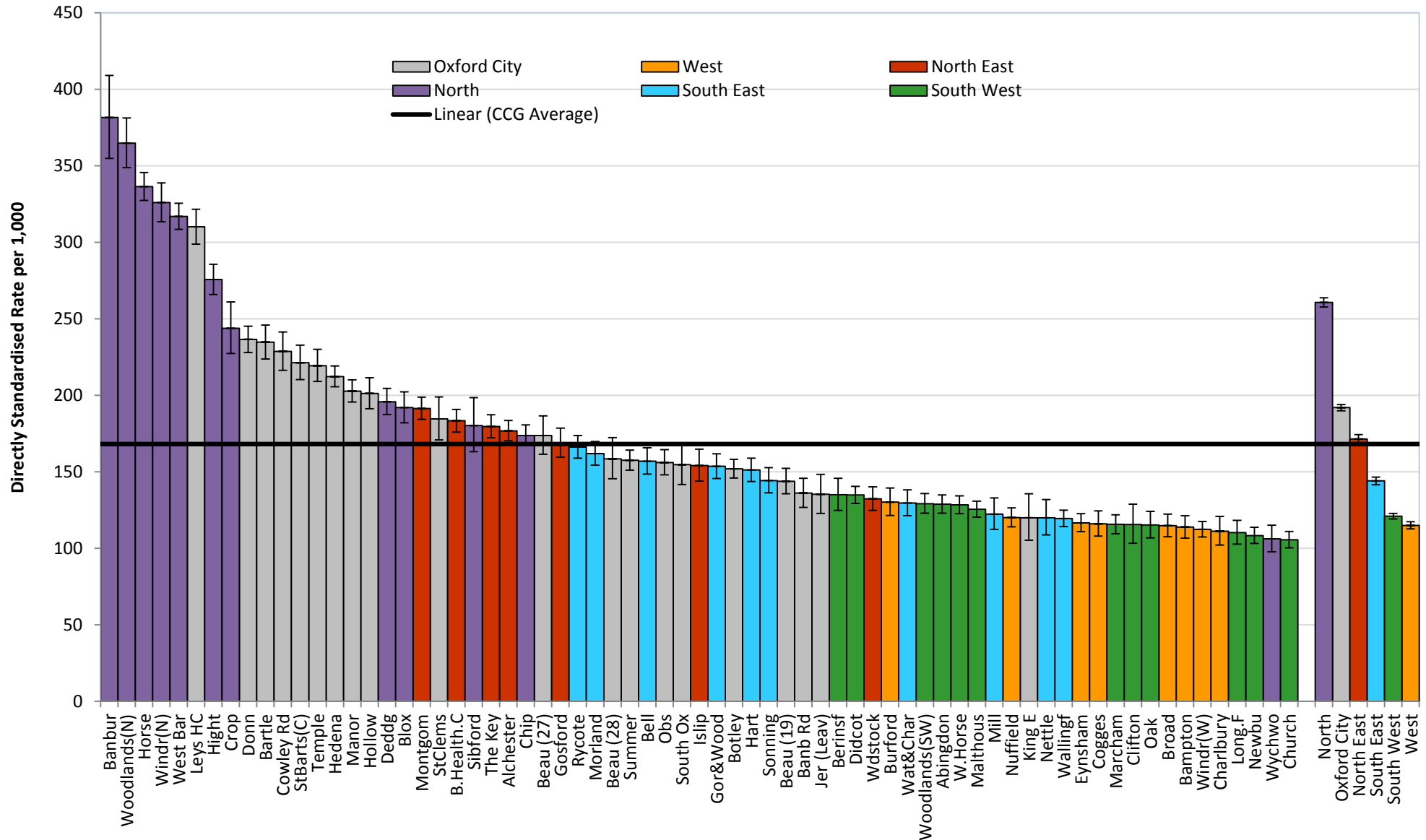
North North East Oxford City South East South West West



Blank page to space the charts evenly

# Urgent Care - A&E Attendances Not MIU

## Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018

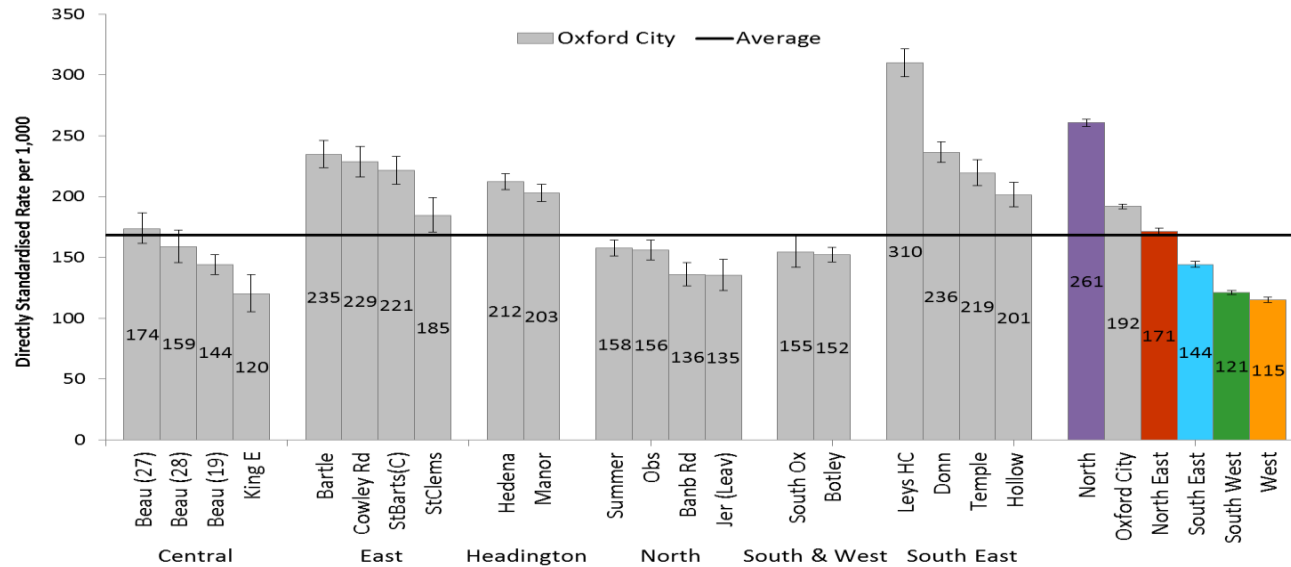


Attendances at Type 1 A&E Depts only  
Luther Street excluded due to low population

Source: SUS Data as at March 2018  
Population Data: April 2018

## Urgent Care - A&E Attendances

### Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018

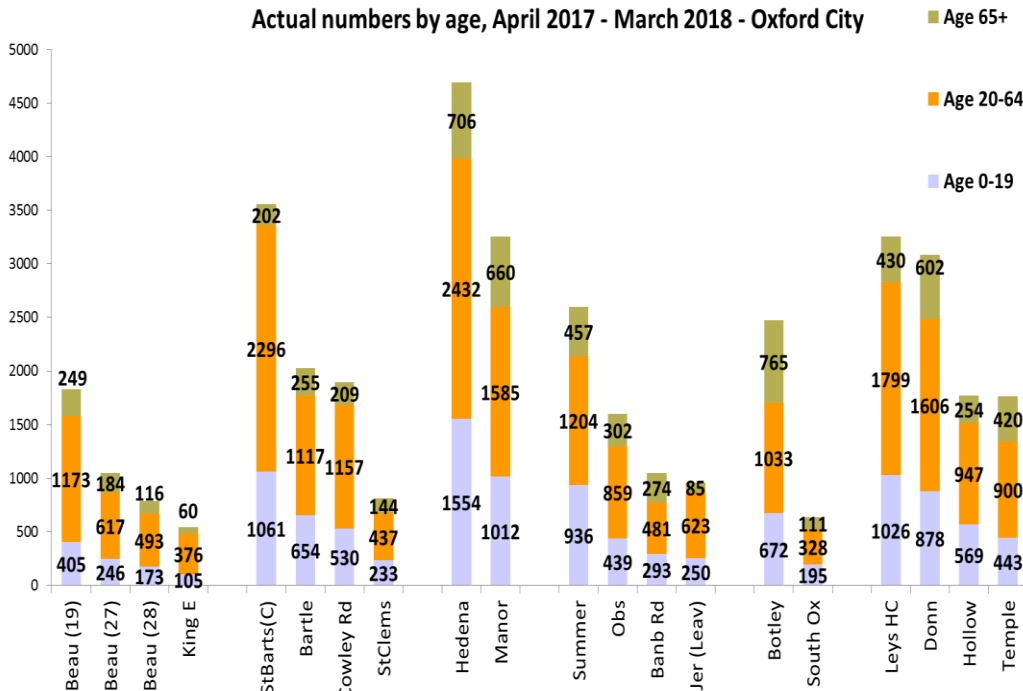


## Notes about the data

- The comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate per 1,000 of **A&E Attendances** across the county for the period between April 2017 and March 2018. The chart demonstrates each individual practice rate as well as each locality rate and the CCG average.
- The chart to the left is the age-sex standardised Locality specific version.
- The two charts at the bottom of the page from left to right demonstrate actual numbers and rate per 1,000 population of Urgent Care **A&E Attendances** for each individual practice, split by age group.

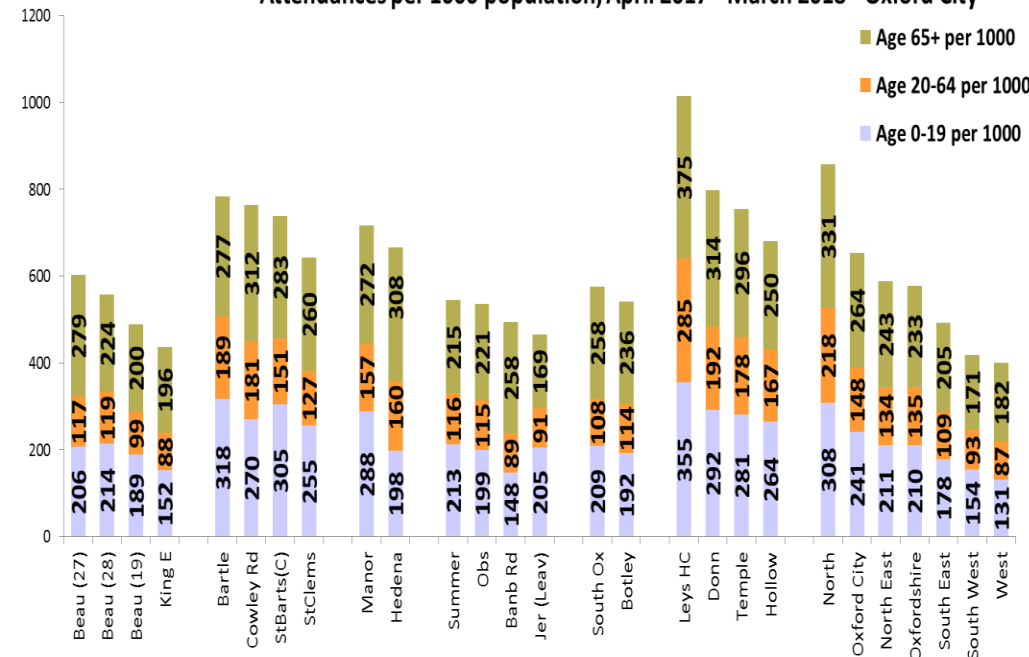
## Urgent Care - A&E Attendances

### Actual numbers by age, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



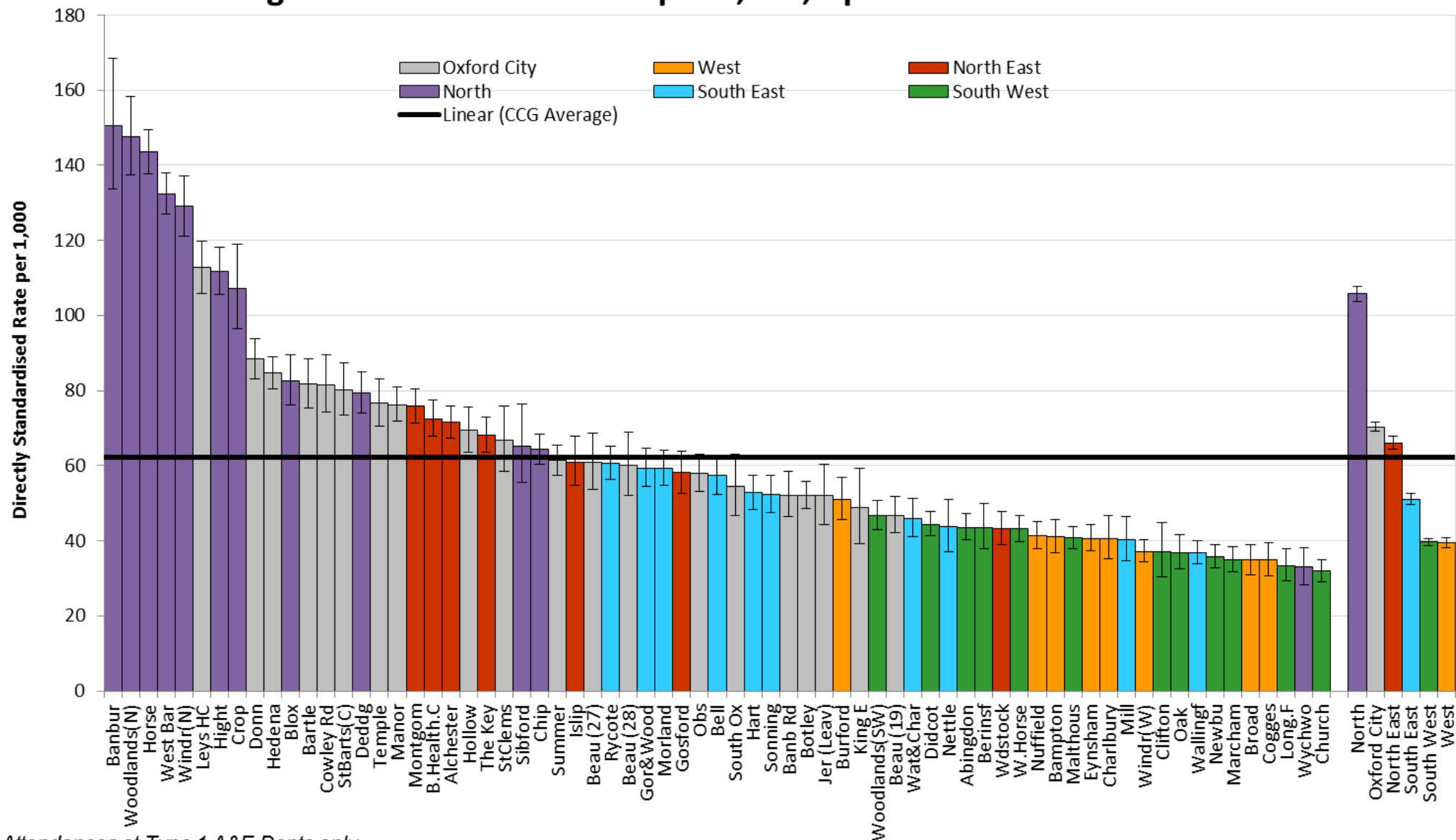
## Urgent Care - A&E Attendances

### Attendances per 1000 population, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



# Urgent Care - In Hours (08:00-18:30) A&E Attendances

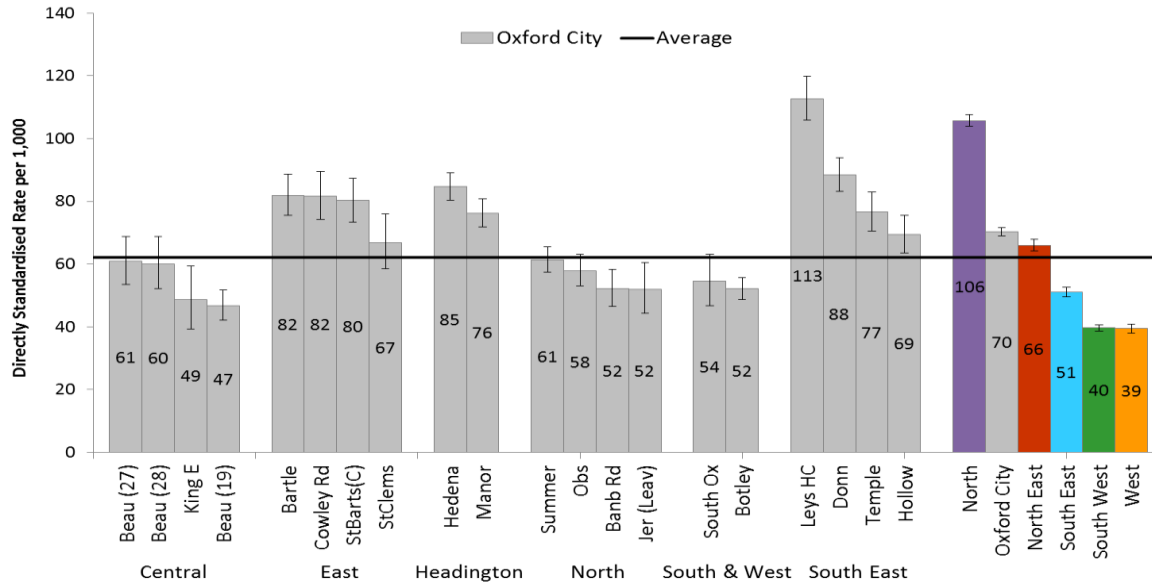
## Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



Attendances at Type 1 A&E Depts only  
Luther Street excluded due to low population

Source: SUS Data as at March 2018  
Population Data: April 2018

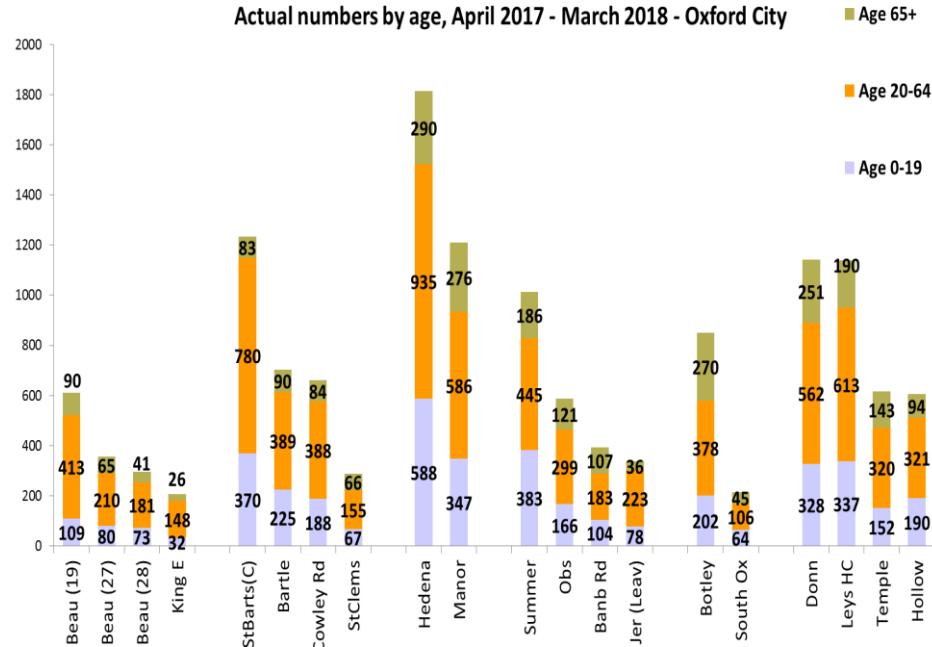
# Urgent Care - In Hours (08:00-18:30) A&E Attendances Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



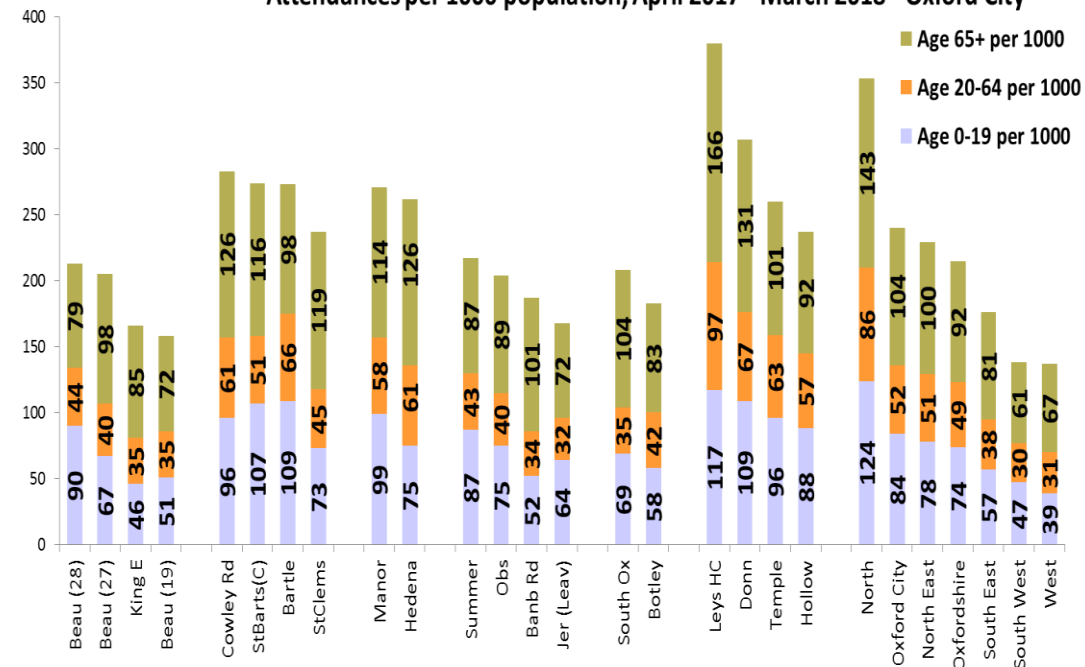
## Notes about the data

- The comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate per 1,000 of **In Hours** Type 1 A&E Attendances across the county for the period between April 2017 and March 2018. The chart demonstrates each individual practice rate as well as each locality rate and the CCG average.
- The chart to the left is the age-sex standardised Locality specific version.
- The two charts at the bottom of the page from left to right demonstrate actual numbers and rate per 1,000 population of In Hours Type 1 A&E attendances for each individual practice, split by age group.

## Urgent Care - In Hours (08:00-18:30) A&E Attendances Actual numbers by age, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City

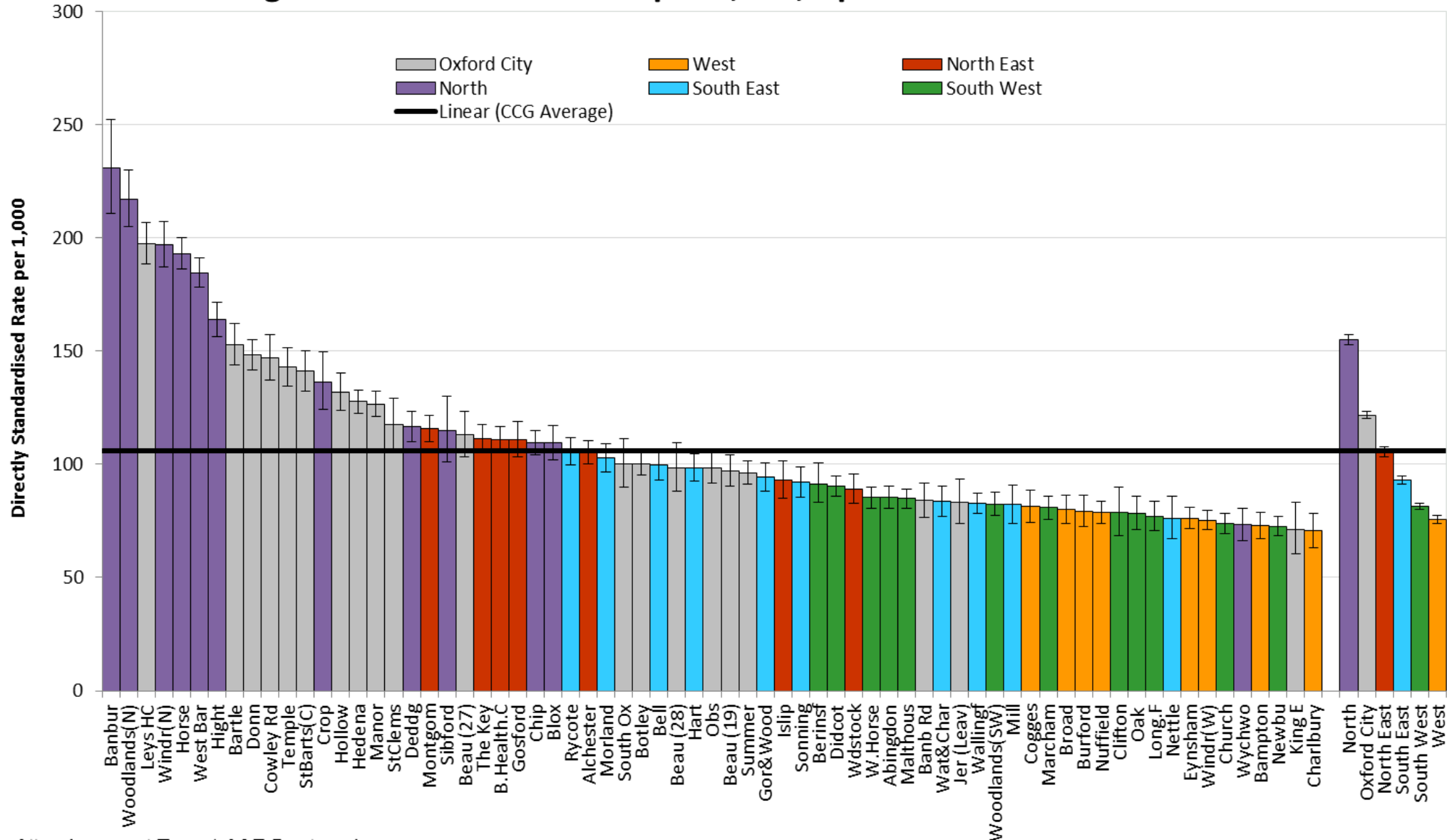


## Urgent Care - In Hours (08:00-18:30) A&E Attendances Attendances per 1000 population, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



# Urgent Care - Out of Hours (18:30-08:00) A&E Attendances

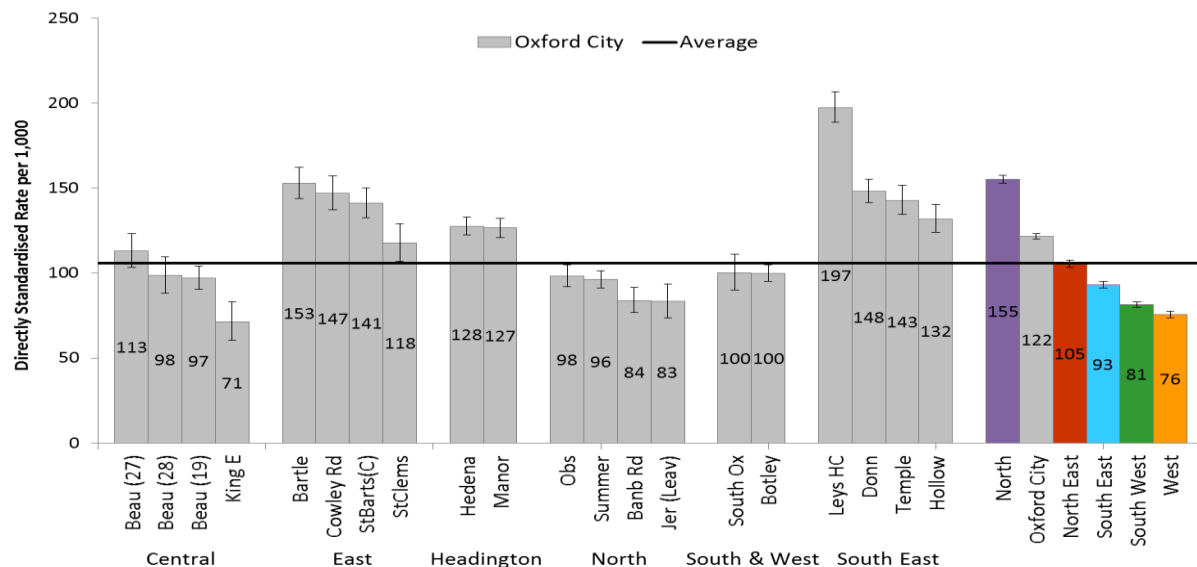
## Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



Attendances at Type 1 A&E Depts only  
Luther Street excluded due to low population

Source: SUS Data as at March 2018  
Population Data: April 2018

## Urgent Care - Out of Hours (18:30-08:00) A&E Attendances Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



## Notes about the data

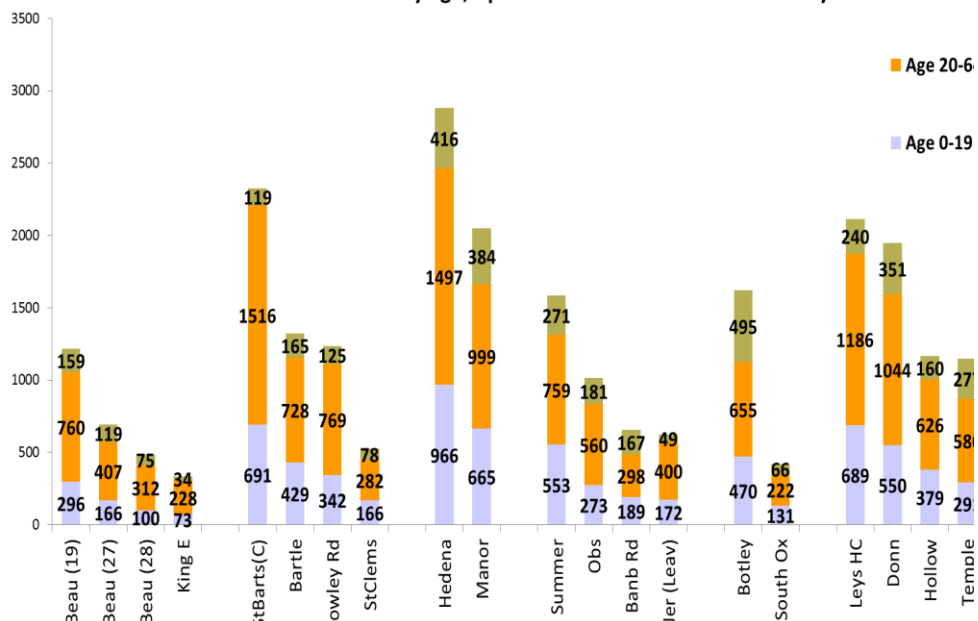


Oxfordshire

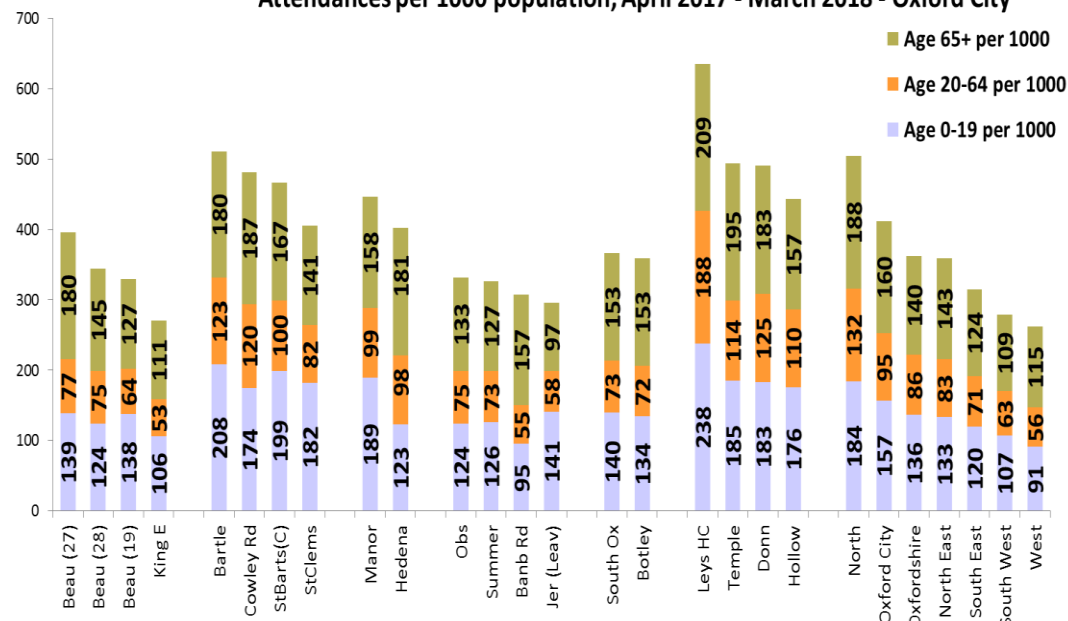
Clinical Commissioning Group

- The comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate per 1,000 of **Out of Hours** Type 1 A&E Attendances across the county for the period between April 2017 and March 2018. The chart demonstrates each individual practice rate as well as each locality rate and the CCG average.
- The chart to the left is the age-sex standardised Locality specific version.
- The two charts at the bottom of the page from left to right demonstrate actual numbers and rate per 1,000 population of Out of Hours Type 1 A&E attendances for each individual practice, split by age group.

## Urgent Care - Out of Hours (18:30-08:00) A&E Attendances Actual numbers by age, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City

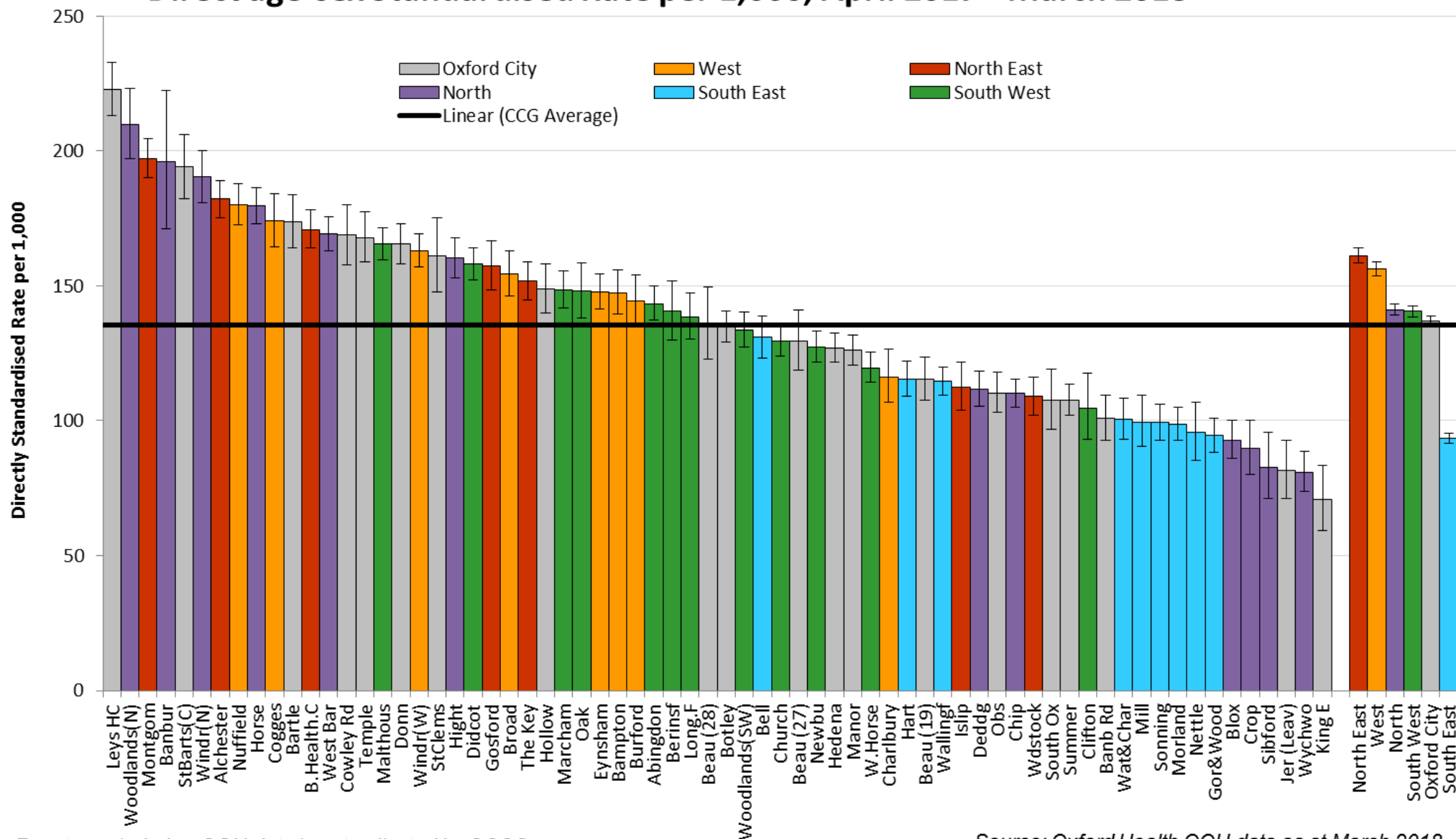


## Urgent Care - Out of Hours (18:30-08:00) A&E Attendances Attendances per 1000 population, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



# Out of Hours GP Service

## Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



Rycote excluded as OOH data is not collected by OCCG  
Luther Street excluded due to low population

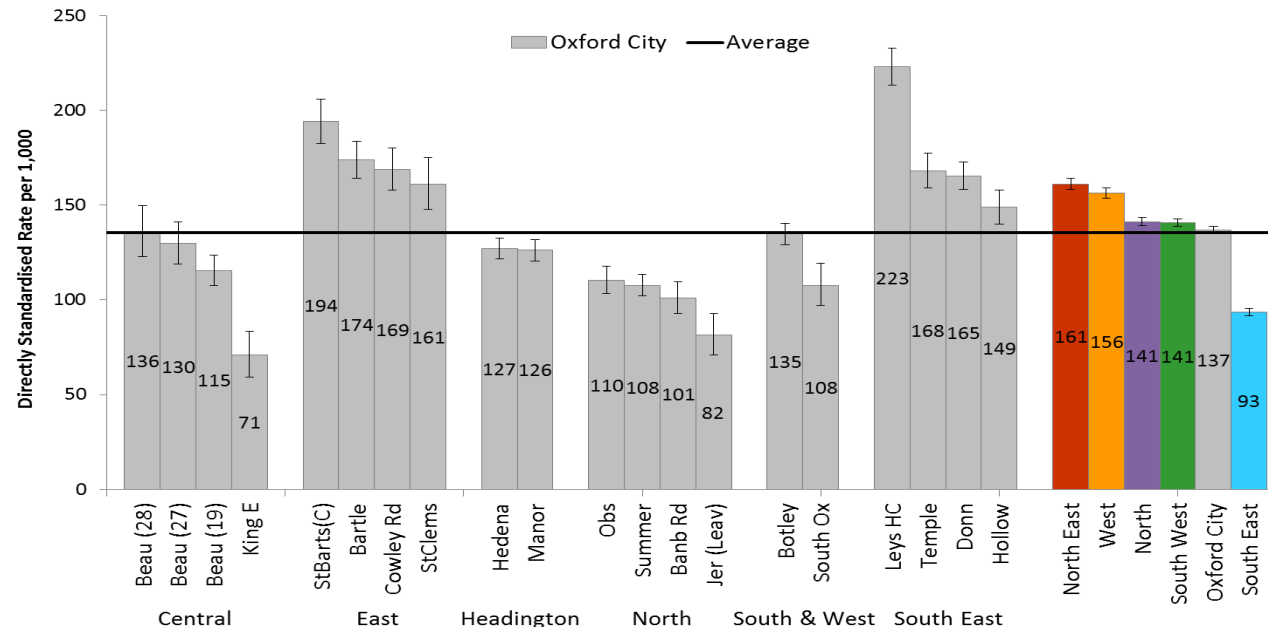
Source: Oxford Health OOH data as at March 2018  
Population Data: April 2018

# Out of Hours GP Service Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



Oxfordshire

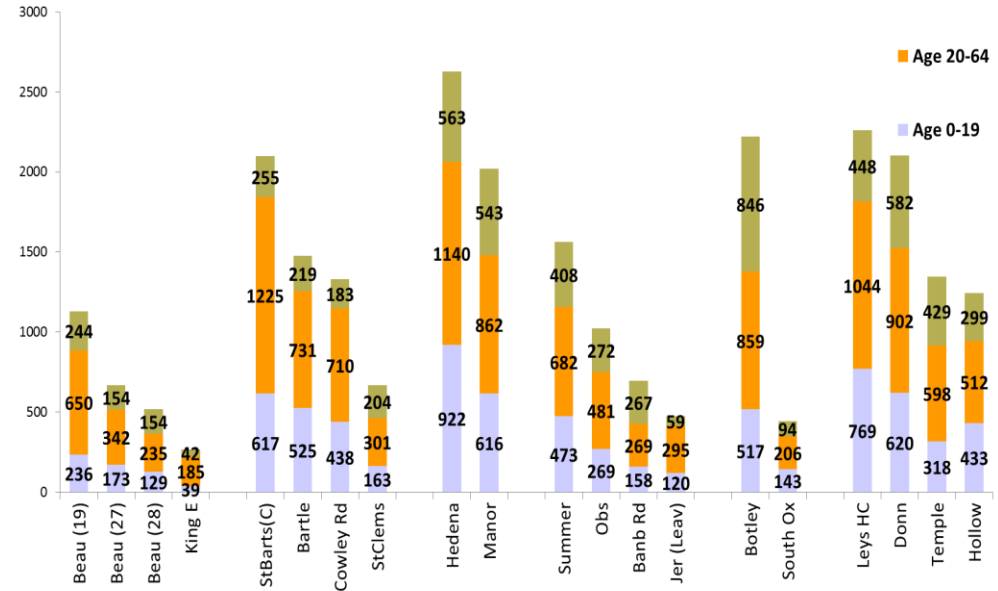
Clinical Commissioning Group



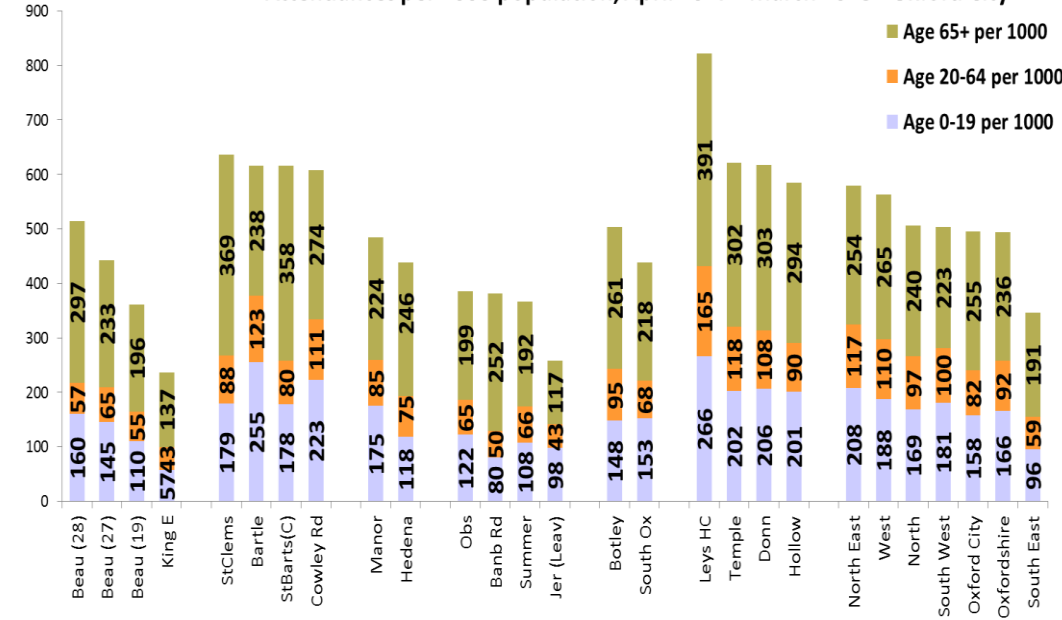
## Notes about the data

- The comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate per 1,000 of **Out of Hours** GP Service Contacts across the county for the period between April 2017 and March 2018. The chart demonstrates each individual practice rate as well as each locality rate and the CCG average.
- The chart to the left is the age-sex standardised Locality specific version.
- The two charts at the bottom of the page from left to right demonstrate actual numbers and rate per 1,000 population of Out of Hours GP Service Contacts for each individual practice, split by age group.

## Out of Hours GP Service Actual numbers by age, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City

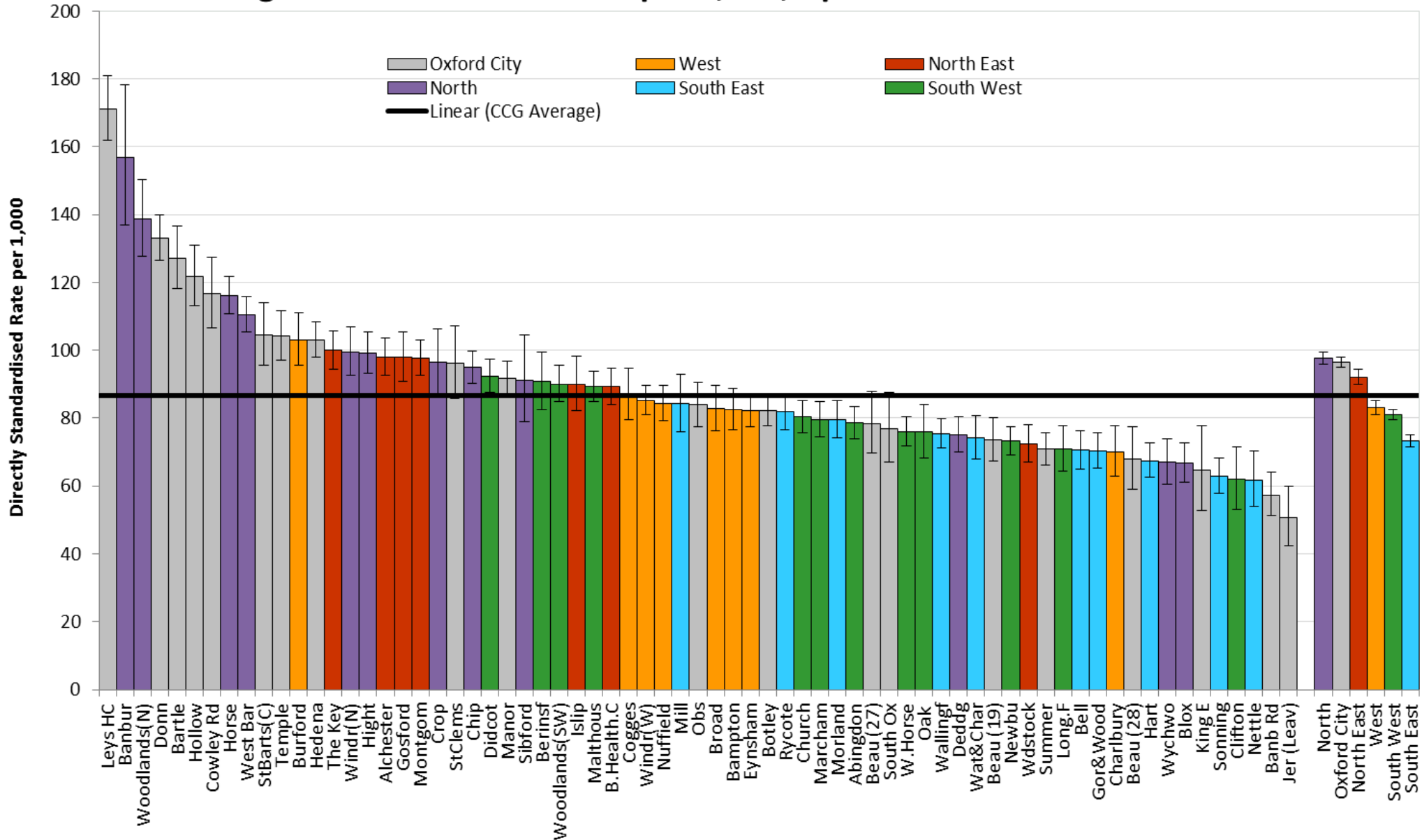


## Out of Hours GP Service Attendances per 1000 population, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



# Urgent Care - Emergency Admissions

## Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018

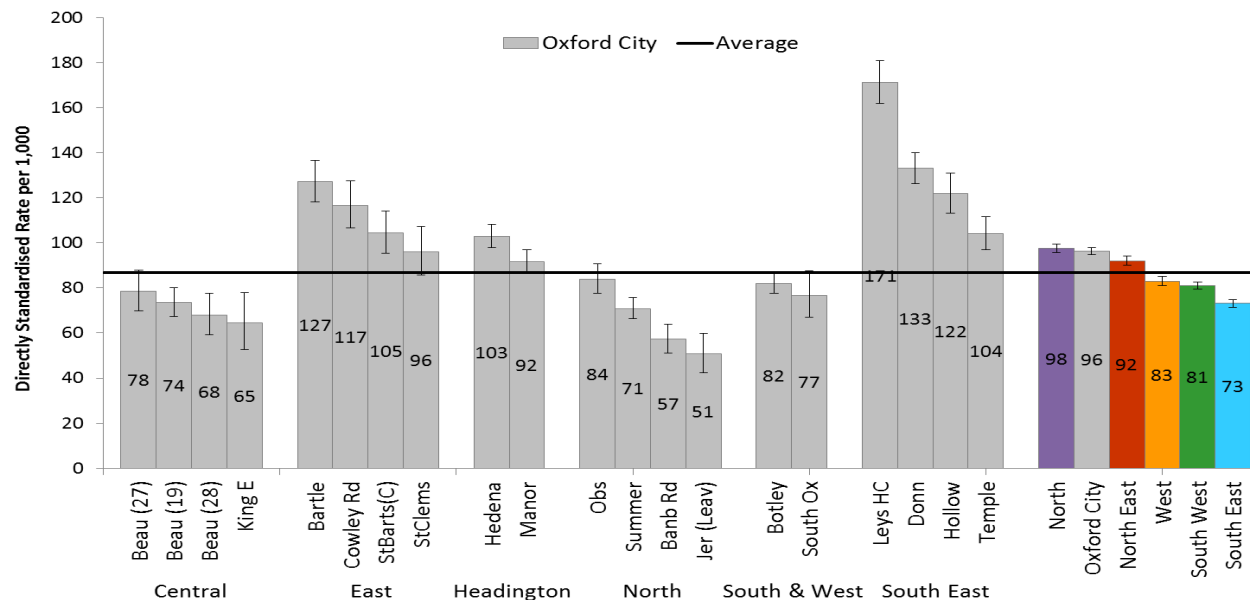


Luther Street excluded due to low population

Source: SUS Data as at March 2018  
Population Data: April 2018

## Urgent Care - Emergency Admissions

### Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018

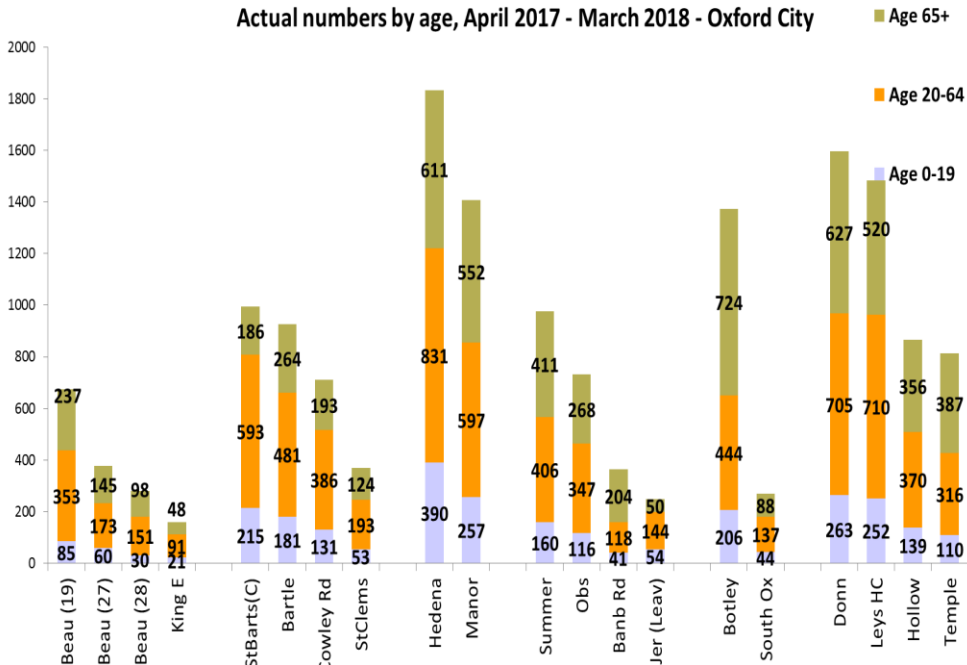


### Notes about the data

- The comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate per 1,000 of **Emergency Admissions** across the county for the period between April 2017 and March 2018. The chart demonstrates each individual practice rate as well as each locality rate and the CCG average.
- The chart to the left is the age-sex standardised Locality specific version.
- The two charts at the bottom of the page from left to right demonstrate actual numbers and rate per 1,000 population of Out of Hours attendances for each individual practice, split by age group.

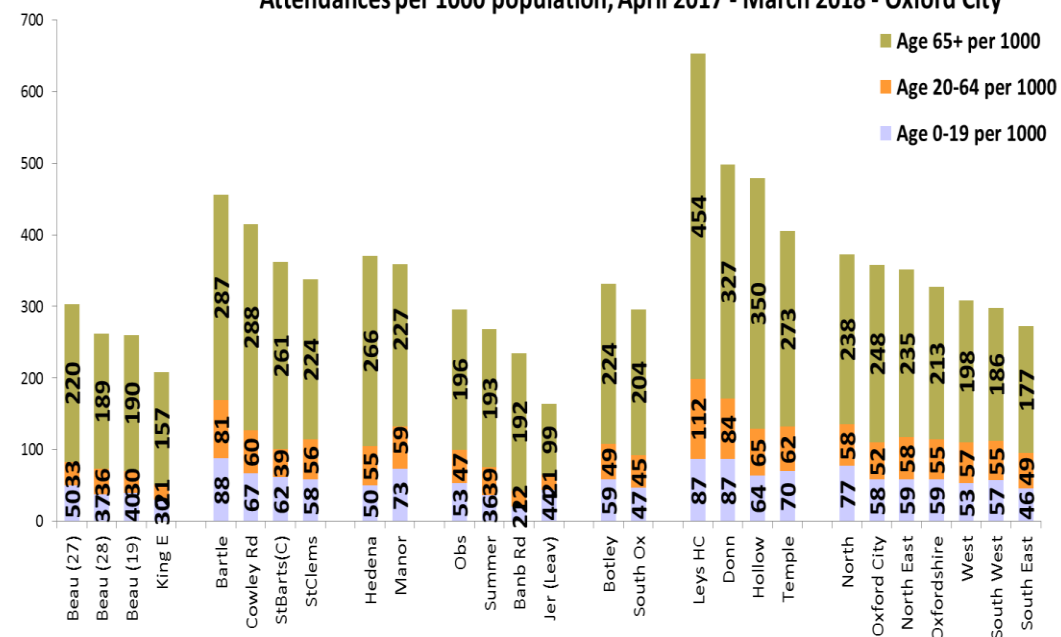
### Urgent Care - Emergency Admissions

#### Actual numbers by age, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City

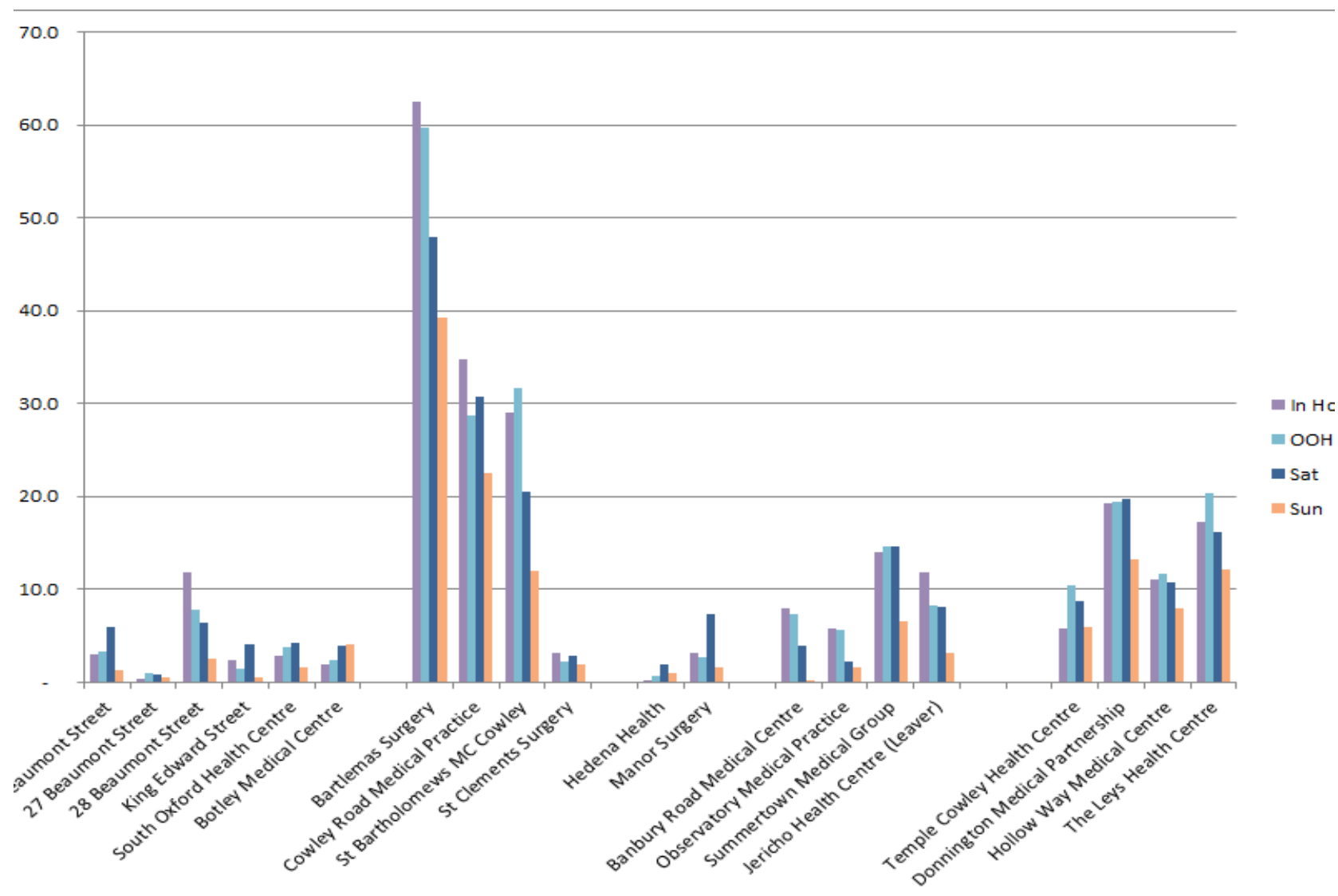


### Urgent Care - Emergency Admissions

#### Attendances per 1000 population, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



## City GP Access Hub Appointments (combined) 2017-18 per 1000 population



# Care/Nursing homes: Urgent Care Activity 2017-18

Practice	No of Beds	In the Scheme	Care Home	A&E Total Activity 17-18	% A&E Total per bed 17-18	NELS Total Activity 17/18	% NELS Total per bed 17-18
Summertown	29	tbc	Fairfield Residential Home	11	0.4	7	0.2
Eynsham MP	25	Retain	Oxenford House	4	0.2	16	0.7
Beaumont St (28)	75	Yes	Cumnor Hill House	21	0.3	21	0.3
Botley Medical Centre	7	Yes	Shrublands	1	0.1	10	0.2
Cowley Road Medical Practice	38	Yes	St Johns Home	6	0.2	7	0.2
Donnington HC	80	Yes	Isis House Care & Retmt Centre	58	0.7	76	1.0
Hedena	39	Yes	Marston Court	27	0.7	25	0.9
Manor Surgery	23	Yes	St Andrews Residential Care Home	20	0.9	23	0.5
Hedena	45	Yes	Townsend House	27	0.6	1	0.1
Hollow Way Medical Centre/ Leys/Temple Cowley	66	Yes	Brookfield Christian Care Home	27	0.4	33	0.5
Botley Medical Centre	12	Yes	Kirlena House	11	0.9	16	1.3
Botley Medical Centre	28	Yes	Mon Choisy	26	0.9	16	0.3
Botley Medical Centre	49	Yes	Oxford Beaumont	20	0.4	12	0.3
Manor Surgery	60	No	Headington Care Home	15	0.3	12	0.2
Manor Surgery	51	tbc	St Luke's Hospital	11	0.2	3	0.1
Manor Surgery	38	Yes	Albany Care Home The	19	0.5	23	0.6
Donnington HC	76	Yes	Iffley Residential and Nursing Home	42	0.6	54	0.7
tbc	40	tbc	Green Gates Nursing Home	23	0.6	24	0.6
tbc	30	tbc	Lady Nuffield Home	1	0.0	55	1.2
Temple Cowley Health Centre	47	tbc	Longlands OSJ	60	1.3	28	0.7
Temple Cowley Health Centre	40	Yes	Vale House	5	0.1	3	0.1
<b>Totals</b>	<b>898</b>			<b>435</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>465</b>	<b>0.5</b>

# OCCG Locality Performance Report - Seasonal Flu Vaccine Uptake 2017/18

## OCCG Locality Performance Report - Seasonal Flu Vaccine Uptake 2017/18

Date of Immform data extractions: 22/05/2018

Month End: 31st January 2018



Below Target

Within 10% of Target

On/Above Target

Below Target

On/Above Target

On/Above Ambitional Target

<40%

40-55%

>55%

Locality

**NHS**  
Oxfordshire  
Clinical Commissioning Group

Seasonal Influenza 2017/18 % Uptake

Childhood Influenza 2017/18 (Ages) % Uptake Target 40% - Ambition 55%

Under 65s at  
risk Target  
55%

65 and over  
Target 75%

Pregnant  
women Ideal  
Target 55%

Age 2

Age 3

Age 4

Age 5

Age 6

SEOLG	South East Oxfordshire Locality	10	56.01%	77.86%	63.47%	60.30%	60.91%	62.05%	56.27%	56.43%
SWOLG	South West Oxfordshire Locality	12	54.64%	76.61%	63.80%	58.27%	61.30%	56.62%	56.52%	53.15%
NOLG	North Oxfordshire Locality	12	50.62%	70.93%	52.62%	46.56%	49.08%	57.72%	55.59%	55.51%
WOLG	West Oxfordshire Locality	8	59.04%	78.68%	58.70%	54.84%	56.27%	74.30%	75.89%	73.03%
NELG	North East Oxfordshire Locality	7	52.46%	78.21%	59.37%	54.05%	54.93%	53.91%	50.99%	52.61%
OCLG	Oxford City Locality	20	47.13%	72.91%	53.01%	45.87%	47.84%	31.07%	36.46%	38.29%
	Number of Practices below Target		45	25	23	9	5	17	16	16
	Number of Low Outliers†		0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
OXON	Oxfordshire CCG	69	52.45%	75.55%	57.99%	52.56%	54.57%	53.10%	53.49%	52.77%
N/A	England Total*		48.92%	72.56%	47.19%	42.76%	44.19%			

### Note:

\*\*K84065 Sibford Gower Surgery data taken from February Immform report as January data unavailable.

†Number of practices for which the % uptake is lower than the lower quartile minus 1.5 times the interquartile range.

### For the England totals:

\*England total taken from gov.uk  
([https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/710416/Seasonal\\_influenza\\_vaccine\\_uptake\\_in\\_GP\\_patients\\_winter\\_season\\_2017\\_to\\_2018.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/710416/Seasonal_influenza_vaccine_uptake_in_GP_patients_winter_season_2017_to_2018.pdf))

Data for ages 4, 5 and 6 not published.

Data is provisional and represents 99.8% of all GP practices in England responding to the January 2018 Main GP survey and 99.6% of all GP practices in England responding to the January 2018 Child GP Flu Survey.

Where a total for England is quoted (e.g. sum of number of patients registered and number vaccinated) this is taken from the 99.8% GP practice sample for the main survey and 99.6% for the Child GP Flu Survey and is therefore NOT an extrapolated figure for all of England.

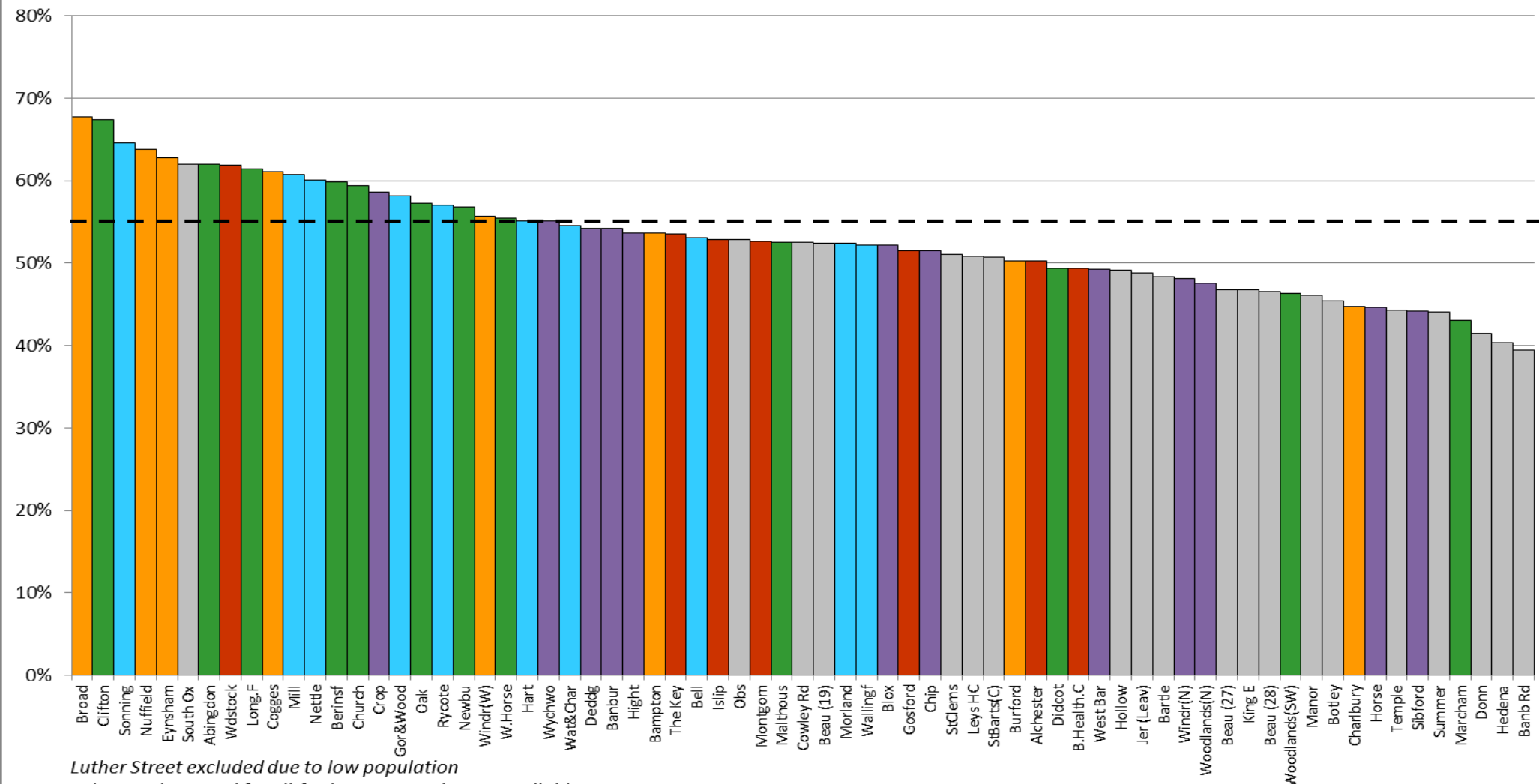
### Additional note

Oxford City actual uptake for age 4, 5 and 6 year olds likely to be higher than data received from NHS England. Not all practices entered information on flu immunisations given by the School Nursing service (SHN) onto the EMIS care record.

# Seasonal Flu Vaccine Uptake 2017/18 under 65

## 2017/18 Practice level % uptake - Under 65 at Risk (Target 55%)

■ Oxford City 
 ■ South East 
 ■ South West 
 ■ North East 
 ■ West 
 ■ North



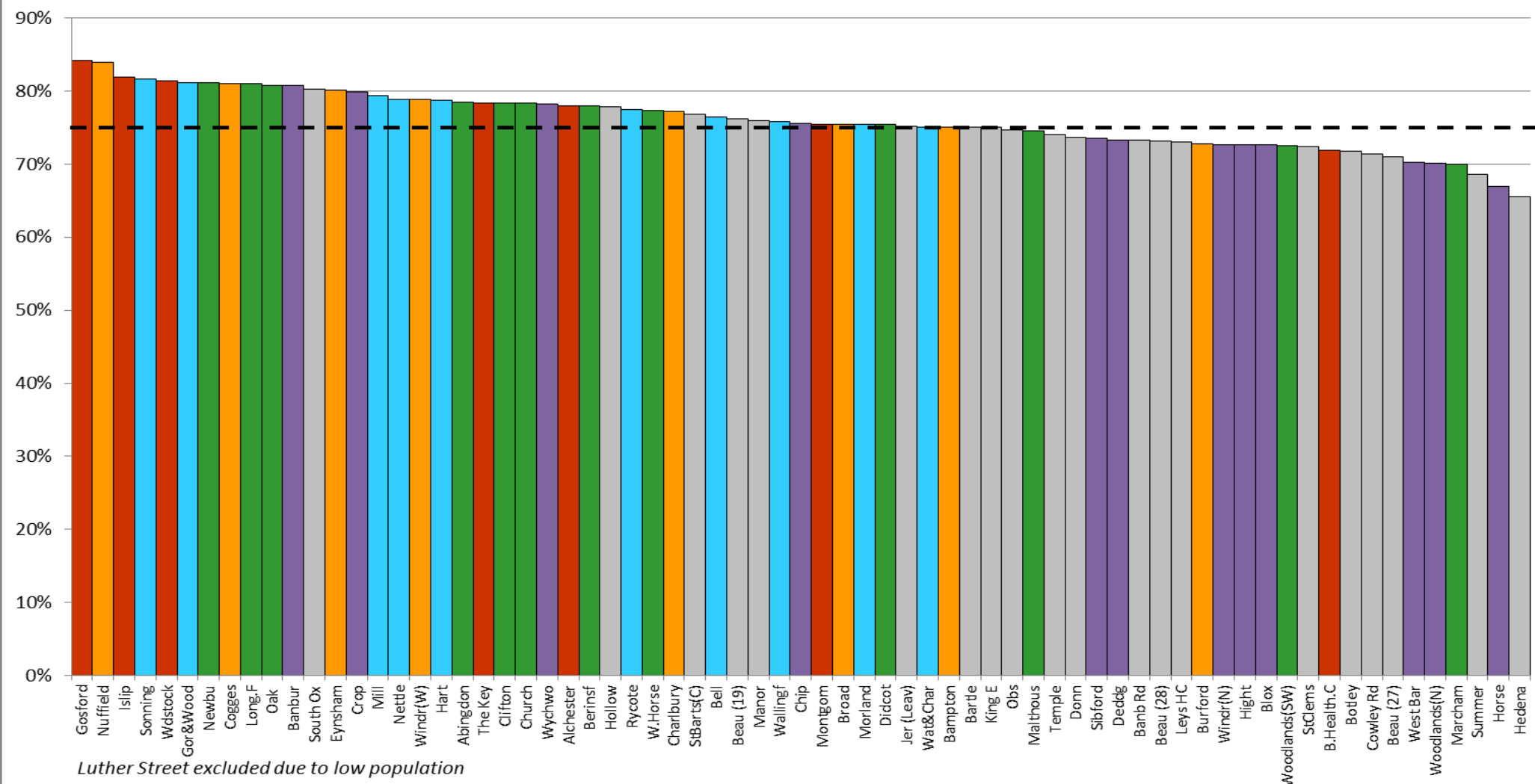
*Luther Street excluded due to low population*

*February data used for Sibford as January data unavailable*

# Seasonal Flu Vaccine Uptake 2017/18 over 65

## 2017/18 Practice level % uptake - Over 65 (Target 75%)

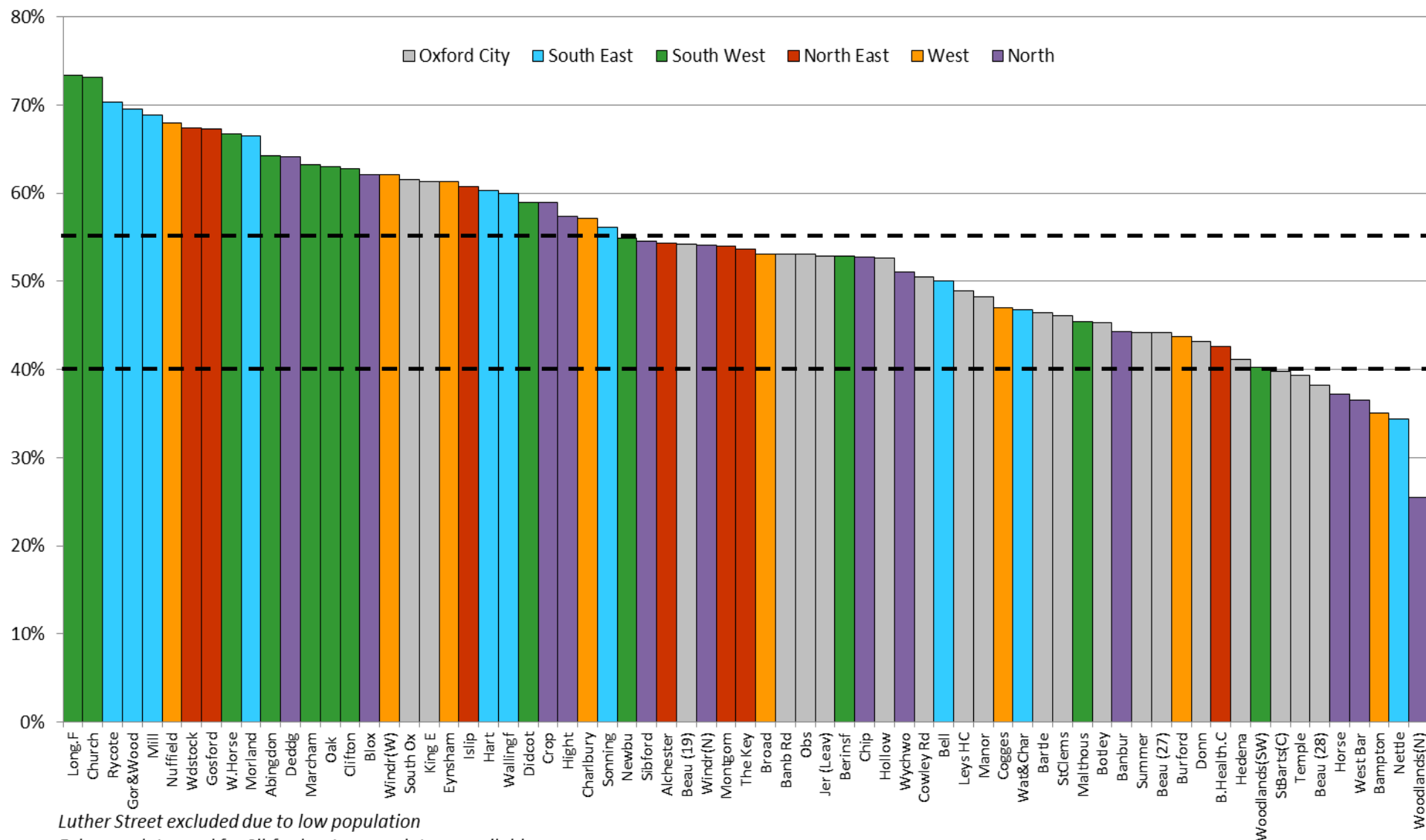
■ Oxford City 
 ■ South East 
 ■ South West 
 ■ North East 
 ■ West 
 ■ North



Luther Street excluded due to low population

February data used for Sibford as January data unavailable

# 2017/18 Practice level % uptake - Children [Overall across ages 2-3] (Target 40%, Ambition 55%)



Luther Street excluded due to low population

February data used for Sibford as January data unavailable

## Seasonal Flu Vaccine Uptake 2017/18 Pregnant Women

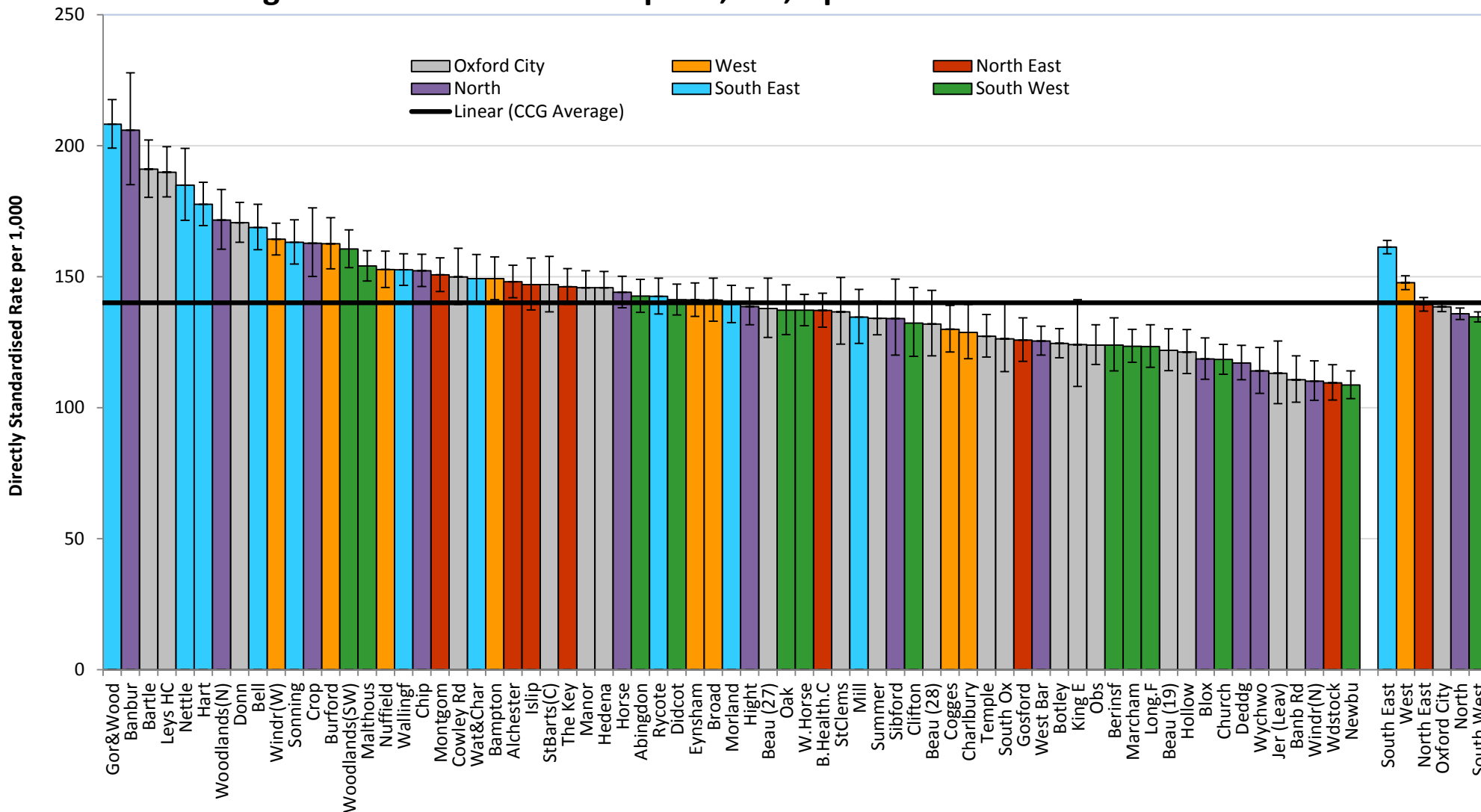
### 2017/18 Practice level % uptake - Pregnant women (Target 55%)

□ Oxford City   □ South East   □ South West   □ North East   □ West   □ North

Blank page to space the charts evenly

# First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred

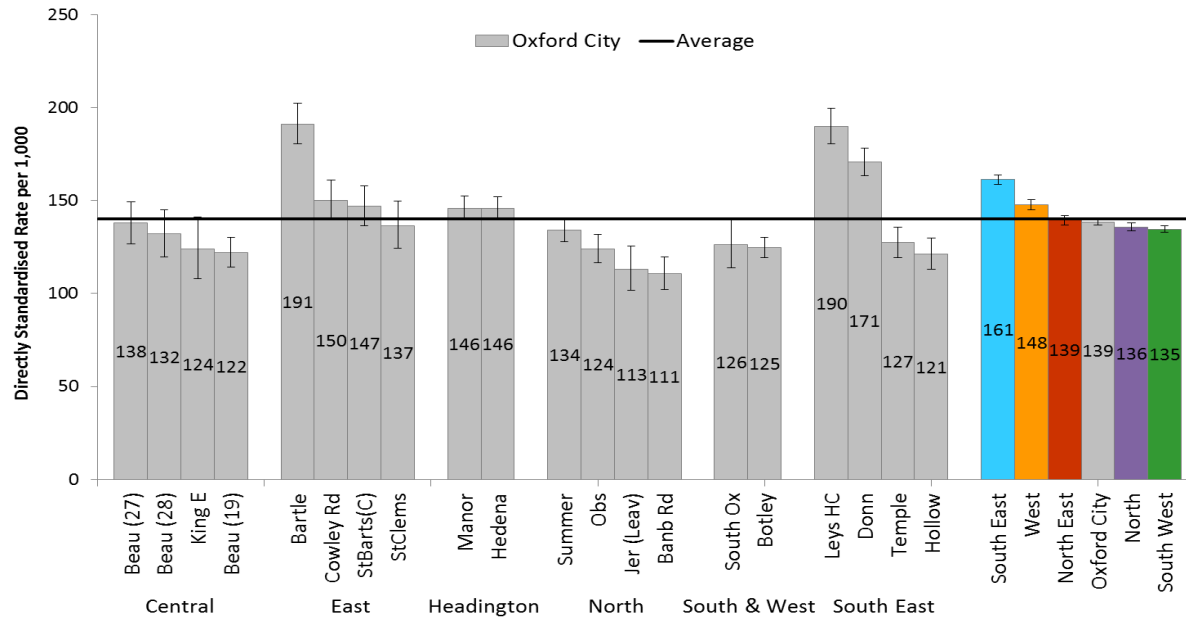
Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



Trauma & Orthopaedics excluded  
Luther Street excluded due to low population

Source: SUS Data as at March 2018  
Population Data: April 2018

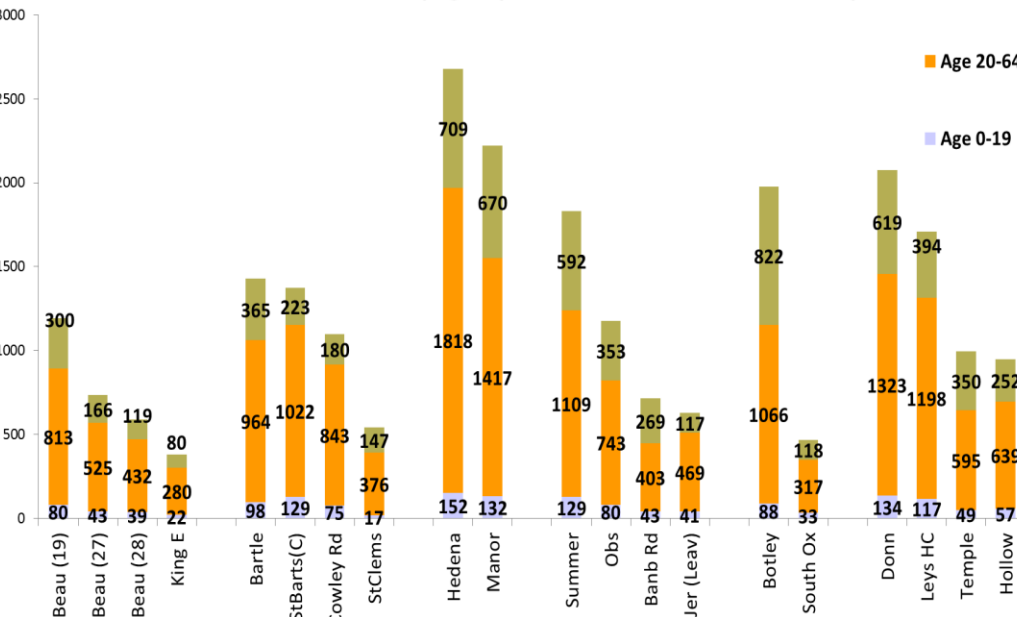
# First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



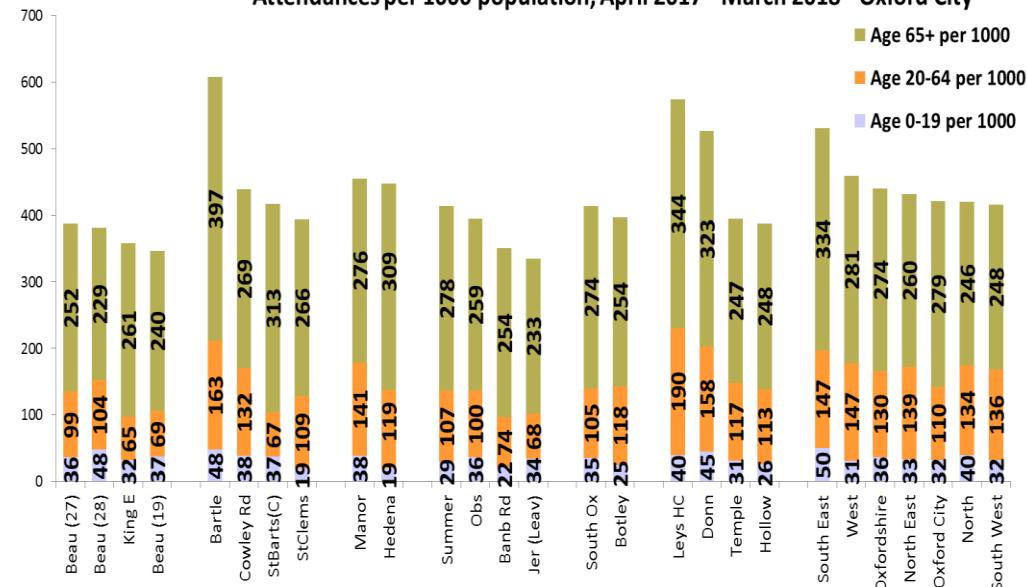
## Notes about the data

- The comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate per 1,000 of GP Referred First Outpatient appointments **All Specialities (T&O excluded)** across the county for the period between April 2017 and March 2018. The chart demonstrates each individual practice rate as well as each locality rate and the CCG average.
- The chart to the left is the age-sex standardised Locality specific version.
- The two charts at the bottom of the page from left to right demonstrate actual numbers and rate per 1,000 population of GP Referred first appointments for each individual practice, split by age group.

## First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred Actual numbers by age, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City

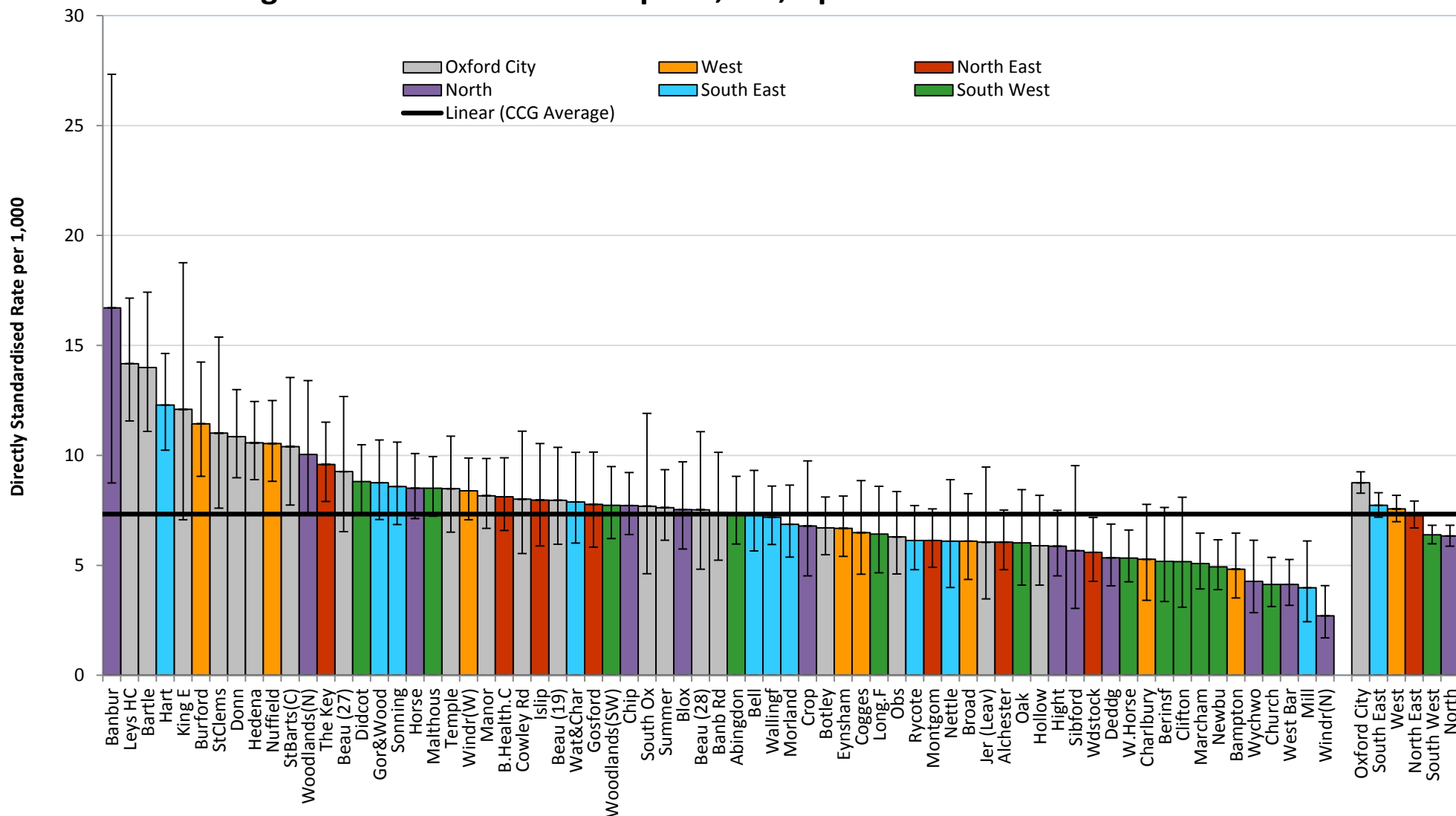


## First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred Attendances per 1000 population, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



# First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Cardiology

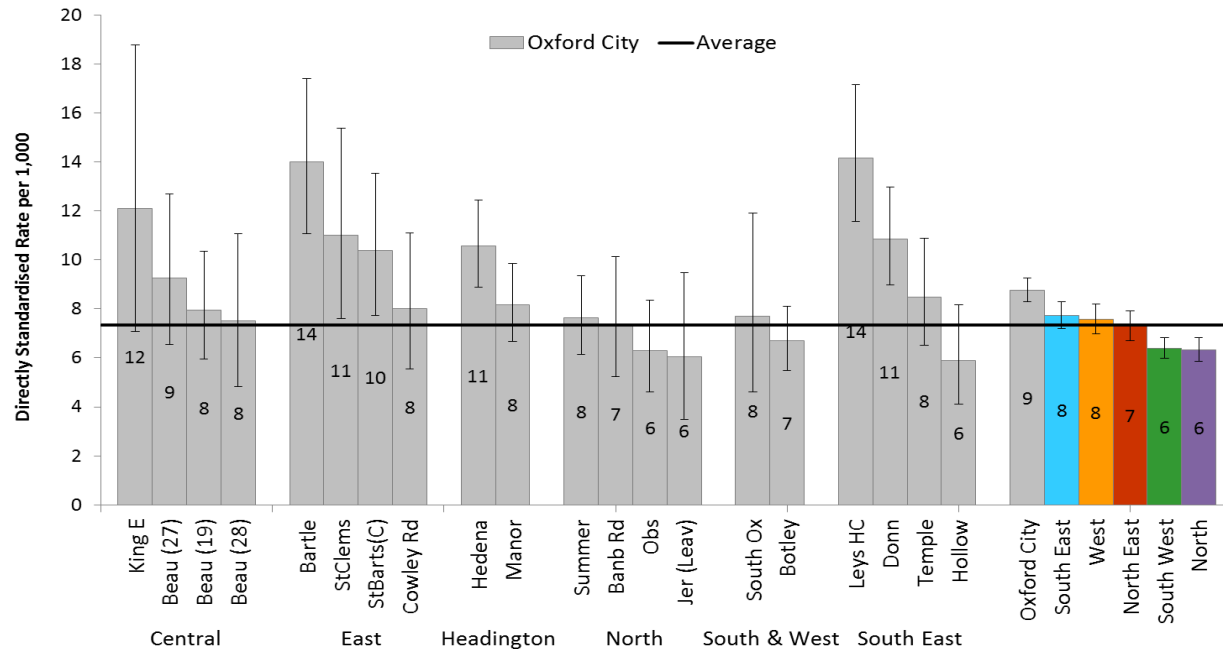
## Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



Luther Street excluded due to low population

Source: SUS Data as at March 2018  
Population Data: April 2018

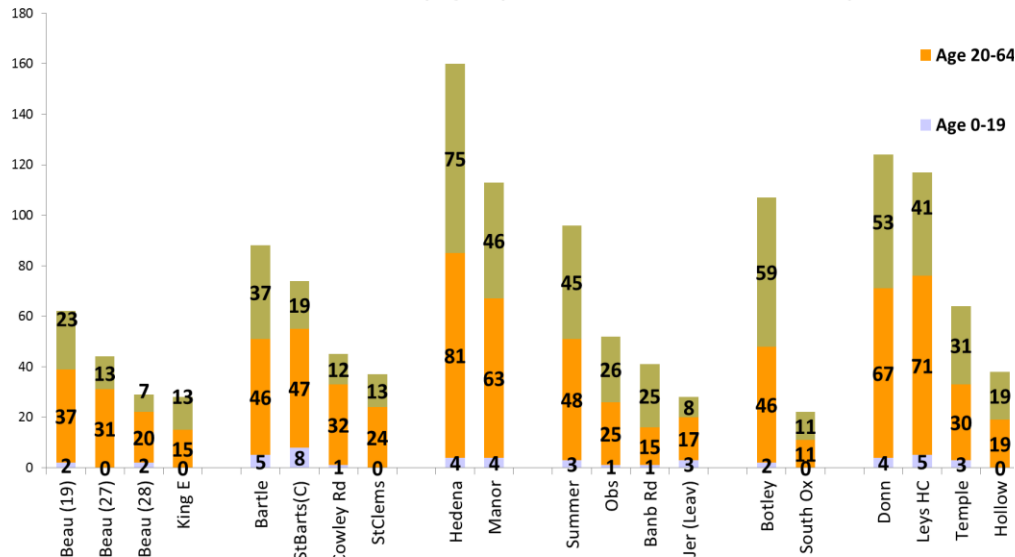
## First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Cardiology Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



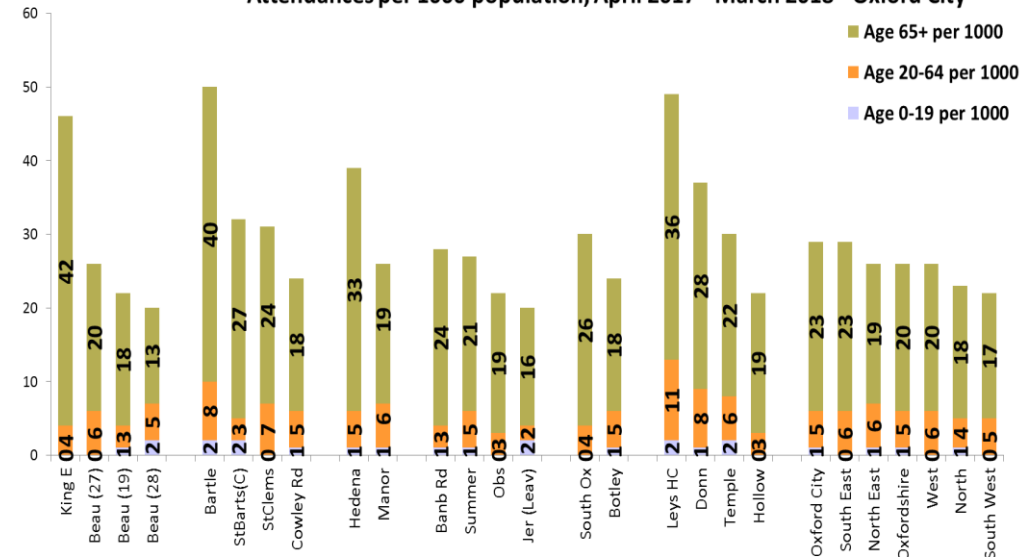
## Notes about the data

- The comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate of GP RThe comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate per 1,000 of GP Referred First Outpatient appointments for **Cardiology** across the county for the period between April 2017 and March 2018. The chart demonstrates each individual practice rate as well as each locality rate and the CCG average.
- The chart to the left is the age-sex standardised Locality specific version.
- The two charts at the bottom of the page from left to right demonstrate actual numbers and rate per 1,000 population of GP Referred first appointments for cardiology for each individual practice, split by age group.

## First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Cardiology Actual numbers by age, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City

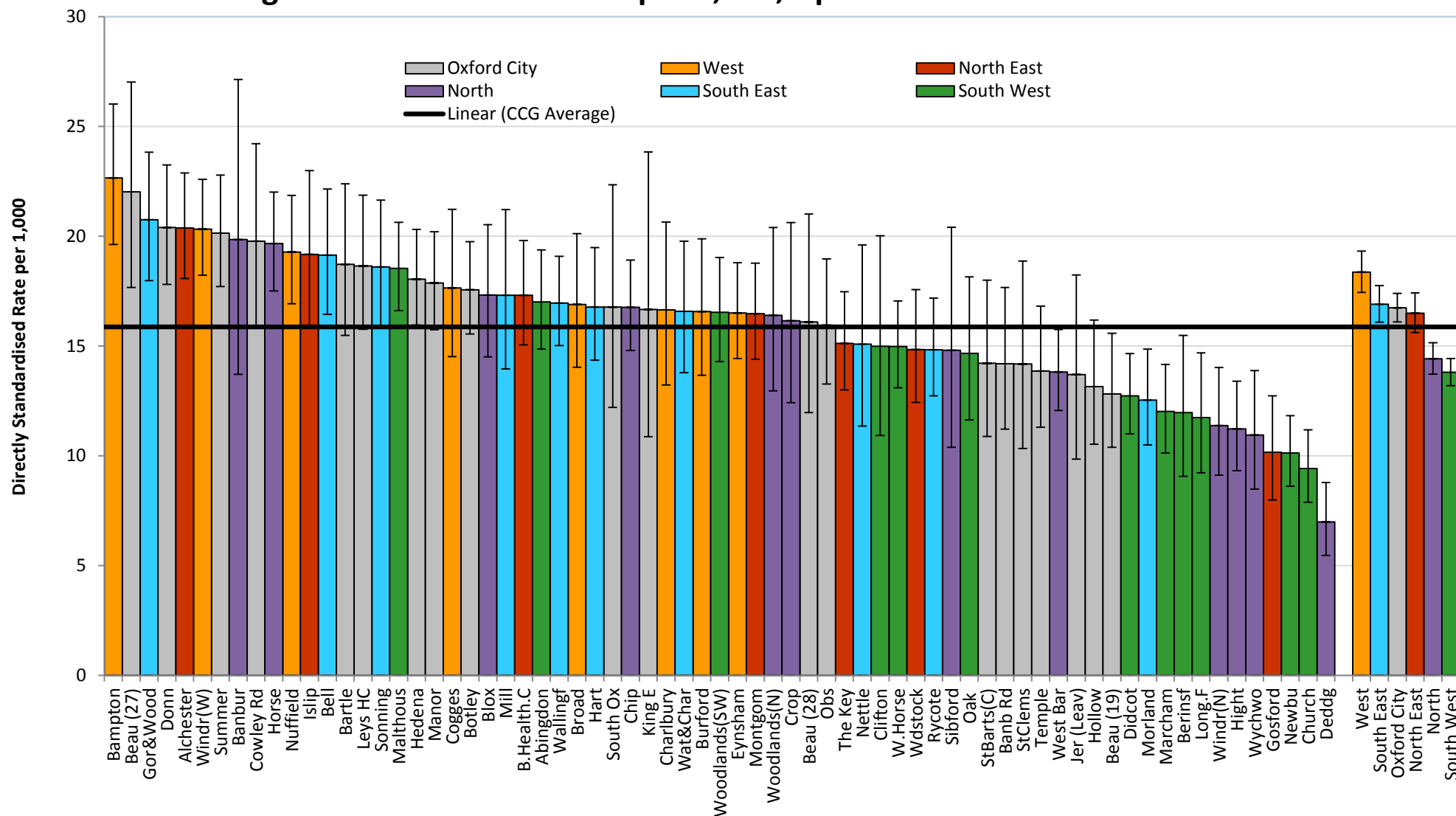


## First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Cardiology Attendances per 1000 population, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



# First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Dermatology

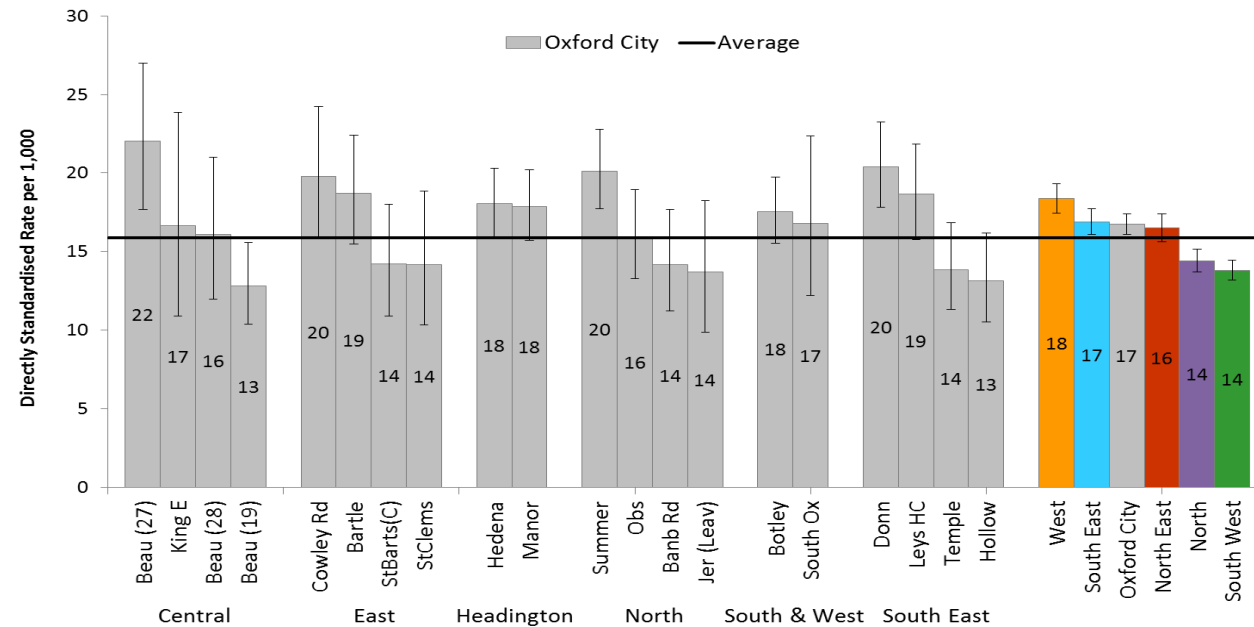
## Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



Luther Street excluded due to low population

Source: SUS Data as at March 2018  
Population Data: April 2018

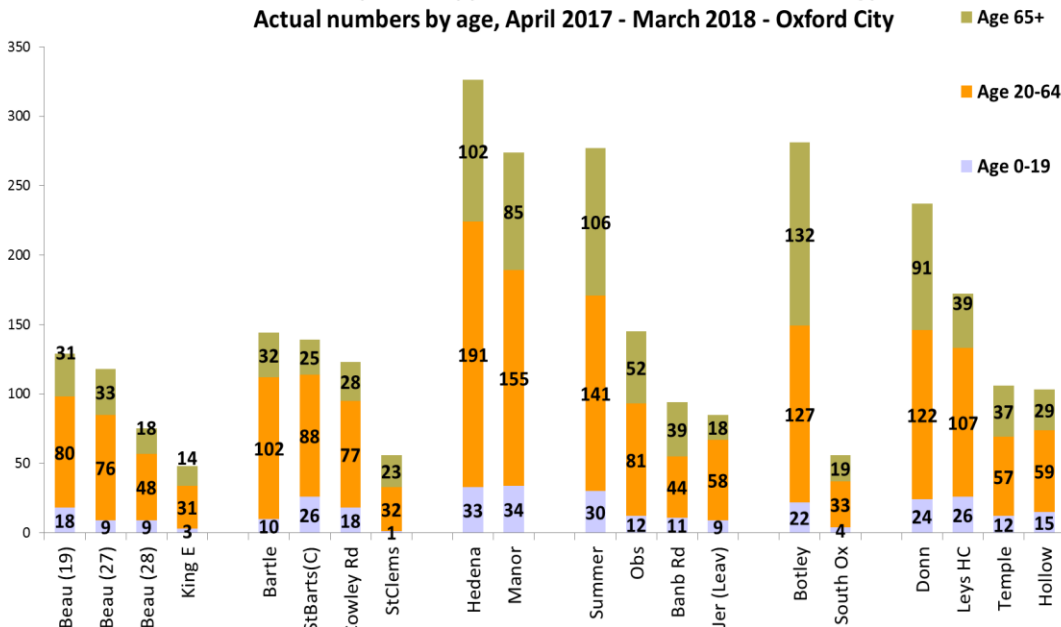
# First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Dermatology Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



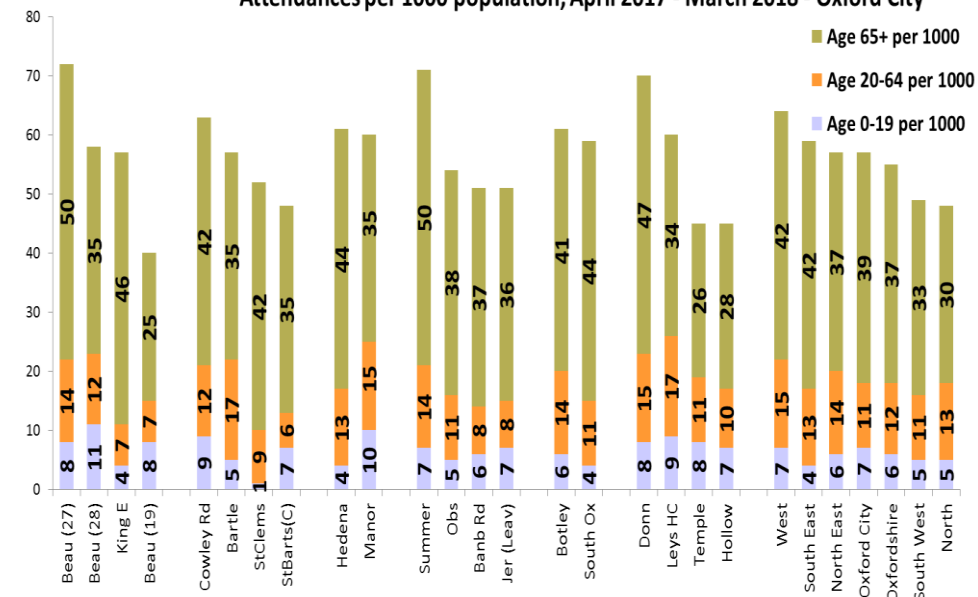
## Notes about the data

- The comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate per 1,000 of GP Referred First Outpatient appointments **Dermatology** across the county for the period between April 2017 and March 2018. The chart demonstrates each individual practice rate as well as each locality rate and the CCG average.
- The chart to the left is the age-sex standardised Locality specific version.
- The two charts at the bottom of the page from left to right demonstrate actual numbers and rate per 1,000 population of GP Referred first appointments for each individual practice, split by age group.

## First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Dermatology Actual numbers by age, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City

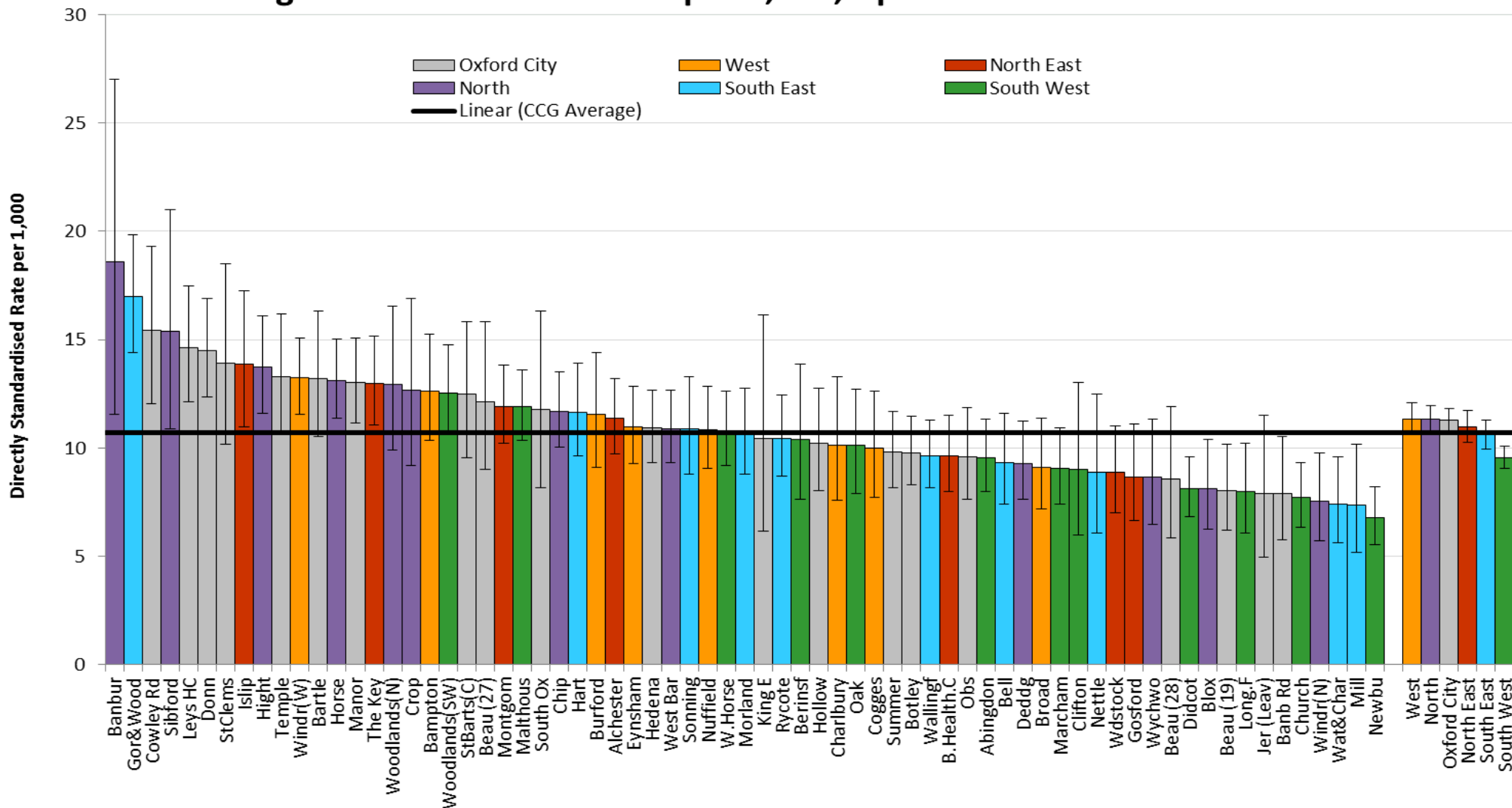


## First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Dermatology Attendances per 1000 population, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



# First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - ENT

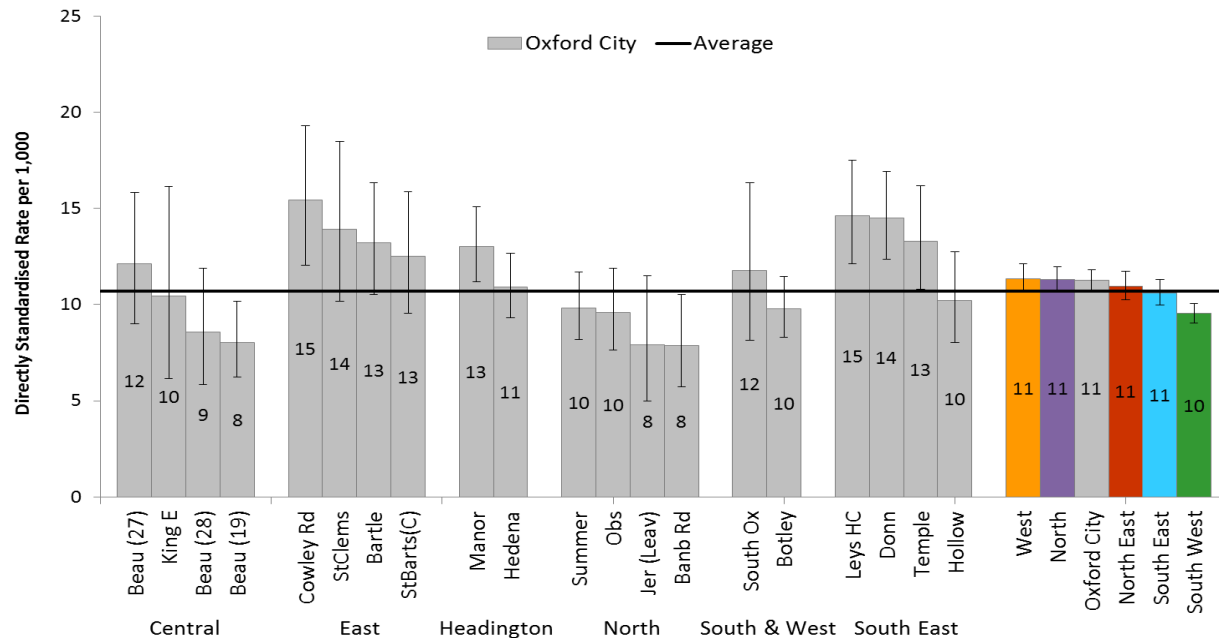
## Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



Luther Street excluded due to low population

Source: SUS Data as at March 2018  
Population Data: April 2018

# **First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - ENT** **Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018**



## **Notes about the data**

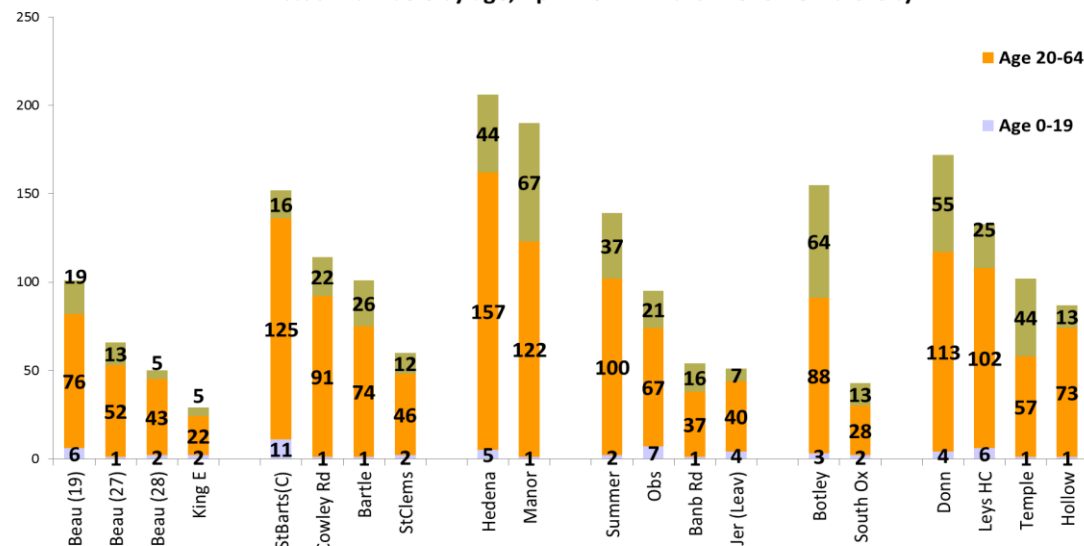
The comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate per 1,000 of GP Referred First Outpatient appointments for **ENT** across the county for the period between April 2017 and March 2018. The chart demonstrates each individual practice rate as well as each locality rate and the CCG average.

The chart to the left is the age-sex standardised Locality specific version.

The two charts at the bottom of the page from left to right demonstrate actual numbers and rate per 1,000 population of GP Referred first appointments for ENT for each individual practice, split by age group.

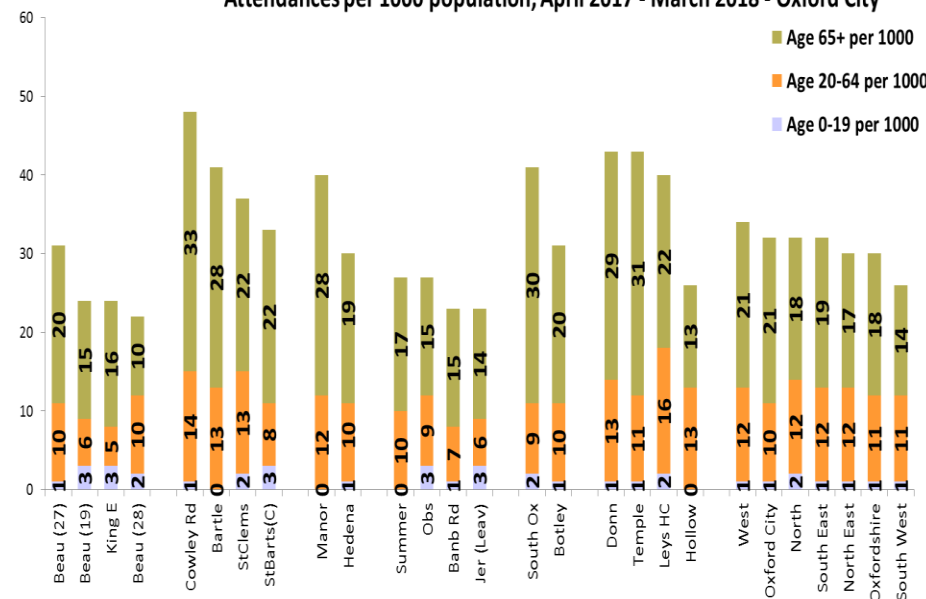
## **First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - ENT** **Actual numbers by age, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City**

Age 65+  
 Age 20-64  
 Age 0-19



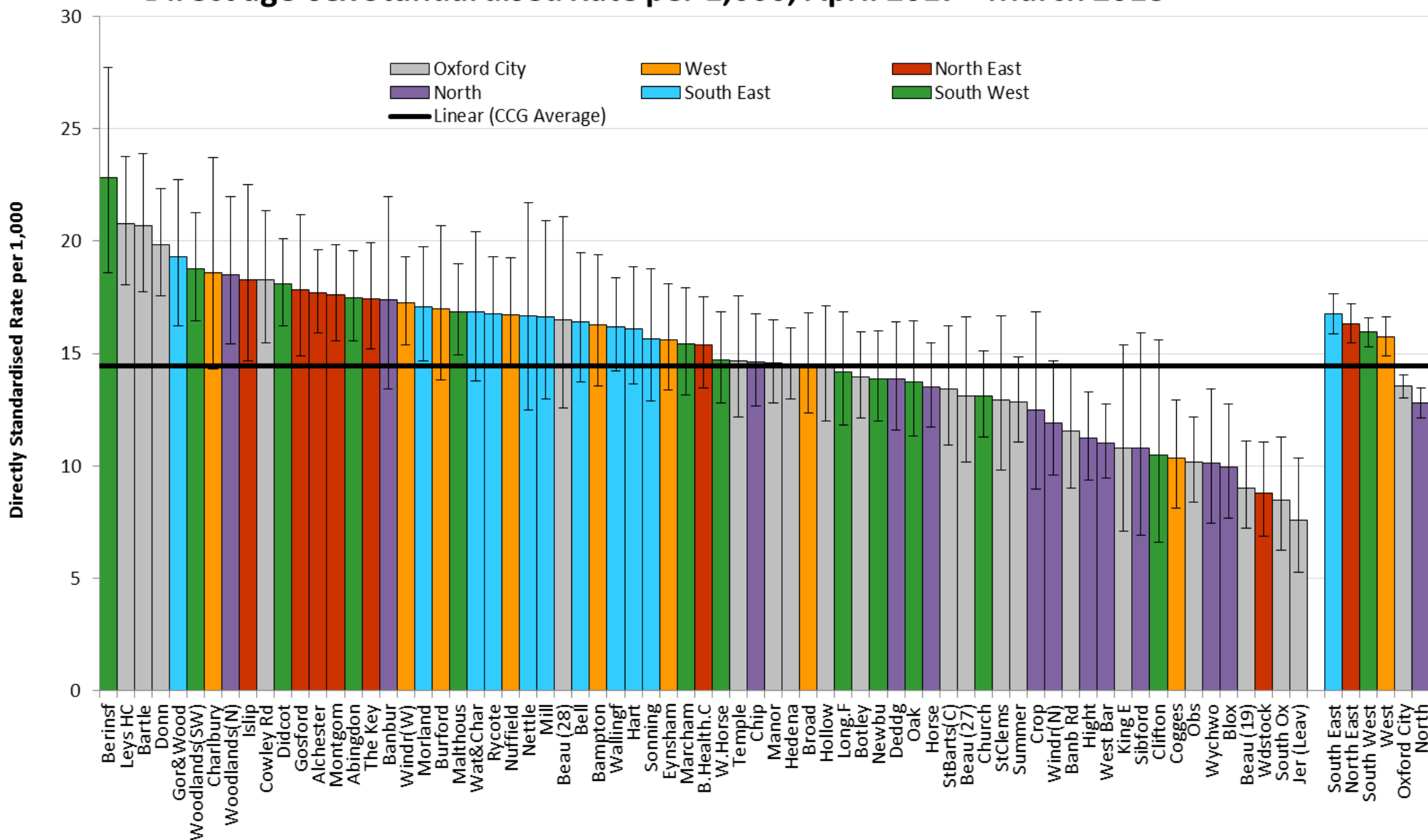
## **First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - ENT** **Attendances per 1000 population, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City**

Age 65+ per 1000  
 Age 20-64 per 1000  
 Age 0-19 per 1000



# First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Gynaecology

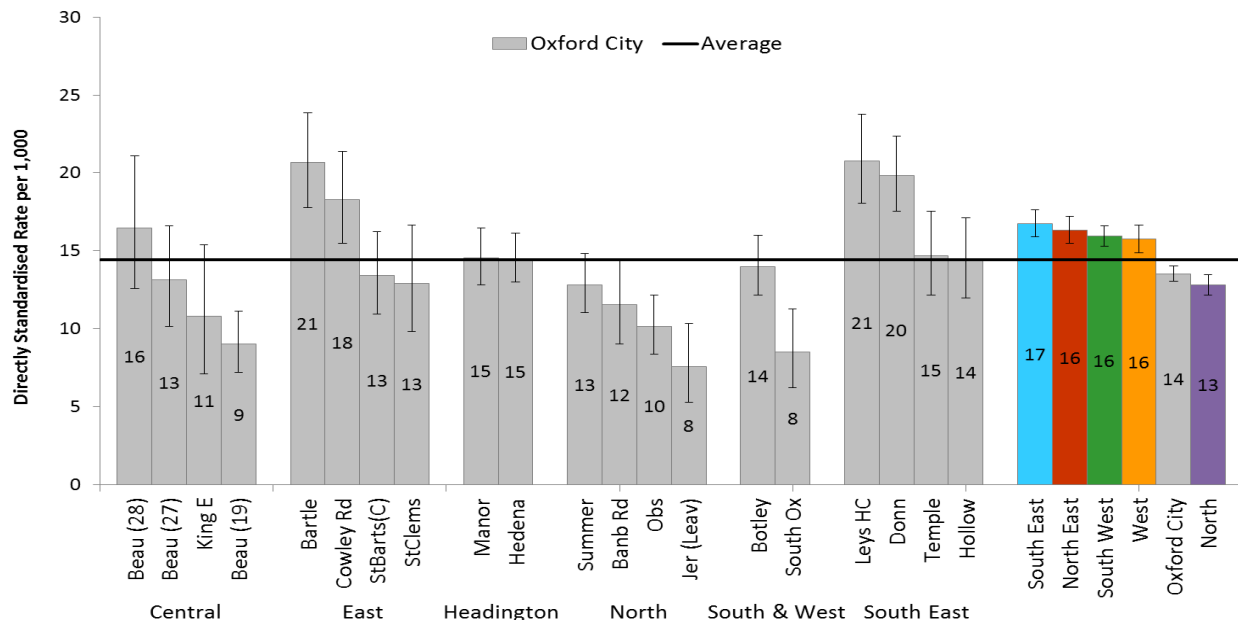
## Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



Luther Street excluded due to low population

Source: SUS Data as at March 2018  
Population Data: April 2018

# First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Gynaecology Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018

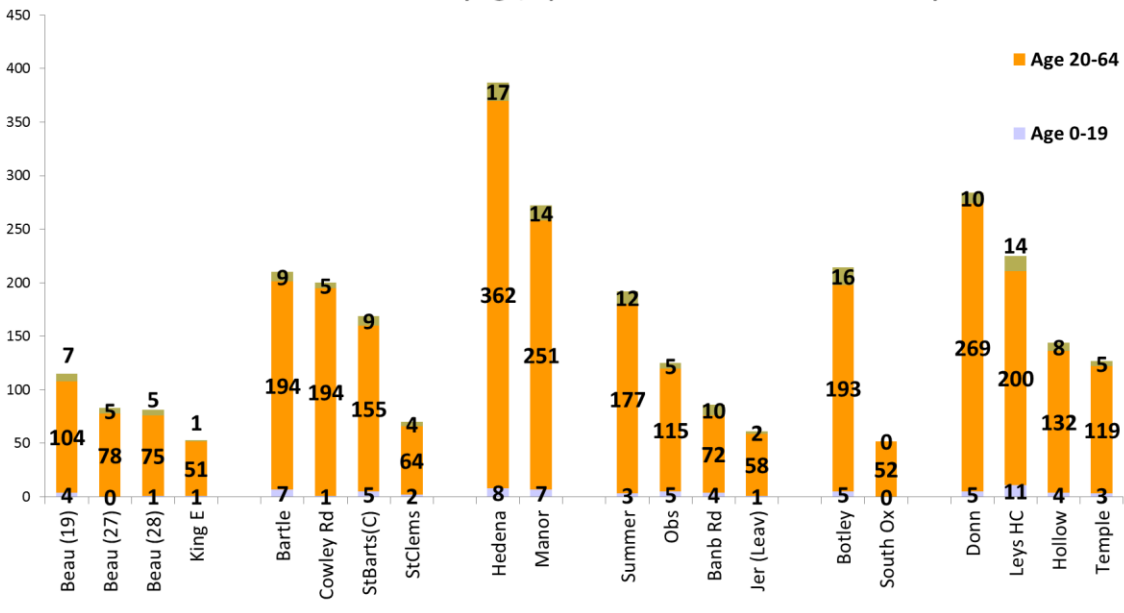


## Notes about the data

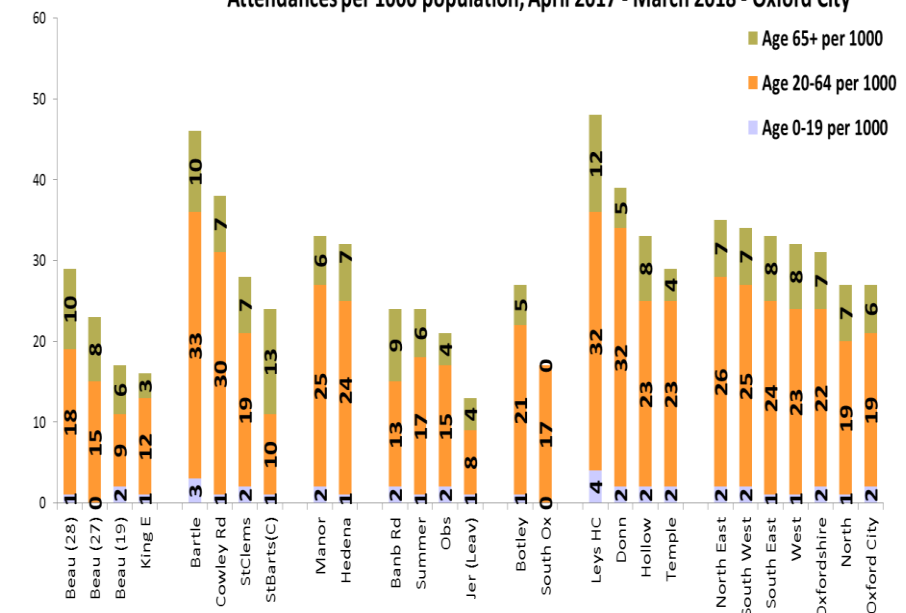
- The comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate per 1,000 of GP Referred First Outpatient appointments **Gynaecology** across the county for the period between April 2017 and March 2018. The chart demonstrates each individual practice rate as well as each locality rate and the CCG average.
- The chart to the left is the age-sex standardised Locality specific version.

The two charts at the bottom of the page from left to right demonstrate actual numbers and rate per 1,000 population of GP Referred first appointments for each individual practice, split by age group.

# First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Gynaecology Actual numbers by age, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City

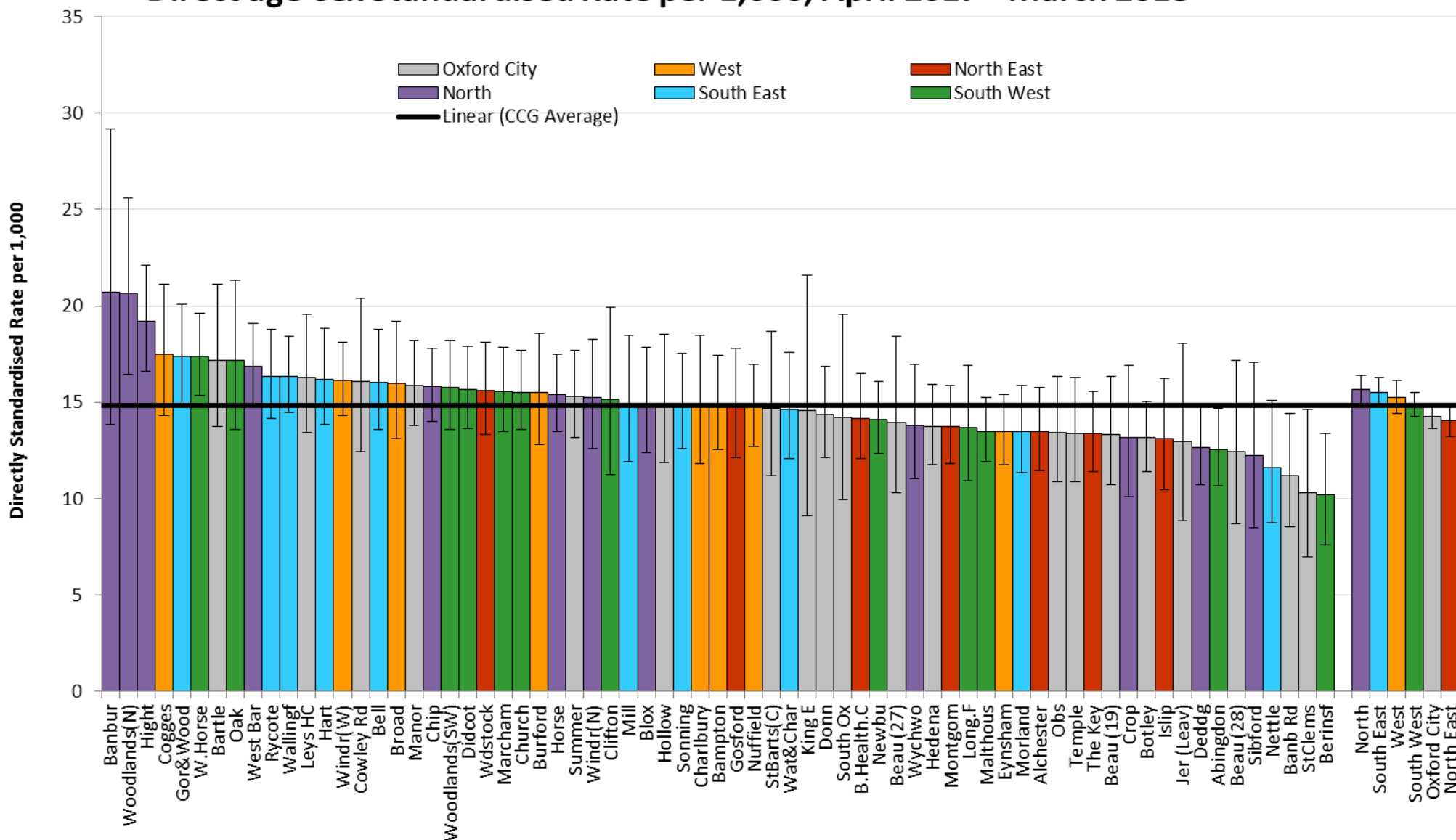


# First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Gynaecology Attendances per 1000 population, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



# First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Ophthalmology

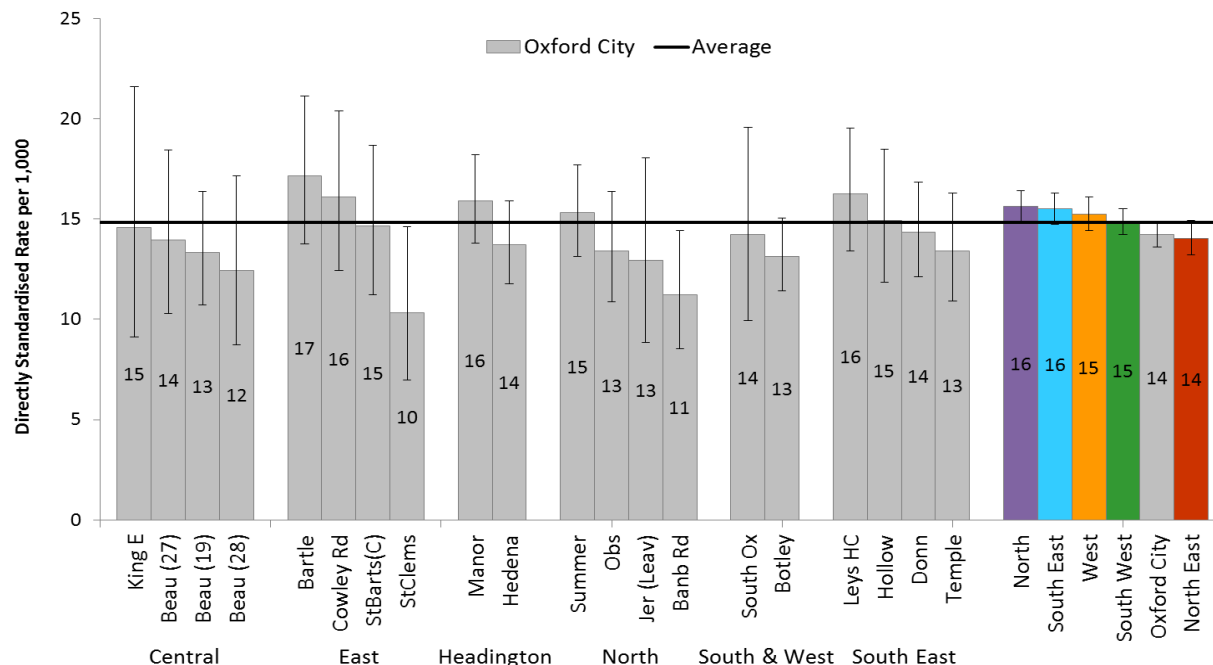
## Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



Source: SUS Data as at March 2018  
Population Data: April 2018

Luther Street excluded due to low population

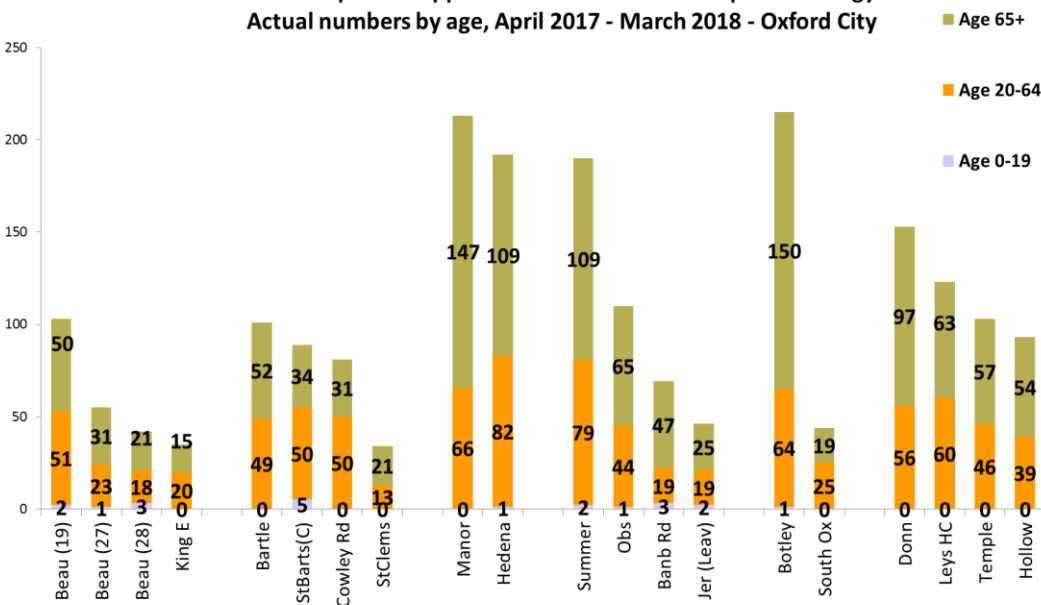
# First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Ophthalmology Direct age-sex Standardised Rate per 1,000, April 2017 - March 2018



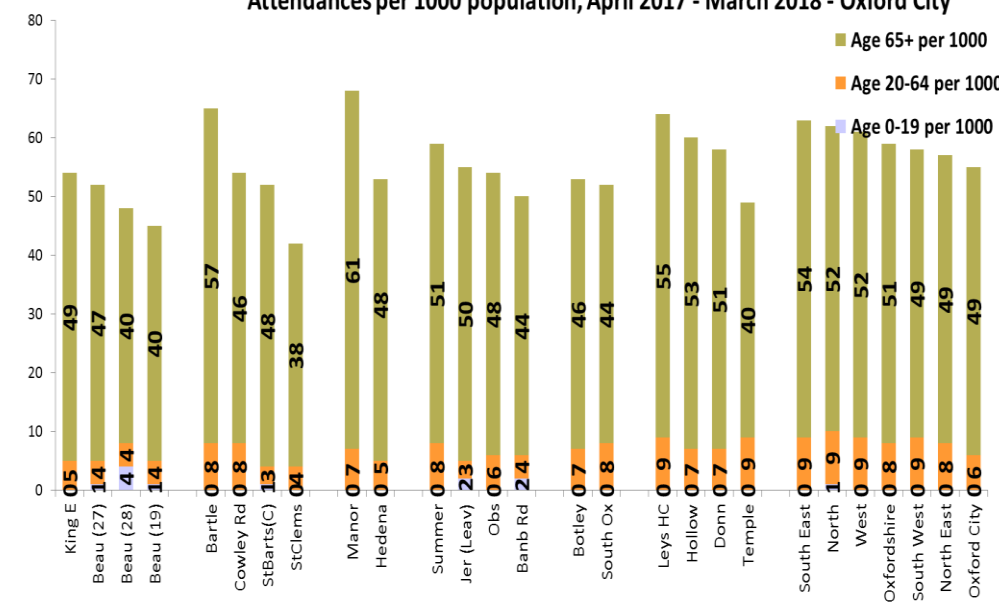
## Notes about the data

- The comparative chart on the previous page shows the age-sex standardised rate per 1,000 of GP Referred First Outpatient appointments **All Specialities** across the county for the period between April 2017 and March 2018. The chart demonstrates each individual practice rate as well as each locality rate and the CCG average.
- The chart to the left is the age-sex standardised Locality specific version.
- The two charts at the bottom of the page from left to right demonstrate actual numbers and rate per 1,000 population of GP Referred first appointments for each individual practice, split by age group.

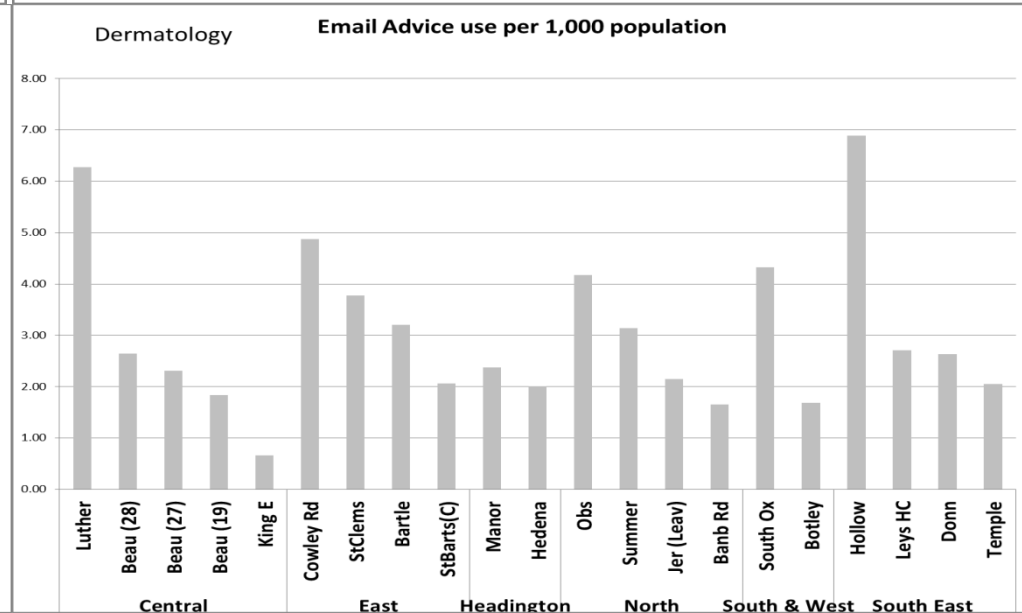
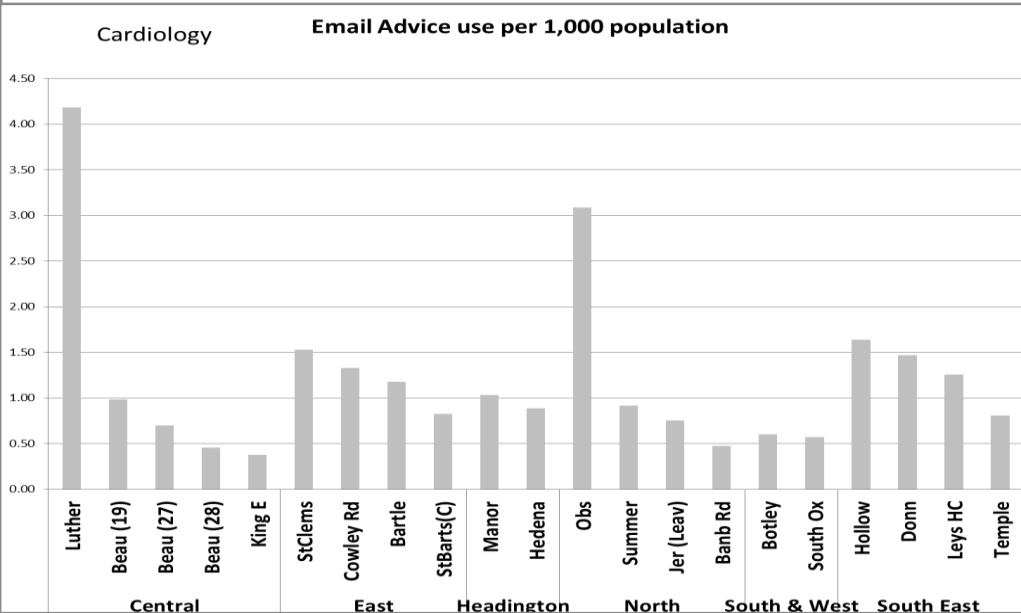
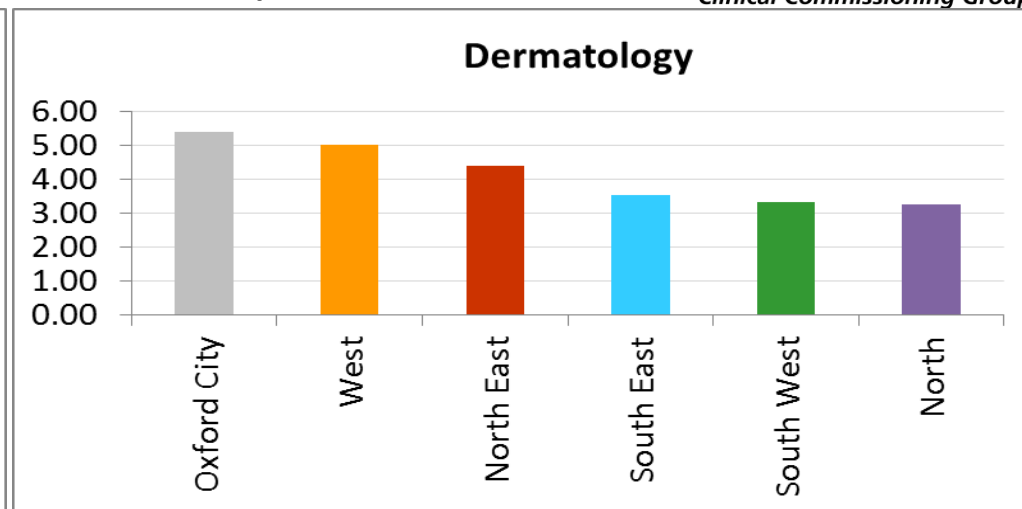
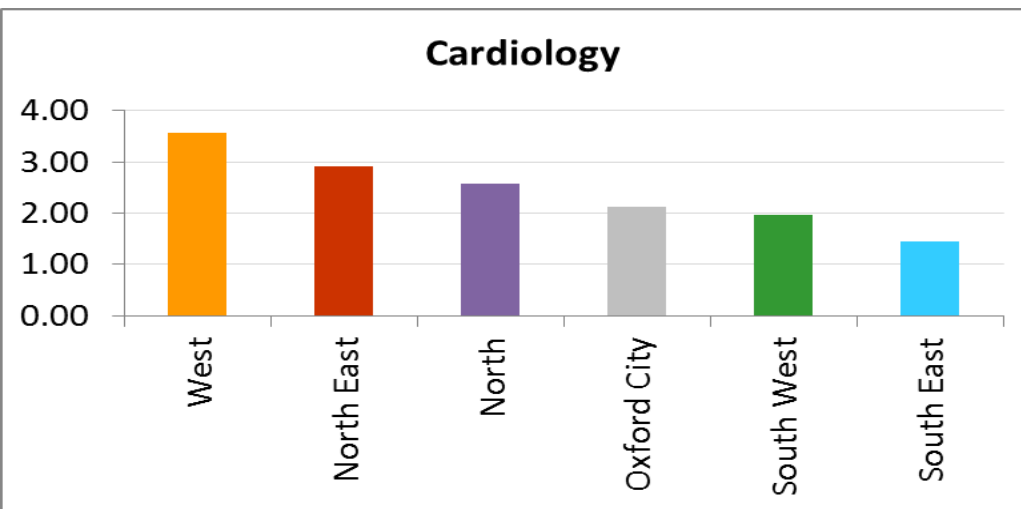
## First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Ophthalmology Actual numbers by age, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



## First Outpatient Appointments GP Referred - Ophthalmology Attendances per 1000 population, April 2017 - March 2018 - Oxford City



# Use of Email Advice 2017/18

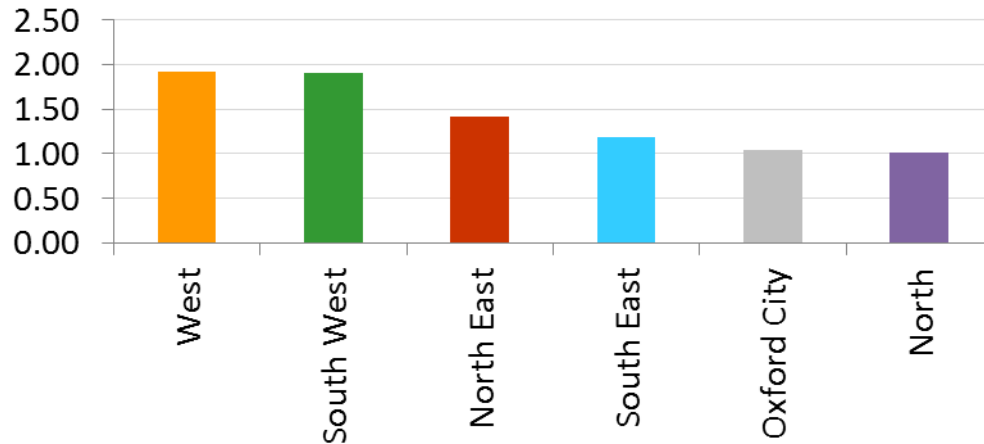


## Notes about the data

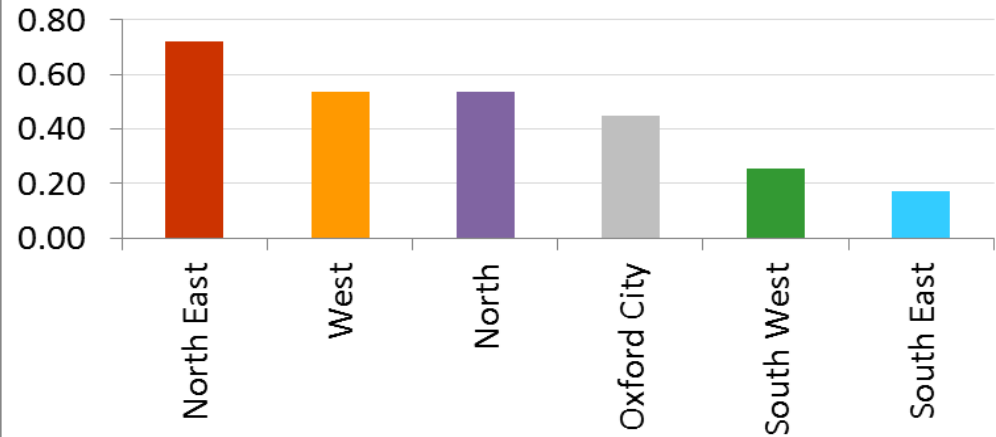
- The first chart shows the rate per 1000 population of new email advice requests made under each different treatment function codes for the period between April 2017 and March 2018, split by locality.
- The following chart shows the rate per 1000 population of email advice requests under each of these treatment functions, split by the practices in your locality.

# Use of Email Advice 2017/18

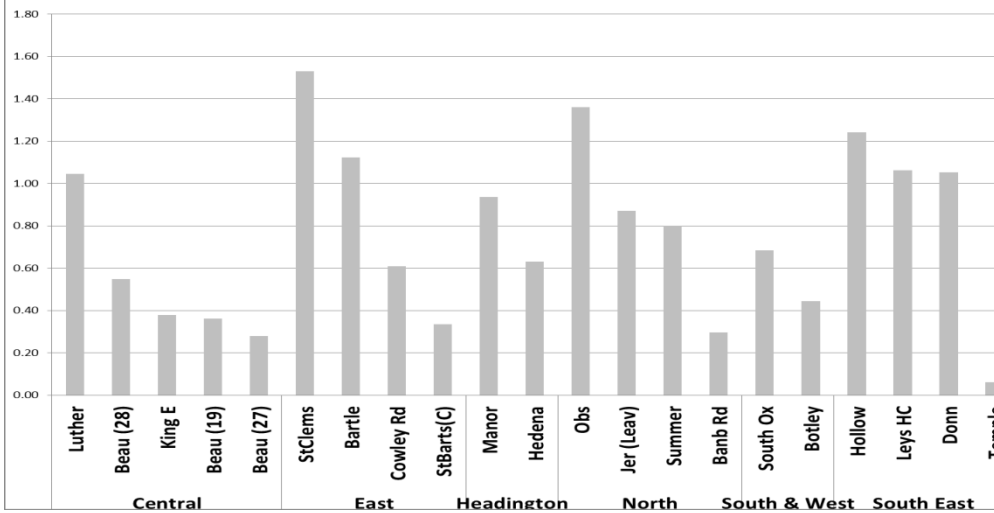
## Gastroenterology



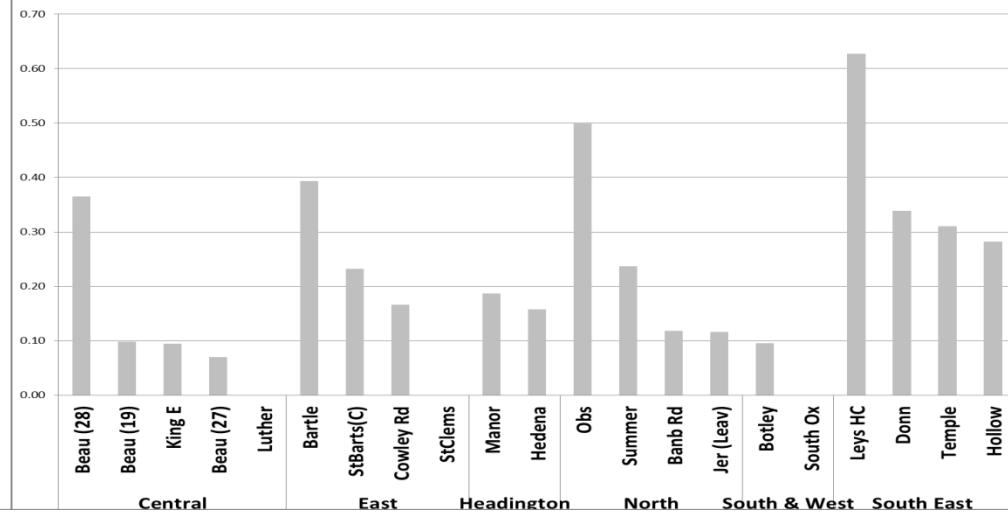
## Nephrology



### Gastroenterology Email Advice use per 1,000 population



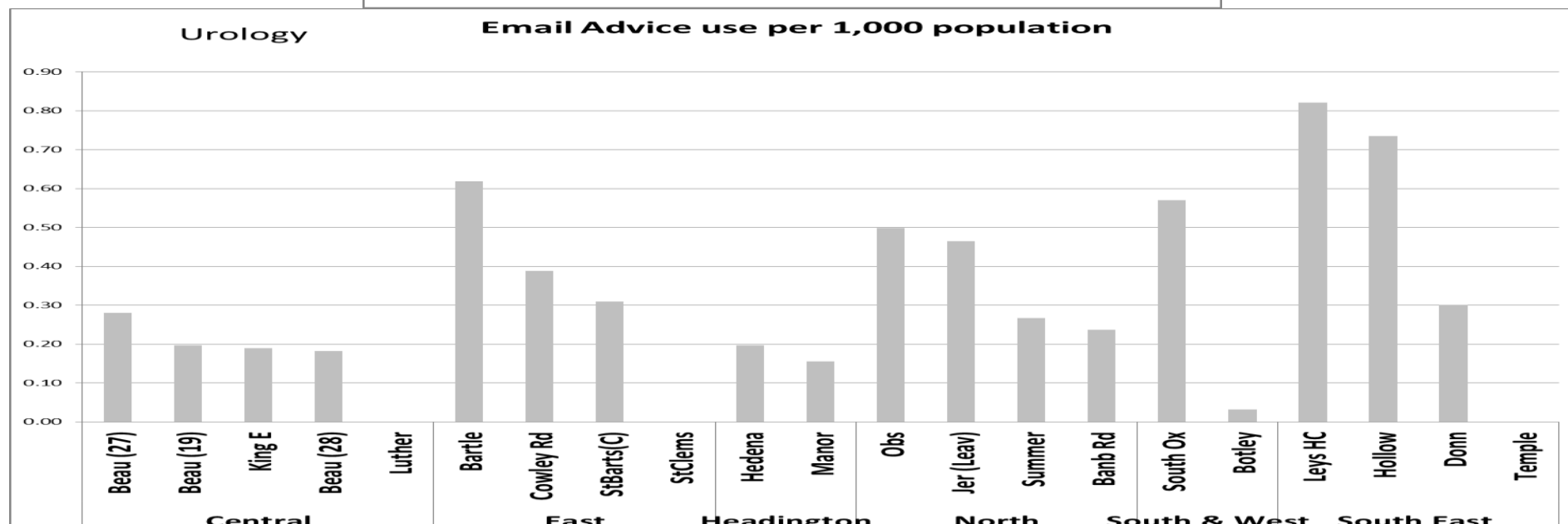
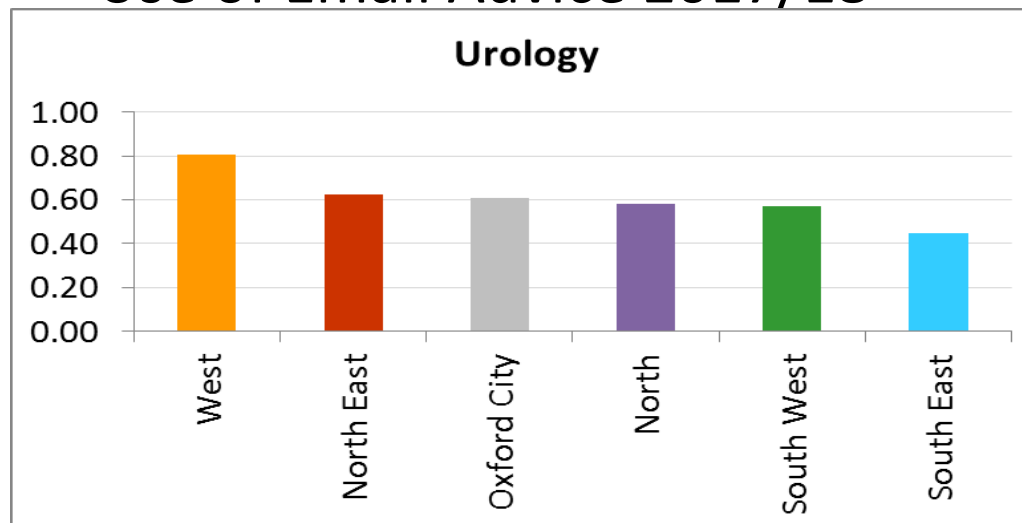
### Nephrology Email Advice use per 1,000 population



### Notes about the data

- The first chart shows the rate per 1000 population of new email advice requests made under each different treatment function codes for the period between April 2017 and March 2018, split by locality.
- The following chart shows the rate per 1000 population of email advice requests under each of these treatment functions, split by the practices in your locality.

# Use of Email Advice 2017/18

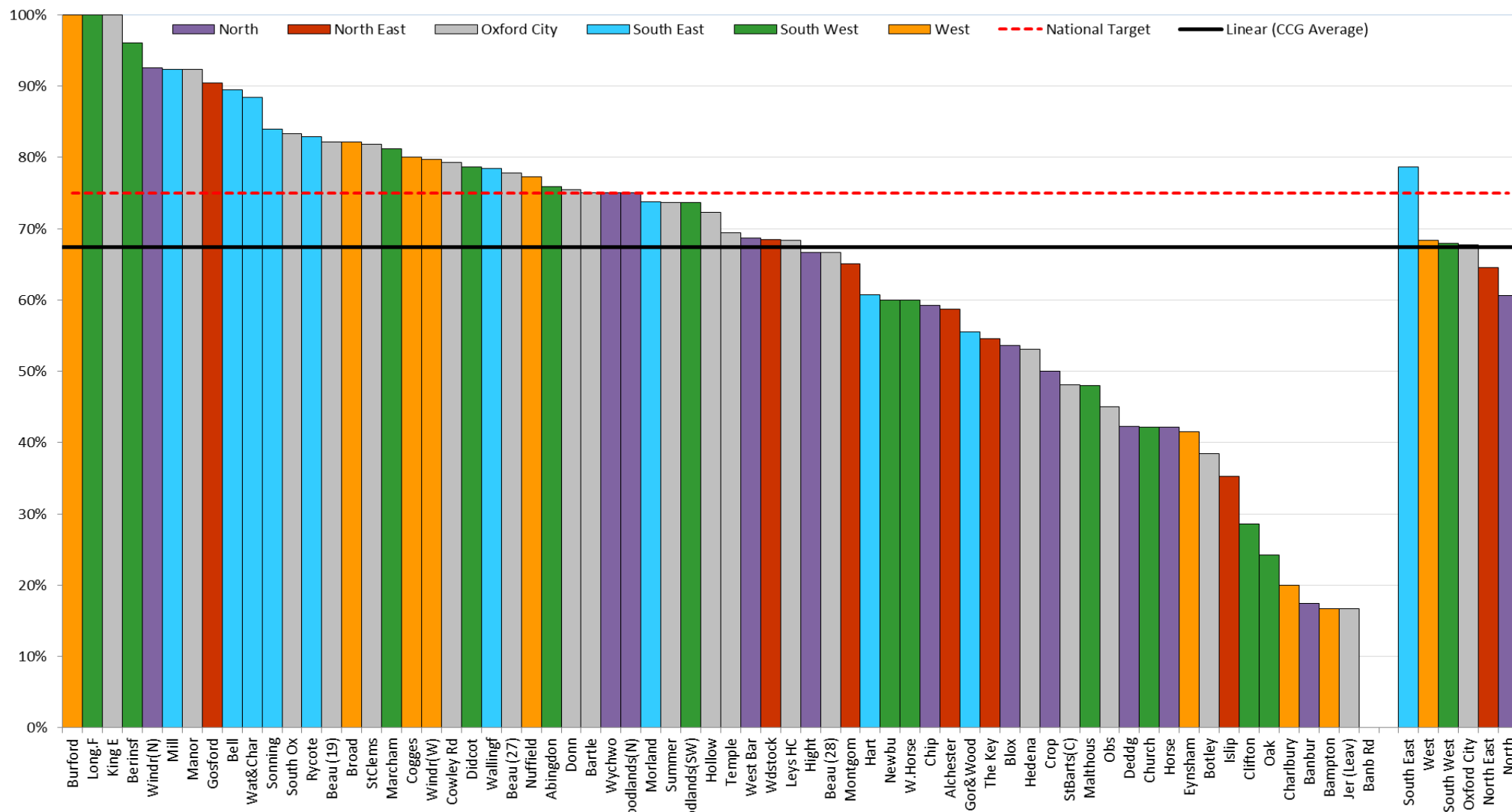


## Notes about the data

- The first chart shows the rate per 1000 population of new email advice requests made under each different treatment function codes for the period between April 2017 and March 2018, split by locality.
- The following chart shows the rate per 1000 population of email advice requests under each of these treatment functions, split by the practices in your locality.

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## % of Patients on Learning Disabilities Register Received a Learning Disabilities Health Check in 2017/18



Lettlebed Surgery, Bicester Health Centre and Sibford Surgery excluded as these practices do not use EMIS  
 uther Street excluded due to having 0 patients on Learning Disabilities Register

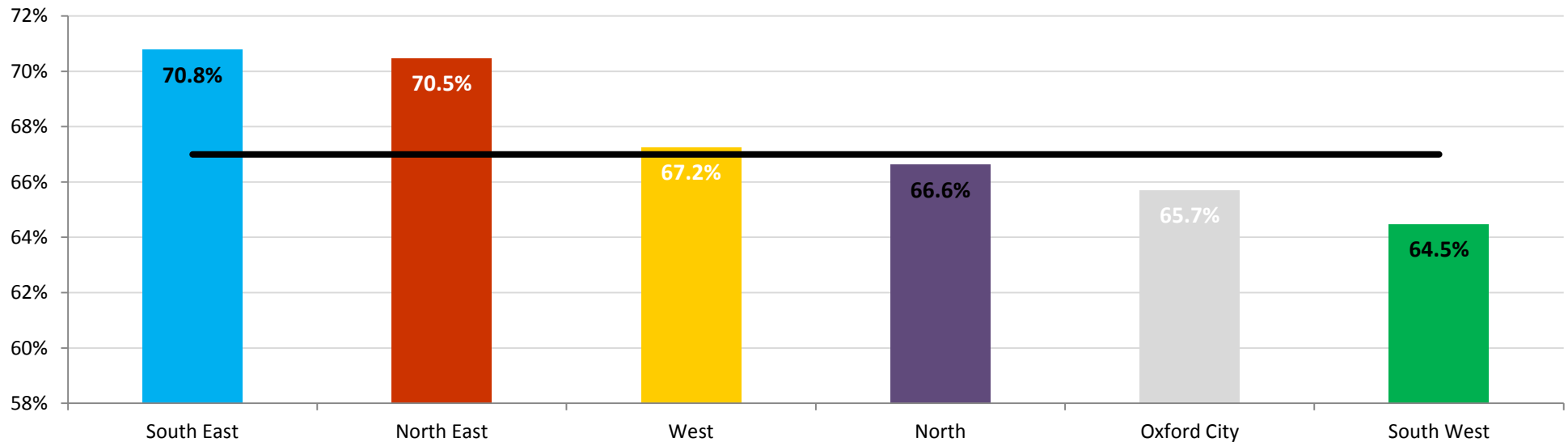
Source: EMIS Data as at March 2018  
 Learning Disabilities Register: QOF March 2018

# City Locality Patients on Learning Disabilities Register and Annual Health Checks March 2018

Practice	Number of Patients on the register	Annual Health Checks Completed
Beaumont St (19)	28	23
Beaumont St (27)	9	7
Beaumont St (28)	6	4
King Edward St	2	2
Luther St	0	0
St Bartholemews Medical Centre	54	26
Bartlemas Surgery	32	24
Cowley Rd Medical Practice	29	23
St Clements Surgery	11	9
Hedena Health Centre	81	43
Manor Surgery	78	72
Observatory Medical Practice	20	9
Summertown Medical Group	19	14
Jericho Health Centre (Leaver)	12	2
Banbury Rd Medical Centre	8	1
Botley Medical Centre	39	15
South Oxford Health Centre	12	10
Hollow Way Medical Centre	94	68
Leys Health Centre	60	41
Donnington Medical Centre	57	43
Temple Cowley Health Centre	36	25

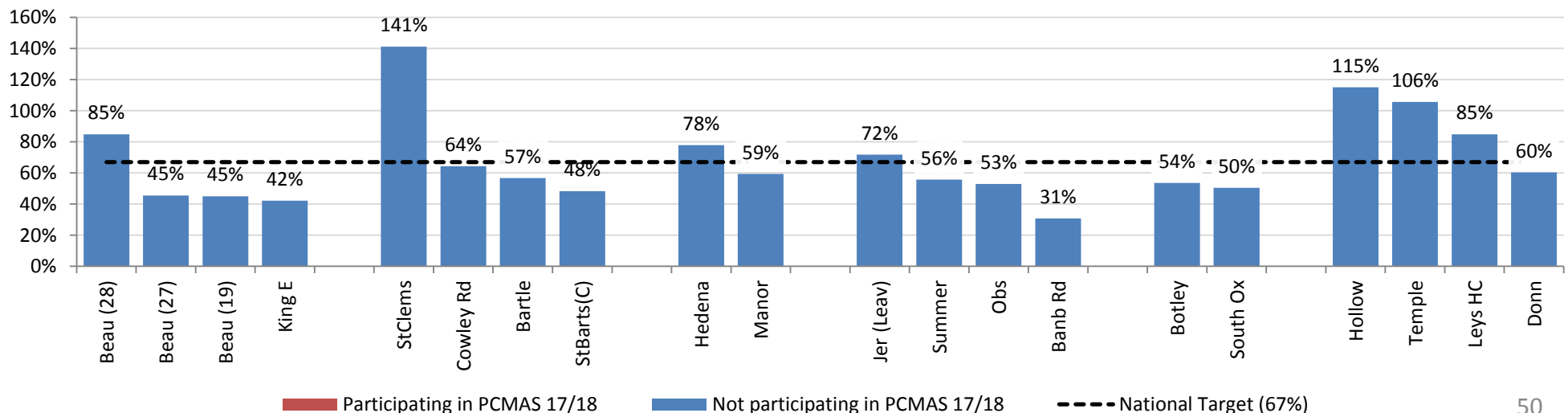
# Dementia Diagnosis Rates 17/18

Based on Estimated Prevalence



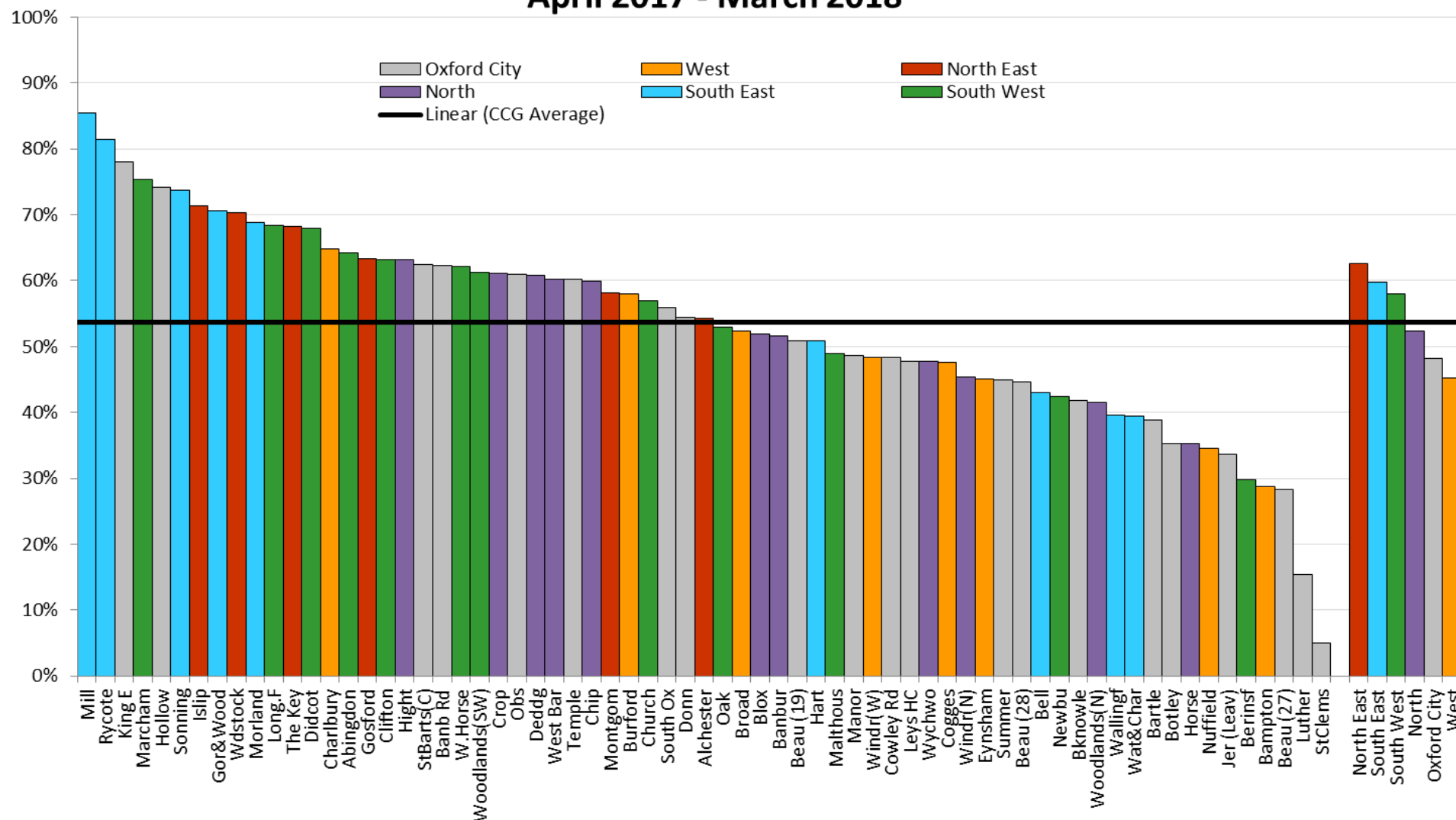
# Achievement Rate 17/18

Based on Estimated Prevalence



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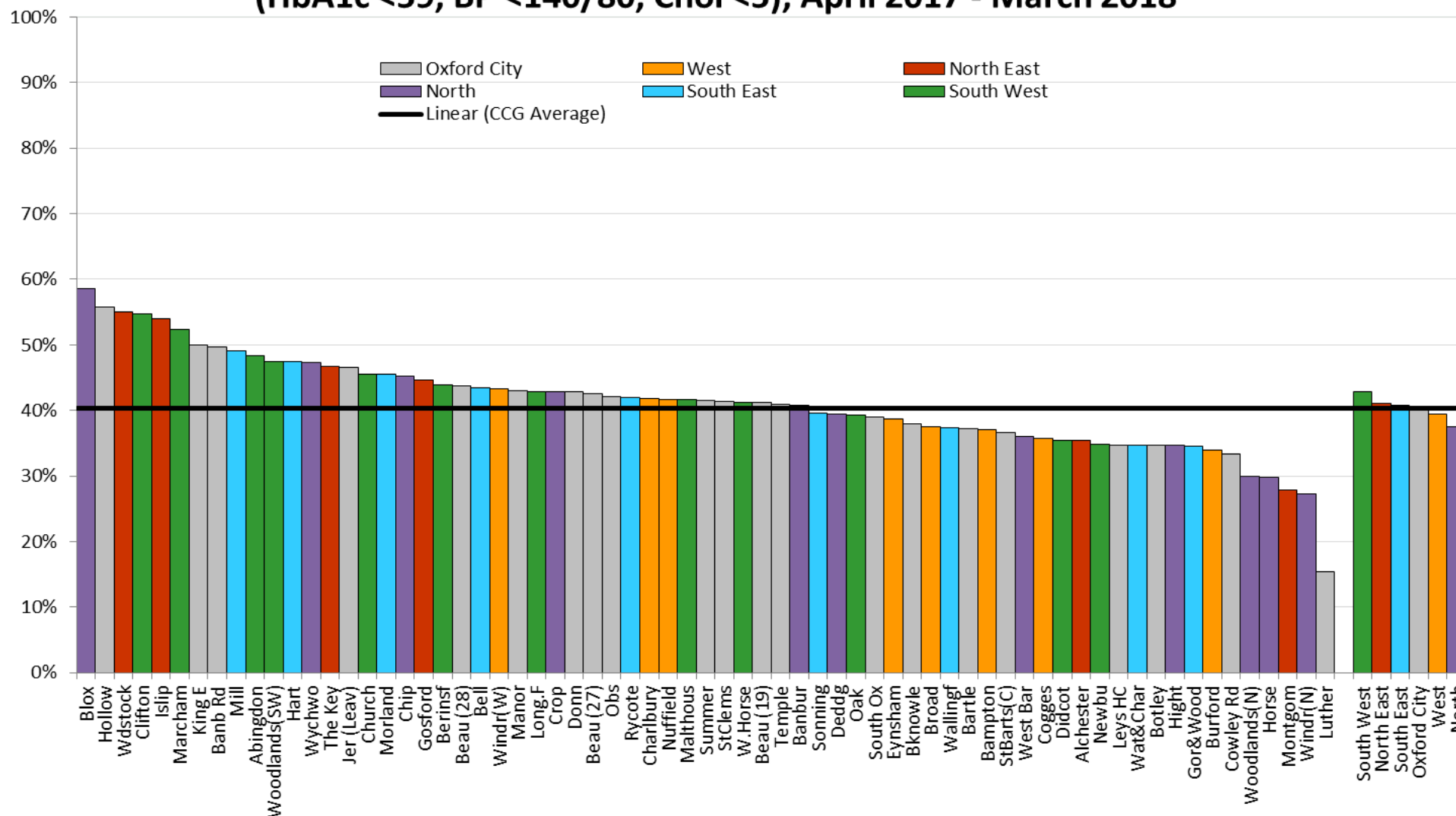
## Percentage of Type 2 Diabetics Receiving 8 Key Care Processes, April 2017 - March 2018



Source: EMIS Data as at March 2018

Nettlebed Surgery, Bicester Health Centre and Sibford Surgery excluded as these practices do not use EMIS

## Percentage of Type 2 Diabetics Reaching Triple Target (HbA1c <59, BP <140/80, Chol <5), April 2017 - March 2018



Nettlebed Surgery, Bicester Health Centre and Sibford  
Surgery excluded as these practices do not use EMIS

Source: EMIS Data as at March 2018

## 2018 Practice Commissioning Packs – notes about the data

### Practice Populations

Total populations are as at 1st April 2018 for Practices within Oxfordshire Clinical Commissioning Group (Figures exclude armed forces and prisoners).

### Data Sources

Data provided in the Outpatients, Emergency Admissions and A&E/MIU sections are all from SUS (Secondary Uses Services). SUS data comes directly from the Providers' systems. It is at patient level and gives information about the care that patients receive at NHS Acute Hospitals.

Other data sources are used within the packs as follows:

Email Advice – SLAM (Service Level Agreement Monitoring). This is the data submitted by Acute Providers to show performance against their contract.

Out of Hours data – supplied by Oxford Health NHS Foundation Trust

Mental Health Referrals – National Mental Health Dataset (MHSDS)

Flu immunisation data – Immform

Dementia data – NHS England secondary analysis of the QOF monthly dementia register data published by the HSCIC

### Email Advice

- Data Source: SLAM (Service Level Agreement Monitoring)
- Count of the number of email advice requests made by GP Practices and presented by Specialty.
- Presented by Practice / Locality per 1,000 population

### Mental Health Referrals

- Data not available due to issues CSU have had in being able to access the correct datasets.

## **Points to note about the activity data:**

The period covered is April 2017 to March 2018 unless otherwise stated.

### **Outpatient appointments**

- Data Source: SUS.
- These charts show GP referred first outpatient attendances. These are appointments which are coded as having been referred by a GP, and can be one of the following:
  - Consultant-led first appointment
  - An Outpatient Procedure, for example when a procedure is carried out as part of a first appointment
- Non Face-to-Face (Non-F2F) appointments and e-mail advice excluded. There may be insignificant residual Non-F2F activity in the T&O, Ophthalmology, gynaecology and ENT specialty specific charts
- This methodology is slightly different from previous years to ensure a more relevant and consistent measure across the localities. Data is not therefore directly comparable with last year's pack

### **Out of Hours GP Service data**

- Data Source: Oxford Health NHS Foundation Trust
- This is a count of the number of "contacts". A contact can either be a telephone call, a telephone call followed by a visit to the Out of Hours Centre, or a telephone call followed by a home visit.
- The data has been checked to make sure that it does not contain duplicates.
- The Rycote Practice and its population have not been included in the OOH GP charts as its patients are referred to the Bucks Out of Hours service. Currently we do not have data for that service. PCSE did not respond to requests for data on actual transfers.

### **JSNA 2018**

The Joint Strategic Needs Assessment provides information about Oxfordshire's population and the factors affecting health, wellbeing, and social care needs. It brings together information from different sources and partners to create a shared evidence base, which supports service planning, decision-making, and delivery.

<http://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/joint-strategic-needs-assessment>

## A&E Activity Definitions

A&E, in this context means all types of A&E provision including Type 1, Type 2, Type 3, Type 4 department and urgent care centres that average more than 50 attendances per week. This average should be calculated over a quarter.

Types of A&E service are:

Type 1 A&E department = A consultant led 24 hour service with full resuscitation facilities and designated accommodation for the reception of accident and emergency patients

Type 2 A&E department = A consultant led single specialty accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmology, dental) with designated accommodation for the reception of patients

Type 3 A&E department / Type 4 A&E department / Urgent Care Centre = Other type of A&E/minor injury units (MIUs)/Walk-in Centres (WiCs)/Urgent Care Centre, primarily designed for the receiving of accident and emergency patients. A type 3 department may be doctor led or nurse led. It may be co-located with a major A&E or sited in the community. A defining characteristic of a service qualifying as a type 3 department is that it treats at least minor injuries and illnesses (sprains for example) and can be routinely accessed without appointment. An appointment based service (for example an outpatient clinic) or one mainly or entirely accessed via telephone or other referral (for example most out of hours services), or a dedicated primary care service (such as GP practice or GP-led health centre) is not a type 3 A&E service even though it may treat a number of patients with minor illness or injury.

<https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2013/03/EC-Weekly-Sitrep-Definitions-v1.0.doc>